CITY OF JOICE CODE OF ORDINANCES

2020

CODIFIED BY: NORTH IOWA AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS 525 6th STREET SW MASON CITY, IOWA 50401

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS......1

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS.....1

- 1-1-1 Definitions
- 1-1-2 Grammatical Interpretation
- 1-1-3 Prohibited Acts Include Causing, Permitting
- 1-1-4 Construction
- Amendment 1-1-5
- Severability 1-1-6
- Catchlines, Titles, Headings and Notes 1-1-7
- 1-1-8 Amendments to Code, Effect of New Ordinances, Amendatory Language

CHAPTER 2 RIGHT OF ENTRY......5

1 - 2 - 1Right of Entry

1-3-1 **General Penalty**

- Civil Penalty Municipal Infraction 1-3-2
- 1-3-3 Scheduled Fines

CHAPTER 4 PROCEDURE FOR HEARINGS BY

- THE CITY COUNCIL.....9 1-4-1 Purpose and Intent
- 1 4 2General
- 1-4-3 Form of Notice of Hearing
- 1-4-4 Subpoenas
- 1-4-5 Conduct of Hearing
- 1-4-6 Method and Form of Decision

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION......12 CHAPTER 1 CITY CHARTER......12

- 2-1-1 Charter
- 2-1-2 Form of Government
- 2 1 3Powers and Duties
- Number and Term of City Council 2-1-4
- 2-1-5 Term of Mayor
- 2-1-6 Copies on File

CHAPTER 2 QUALIFICATIONS OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS......13

2-2-1 Creation of Appointive Officers 2-2-2 Appointment of Officers 2-2-3 Terms of Appointive Officers 2-2-4 Vacancies in Offices 2-2-5 **Bonds Required** 2 - 2 - 6Surety 2-2-7 **Blanket Position Bond** 2-2-8 Bonds Filed 2-2-9 Boards and Commission

POWERS AND DUTIES OF CHAPTER 3 MUNICIPAL OFFICERS......15

- 2 3 1General Duties
- 2-3-2 Books and Records
- 2-3-3 Deposits of Municipal Funds
- 2-3-4 Transfer of Records and Property To Successor
- 2-3-5 Powers and Duties of the Mayor
- 2-3-6 Powers and Duties of the Clerk
- 2-3-7 Powers and Duties of the Treasurer
- 2-3-8 Powers and Duties of the City Attorney
- 2 3 9Powers and Duties of the Superintendent of Public Utilities
- Powers and Duties of the Superintendent of Public 2-3-10 Works
- 2-3-11 Powers and Duties of the Fire Chief

CHAPTER 4 SALARIES OF MUNICIPAL

- 2-4-1 Council Member
- 2 4 2Mavor
- 2 4 3Mayor Pro Tem
- Other Officers 2 - 4 - 4

CHAPTER 5 CITY FINANCE......25

- 2-5-1 **Budget Adoption**
- 2-5-2 **Budget Amendment**
- 2-5-3 Accounts and Programs
- 2-5-4 Annual Report
- 2-5-5 **Council Transfers**
- 2-5-6 **Budget Officer**
- 2-5-7 Accounting
- 2-5-8 **Budget Accounts**
- 2-5-9 Contingency Accounts

- 2-6-1 Purpose
- 2-6-2 Listing; Length of Notice
- 2-6-3 Removing Notice Unlawful

- 2-7-1 Purpose
- 2-7-2 Nominating Method to be Used
- 2-7-3 Nominations by Petition
- 2 7 4Adding Name by Petition
- 2 7 5Preparation of Petition
- 2-7-6 Filing, Presumption, Withdrawals, Objections
- 2 7 7Persons Elected

CHAPTER 8 POLICE DEPARTMENT......31

2 - 8 - 1Contract Law Enforcement

- 2 9 1Powers and Duties
- 2-9-2 Exercise of Power
- 2-9-3 Meetings

APPOINTMENT AND

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION......35

- 3-1-1 Violations of Chapter3-1-2 Public Peace
- 3-1-3 Public Morals-Indecent Exposure
- 3-1-4 Public Morals-Urinating and Defecating
- 3-1-4 Streets
- 3-1-5 Public Safety and Health
- 3-1-6 Public Property

CHAPTER 2 NUISANCES......41

- 3-2-1 Definitions
- 3-2-2 Nuisances Prohibited
- 3-2-3 Other Conditions Regulated
- 3-2-4 Notice to Abate Nuisance or Condition
- 3-2-5 Contents of Notice to Abate
- 3-2-6 Method of Service
- 3-2-7 Request for Hearing and Appeal
- 3-2-8 Abatement in Emergency
- 3-2-9 Abatement by Municipality
- 3-2-10 Collection of Cost of Abatement
- 3-2-11 Installment Payment of Cost of Abatement
- 3-2-12 Condemnation of Nuisance

CHAPTER 3 TRAFFIC CODE......46

- 3-3-1 Short Title
- 3-3-2 Definitions
- 3-3-3 Traffic Accident Reports

ENFORCEMENT AND OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

- 3-3-4 Authority of Police and Fire Department Officials
- 3-3-5 Required Obedience to Provisions of this Chapter and State Law

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 3-3-6 Authority to Install Traffic-Control Devices
- 3-3-7 Chief of Police to Designate Crosswalks, Establish, and Mark Traffic Lanes
- 3-3-8 Play Streets

TURNING MOVEMENTS

- 3-3-9 Turning Markers, Buttons and Signs
- 3-3-10 Authority to Place Restricted Turn Signs
- 3-3-11 Obedience to No-Turn Signs
- 3-3-12 "U" Turns

ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS

- 3-3-13 Authority to Designate One-Way Streets and Alleys
- 3-3-14 Authority to Restrict Direction of Movement on Streets During Certain Periods

SPECIAL STOPS REQUIRED

- 3-3-15 Authority to Erect Stop Signs
- 3-3-16 Stops at Intersecting Through Highways and Other Intersections
- 3-3-17 Stop When Traffic is Obstructed
- 3-3-18 School Stops

METHOD OF PARKING

- 3-3-19 Standing or Parking Close to Curb
- 3-3-20 Angle Parking
- 3-3-21 Obedience to Angle Parking Signs or Markings

STOPPING, STANDING, OR PARKING PROHIBITED IN SPECIFIED PLACES

- 3-3-24 Stopping, Standing, or Parking Prohibited in Specified Places
- 3-3-23 Authority to Paint Curbs and Erect Signs Prohibiting Standing or Parking
- 3-3-24 Authority to Impound Vehicles

STOPPING, STANDING OR PARKING

- 3-3-25 Parking Signs Required
- 3-3-26 Parking During Snow Emergency
- 3-3-27 All-Night Parking Prohibited
- 3-3-28 Truck Parking Limited

MISCELLANEOUS DRIVING RULES

- 3-3-29 Vehicles Not to Be Driven on Sidewalks
- 3-3-30 Clinging to Vehicles
- 3-3-31 Parking for Certain Purposes Prohibited
- 3-3-32 Driving Through Funeral or Other Procession
- 3-3-33 Drivers in A Procession
- 3-3-34 Funeral Processions to be Identified
- 3-3-35 Load Restrictions Upon Vehicles Using Certain Streets
- 3-3-36 Truck Routes.
- 3-3-37 Vehicular Noise
- 3-3-38 Engine and Compression Brakes

BICYCLE REGULATIONS

- 3-3-39 Definitions
- 3-3-40 Traffic Code Applies to Persons Riding Bicycles
- 3-3-41 Riding on Bicycles
- 3-3-42 Riding on Roadways and Bicycle Paths
- 3-3-43 Speed
- 3-3-44 Emerging From Alley or Driveway
- 3-3-45 Carrying Articles
- 3-3-46 Parking
- 3-3-47 Riding on Sidewalks
- 3-3-48 Lamps and Other Equipment on Bicycles

SNOWMOBILES

- 3-3-49 Snowmobile Definitions.
- 3-3-50 Permitted Areas of Operation
- 3-3-51 Regulations
- 3-3-52 Equipment Required
- 3-3-53 Unattended Vehicles
- 3-3-54 Restriction of Operation
- 3-3-55 Traffic Regulation

OFF-ROAD VEHICLES

- 3-3-56 Definitions
- 3-3-57 Operation of Off-Road Vehicles

GOLF CARTS

- 3-3-58 Definitions
- 3-3-59 Operation of Golf Carts

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE

- 3-3-60 Citation Placed on Illegally Parked Vehicle
- 3-3-61 Presumption in Reference to Illegal Parking
- 3-3-62 Local Parking Fines
- 3-3-63 Failure to Pay Parking Citations

CHAPTER 4 RAILROAD REGULATION......64

- 3-4-1 Definitions
- 3-4-2 Warning Signals
- 3-4-3 Street Crossing Signs and Devices
- 3-4-4 Street Crossing Obstructions
- 3-4-5 Maintenance of Crossings
- 3-4-6 Flying Switches

- Membership, Establishment and Purpose 3-5-1
- 3-5-2 Constitution
- 3-5-3 Accidental Injury Insurance

CHAPTER 6 ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES......67

- 3-6-1 Purpose
- 3-6-2 Required Obedience to Provisions of this Chapter and State Law
- 3-6-3 Action by Council
- 3-6-4 Transfers

CHAPTER 7 JUNK AND ABANDONED

VEHICLES......69

- 3-7-1 Purpose
- 3-7-2 Definitions
- 3-7-3 Removal of Abandoned Vehicles
- 3-7-4 Notification of Owners and Lienholders
- 3-7-5 Impoundment Fees and Bonds
- Hearing Procedures 3-7-6
- 3-7-7 Auction or Disposal of Abandoned Vehicles
- 3-7-8 Junk Vehicles Declared a Nuisance
- 3-7-9 Notice to Abate
- 3-7-10 Abatement by Municipality
- 3-7-11 Collection of Cost of Abatement
- 3-7-12 Exceptions
- 3-7-13 Interference with Enforcement

TITLE IV MENTAL AND PHYSICAL

- HEALTH......75 CHAPTER 1 ANIMAL CONTROL......75
- 4-1-1 Definitions
- 4-1-2 Immunization
- 4-1-3 At Large Prohibited
- 4-1-4 Animal Nuisances
- 4-1-5 Impounding
- 4-1-6 **Dangerous** Animals
- 4-1-7 Keeping a Vicious Dog or Cat
- 4-1-8 Kennel Dogs
- 4-1-9 Bothersome Animals, Livestock, Exotic Pets

TITLE V HUMAN DEVELOPMENT - EDUCATION AND CULTURE......78 CHAPTER 1 LIBRARY SERVICES......78

- 5-1-1 Public Library
- 5-1-2 Library Trustees
- 5-1-3 Qualifications of Trustees
- 5-1-4 Organization of the Board
- 5-1-5 Powers and Duties
- 5-1-6 Power to Contract with Others for the Use of the Library
- 5-1-7 Non-Resident Use of the Library
- Library Accounts 5-1-8
- 5-1-9 Annual Report
- 5-1-10 Injury to Books or Property
- 5-1-11 Theft
- 5-1-12 Notice Posted

- 5-2-1 Purpose
- 5-2-2 Use of Drives Required
- 5-2-3 Fires
- 5-2-4 Littering
- 5-2-5 Camping
- 5-2-6 Parks Closed
- 5-2-7 Special Use by Groups

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT					83
СНАР	TER	1	STREET	CUTS	AND
EXCAVATIONS83					
6-1-1	Exca	vation Per	rmit Required		

- 6-1-2 Application for Permit
- 6-1-3 Permit Fees
- 6-1-4 Safety Measures
- 6-1-5 Backfilling and Restoration
- 6-1-6 **Rules and Regulations**

CHAPTER 2 UTILITIES SANITARY SEWER

- 6-2-1 Definitions
- 6-2-2 Use of Public Sewers Required
- 6-2-3 Private Sewage Disposal
- 6-2-4 **Building Sewers and Connections**
- 6-2-5 Use of the Sanitary Sewers
- 6-2-6 Protection from Damage
- 6-2-7 Powers and Authority of Superintendent
- 6-2-8 Infractions
- 6-2-9 Misdemeanor Penalties

CHAPTER 3 UTILITIES – WATER SYSTEM......93

- 6-3-1 Enforcement
- 6-3-2 Adoption of State Plumbing Code
- 6-3-3 Requirements
- Mandatory Connections 6-3-4
- 6-3-5 Permit
- 6-3-6 Fee for Permit
- Water Supply Control 6-3-7
- 6-3-8 Making the Connection
- 6-3-9 Excavations
- 6-3-10 Inspection and Approval
- 6-3-11 Completion by the City
- 6-3-12 Meter Accuracy and Test
- 6-3-13 Owners to Protect Meters

CHAPTER 4 UTILITIES REFUSE

6-4-1 Definitions

6-4-2 Duty to Provide Cans

- 6-4-3 Administration
- 6-4-4 Storage and Collections
- Necessity of Permits 6-4-5
- 6-4-6 **Burning of Refuse**
- 6-4-7 Refuse Other Than Garbage
- 6-4-8 Burning of Yard Waste
- 6-4-9 Sanitary Landfill
- 6-4-10 Anti-Scavenging

5 CHAPTER UTILITIES BILLING _

- 6-5-1 Utility Defined
- 6-5-2 Districts
- 6-5-3 Disposition of Fees and Charges
- 6-5-4 Billing, Penalty
- 6-5-5 **Discontinuing Services**, Fees
- 6-5-6 **Residential Rental Property**
- 6-5-7 **Customer Guarantee Deposits**
- 6-5-8 Water Rates
- 6-5-9 **Refuse Collection Rates**
- 6-5-10 Rate of Sewer Rent and Manner of Payment
- 6-5-11 Determination and Payment of Sewer Rent From Premises With No Meter and/or Private Water Systems

CHAPTER 6 SIDEWALK REGULATIONS......103

- 6-6-1 Purpose
- 6-6-2 Definitions
- 6-6-3 Cleaning Snow, Ice, and Accumulations
- 6-6-4 Maintenance Responsibility
- 6-6-5 Liability of Abutting Owner
- 6-6-6 Ordering Sidewalk Improvements
- 6-6-7 Repairing Defective Sidewalks
- Notice of Inability to Repair or Barricade 6-6-8
- 6-6-9 Standard Sidewalk Specifications
- 6-6-10 Permits for Construction or Removal
- Failure to Obtain Permit; Remedies 6-6-11
- 6-6-12 Inspection and Approval
- 6-6-13 Barricades and Warning Lights
- 6-6-14 Interference with Sidewalk Improvements
- 6-6-15 Special Assessments for Construction and Repair
- 6-6-16 Notice of Assessment for Repair or Cleaning Costs
- 6-6-17 Hearing and Assessment
- 6-6-18 Billing and Certifying to County
- 6-6-19 ADAAG Compliance

CHAPTER 7 TREES......108

- 6-7-1 Purpose
- 6-7-2 Definitions
- 6-7-3 **Planting Restrictions**
- 6-7-4 Duty to Trim Trees
- 6-7-5 Assessment
- 6-7-6 Trimming Trees to be Supervised
- 6-7-7 Removal of Trees

CHAPTER 8 DANGEROUS BUILDINGS......110

- 6-8-1 Enforcement Officer
- 6-8-2 General Definition of Unsafe
- 6-8-3 **Unsafe Building**
- 6-8-4 Notice to Owner
- 6-8-5 Conduct of Hearing
- 6-8-6 Posting of Signs
- 6-8-7 Right to Demolish
- 6-8-8 Costs

CHAPTER 9 BUILDING AND LAND USE

REGULATIONS......113 6-9-1 Purpose

- 6-9-2 Permit Required
- 6-9-3 Application
- 6-9-4 Fees
- 6-9-5 Amendments
- 6-9-6 Application Approved
- 6-9-7 Restrictions
- 6-9-8 Condition of the Permit
- 6-9-9 Posting of Permit
- 6-9-10 Revocation
- 6-9-11 Permit Void
- 6-9-12 Restricted Residence District
- 6-9-13 Prohibited Use
- 6-9-14 Notice Requirements
- 6-9-15 Front Yard Requirements
- 6-9-16 Side Yard Requirements
- 6-9-17 Rear Yard Requirements
- 6-9-18 Minimum Size of Dwelling Structure
- 6-9-19 Garages and Other Accessory Buildings
- 6-9-20 Fences
- 6-9-21 Existing Lots
- 6-9-22 Certifying Ordinances
- 6-9-23 Abatement of Violation

CHAPTER 10 VACATION AND DISPOSAL.....117

- 6-10-1 Power to Vacate
- 6-10-2 Notice of Vacation Hearing
- 6-10-3 Findings Required
- 6-10-4 Disposal of Streets or Alleys
- 6-10-5 Disposal by Gift Limited

CHAPTER 11 NUMBERING OF BUILDINGS......118

- 6-11-1 Buildings to be Numbered
- 6-11-2 Numbering System
- 6-11-3 Mandatory Numbering
- 6-11-4 Type of Numbers, Size
- 6-11-5 Enforcement

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES......119 CHAPTER 1 STREET AND SIDEWALK GRADES......119

- 7-1-1 Established Grades7-1-2 Record Maintained
- 7-1-2 Record Maintained

CHAPTER 2 NATURAL GAS FRANCHISE......120

CHAPTER 3 ELECTRIC FRANCHISE......121

CHAPTER 4 CABLE TELEVISION FRANCHISE......122

CHAPTER 5 URBAN RENEWAL.....123

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

1-1-1 Definitions

1-1-2 Grammatical Interpretation

- 1-1-3 Prohibited Acts Include Causing,
- Permitting
- 1-1-4 Construction

- 1-1-5 Amendment
- 1-1-6 Severability

1-1-7 Catchlines, Titles, Headings and Notes

1-1-8 Amendments to Code, Effect of New Ordinances, Amendatory Language

1-1-1 DEFINITIONS. The following words and phrases whenever used in the Ordinances of the City, shall be construed as defined in this section unless, from the context, a different meaning is intended or unless different meaning is specifically defined and more particularly directed to the use of such words or phrases:

1. "City" means the City of Joice, Iowa, or the area within the territorial limits of the City, and such territory outside of the City over which the City has jurisdiction or control by virtue of any constitutional or statutory provision;

2. "Clerk" means Clerk-Treasurer.

3. "Computation of time" means the time within which an act is to be done. It shall be computed by excluding the first day and including the last day; and if the last day is Sunday or a legal holiday, that day shall be excluded;

4. "Council" means the City Council of the City. All its members or all Council persons mean the total number of Council persons provided by the City charter under the general laws of the state;

5. "County" means the County of Worth, Iowa;

6. "Delegation of Authority" means whenever a provision appears requiring an officer of the City to do some act or make certain inspections, it is to be construed to authorize the officer to designate, delegate and authorize subordinates to perform the required act or make the required inspection unless the terms of the provision or section designate otherwise.

7. "Fiscal Year" means July 1 to June 30.

8. "Law" denotes applicable federal law, the Constitution and statutes of the State of Iowa, the Ordinances of the City; and when appropriate, any and all rules and regulations which may be promulgated thereunder;

9. "May" confers a power;

10. "Month" means a calendar month;

11. "Must" states a requirement;

12. "Oath" shall be construed to include an affirmative or declaration in all cases in which, by law, an affirmation may be substituted for an oath, and in such cases the words "affirm" and "affirmed" shall be equivalent to the words "swear" and "sworn";

13. "Or" may be read "and" and "and" may be read "or" if the sense requires it;

14. "Ordinance" means a law of the City; however, an administrative action, order or directive, may be in the form of a resolution;

15. "Owner" applied to a building or land includes any part owner, joint owner, tenant in common, joint tenant or tenant by the entirety, of the whole or part of such building or land;

16. "Person" means natural person, joint venture, joint stock company, partnership, association, club, company, corporation, business, trust, organization, or the manager, lessee, agent, servant, officer or employee of any of them;

17. "Personal property" includes money, goods, chattels, things in action and evidences of debt,

18. "Preceding" and "following" mean next before and next after, respectively;

19. "Property" includes real and personal property;

20. "Real property" includes lands, tenements and hereditaments;

21. "Shall" imposes a duty;

22. "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curb line and the adjacent property line intended for the use of pedestrians;

23. "State" means the State of Iowa;

24. "Street" includes all streets, highways, avenues, lanes, alleys, courts, places, squares, curbs, or other public ways in this City which have been or may hereafter be dedicated and open to public use, or such other public property so designated in any law of this state;

25. "Tenant" and "occupant" applied to a building or land, includes any person who occupies whole or a part of such building or land, whether alone or with others;

26. "Title of Office". Use of the title of any officer, employee, board or commission means that officer, employee, department, board or commission of the City;

27. "Writing" and "Written" include printed, typewritten, or electronically transmitted such as facsimile or electronic mail;

28. "Year" means a calendar year;

29. All words and phrases shall be construed and understood according to the common and approved usage of the language; but technical words and phrases and such other as may have acquired a

peculiar and appropriate meaning in the law shall be construed and understood according to such peculiar and appropriate meaning;

30. When an act is required by an Ordinance the same being such that it may be done as well by an agent as by the principal, such requirement shall be construed as to include all such acts performed by an authorized agent.

1-1-2 GRAMMATICAL INTERPRETATION. The following grammatical rules shall apply in the Ordinances of the City;

1. Gender. Any gender includes any and all genders;

2. Singular and Plural. The singular number includes the plural and the plural includes the singular;

3. Tenses. Words used in the present tense include the past and the future tenses and vice versa;

4. Use of Words and Phrases. Words and phrases not specifically defined shall be construed according to the content and approved usage of the language.

1-1-3 PROHIBITED ACTS INCLUDE CAUSING, PERMITTING. Whenever in this Code any act or omission is made unlawful, it includes causing, allowing, permitting, aiding, abetting, suffering, or concealing the fact of such act or omission. A principal is responsible for the unauthorized acts or omissions committed by an agent or employee which have been authorized by the principal.

1-1-4 CONSTRUCTION. The provisions of this Code are to be construed with a view to affect its objects and to promote justice.

1-1-5 AMENDMENT. All Ordinances of the City Council passed thereafter shall be in the form of an addition or amendment to the Joice Municipal Code of the year of the Code constituting the Municipal Code, and shall include proper references to chapter and section to maintain the orderly codification of the Ordinances.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.2)

1-1-6 SEVERABILITY. If any section, provision or part of the City Code is adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication will not affect the validity of the City Code as a whole or any section provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

1-1-7 CATCHLINES, TITLES, HEADINGS AND NOTES. The catchlines of the several sections of this City Code printed in boldface type as well as the titles, headings, chapter heads, section and subsection heads or titles, editor's notes, cross-references and State law references, unless set out in the body of the section itself, contained in this City Code, do not constitute any part of the law, and are intended merely to indicate, explain, supplement or clarify the contents of a section.

1-1-8 AMENDMENTS TO CITY CODE, EFFECT OF NEW ORDINANCES, AMENDATORY LANGUAGE.

1. All ordinances passed subsequent to this Code which amend, repeal or in any way affect this City Code may be numbered in accordance with the numbering system of this City Code and printed for inclusion herein. When subsequent ordinances repeal any chapter, section, or subsection or any portion thereof, such repealed portions may be excluded from this City Code by omission from reprinted pages. The subsequent ordinances as numbered and printed, or omitted in the case of repeal, shall be prima facie evidence of such subsequent ordinances until such time as this City Code and subsequent ordinances numbered or omitted are readopted as a new Code of Ordinances.

2. Amendments to any of the provisions of this City Code may be made by amending such provisions by specific reference to the section or subsection number of this City Code in substantially the following language: "That section _______ of the Code of Ordinances, City of Joice, Iowa is hereby amended to read as follows:..." The new provisions shall then be set out in full as desired.

3. In the event a new section not heretofore existing in this City Code is to be added, the following language may be used: "That the Code of ordinances, City of Joice, Iowa, is hereby amended by adding a section, to be numbered ______, which said section reads as follows: …" The new section shall then be set out in full as desired.

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 2 RIGHT OF ENTRY

1-2-1 Right of Entry

1-2-1 RIGHT OF ENTRY. Whenever necessary to make an inspection to enforce any Ordinance, or whenever there is reasonable cause to believe that there exists an Ordinance violation in any building or upon any premises within the jurisdiction of the City, any authorized official of the City, may, upon presentation of proper credentials/identification, enter such building or premises at all reasonable times to inspect the same and to perform any duty imposed upon such official by Ordinance; provided that, except in emergency situations, such official shall first give the owner and/or occupant, if they can be located after reasonable effort, twenty-four hour written notice of the authorized official's intention to inspect. In the event the owner and/or occupant refuses entry, the official is empowered to seek assistance from any court of competent jurisdiction in obtaining such entry.

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 3 PENALTY

1-3-1 General Penalty

1-3-3 Scheduled Fines

1-3-2 Civil Penalty – Municipal Infraction

1-3-1 GENERAL PENALTY. The doing of any act prohibited or declared to be unlawful, an offense, or a misdemeanor by the City Code or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference, or the omission or failure to perform any act or duty required by this City Code or any Ordinance or Code or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference is, unless another penalty is specified, punishable in accordance with Iowa Code Section 903.1(1)(a). No violation of the City Code shall subject an individual to incarceration.

Code of Iowa, Sec. 903.1(1)(a)

1-3-2 CIVIL PENALTY - MUNICIPAL INFRACTION. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22)

1. Definitions.

a. Municipal Infraction. Except those provisions specifically provided under state law as a felony, an aggravated misdemeanor, or a serious misdemeanor or a simple misdemeanor under Chapters 687 through 747 of the Iowa Code, the doing of any act prohibited or declared to be unlawful, an offense or a misdemeanor by the Code of Ordinances City of Joice, or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference, or omission or failure to perform any act or duty required by the Code of Ordinances City of Joice, or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference, is a "municipal infraction" and is punishable by civil penalty as provided herein.

b. Officer. The term "officer" shall mean any employee or official authorized to enforce the Code of Ordinances of the City of Joice.

c. Repeat offense. The term "repeat offense" shall mean a recurring violation of the same section of the Code of Ordinances.

2. Violations, Penalties, and Alternative Relief.

a. A municipal infraction is punishable by a civil penalty as provided in the following schedule, unless a specific schedule of civil penalties is provided for specific offenses elsewhere in this Code.

Schedule of Civil Penalties

First offense—Not more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00)

Repeat Offense: Not more than one thousand dollars (\$1000.00)

b. Each day that a violation occurs or is permitted to exist by the violator constitutes a separate offense.

c. Seeking a civil penalty as authorized in this chapter does not preclude the City from seeking alternative relief from the court in the same action.

3. Civil Citations

a. Any officer authorized by the City to enforce the Code of Ordinances may issue a civil citation to a person who commits a municipal infraction.

b. The citation may be served by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by publication as provided in the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure.

c. The original of the citation shall be sent to the Clerk of the district court.

d. The citation shall serve as notification that a civil offense has been committed and shall contain the following information:

- (1) The name and address of the defendant.
- (2) The name or description of the infraction attested to by the officer issuing the citation.
- (3) The location and time of the infraction.
- (4) The amount of civil penalty to be assessed or the alternative relief sought, or both.
- (5) The manner, location, and time in which the penalty may be paid.
- (6) The time and place of court appearance.
- (7) The penalty for failure to appear in court.
- (8) The legal description of the affected property, if applicable.

4. Seeking a civil penalty as authorized in Section 364.22, Code of Iowa, does not preclude the City from seeking alternative relief from the court in the same action. Such relief may include the imposition of a civil penalty by entry of a personal judgment against the defendant, directing that the payment of the civil penalty be suspended or deferred under conditions imposed by the court, ordering the defendant to abate or cease the violation or authorizing the City to abate or correct the violation, or ordering that the City's cost for abatement or correction of the violation be entered as a personal judgment against the defendant or assessed against the property where the violation occurred, or both. If a defendant willfully violates the terms of an order imposed by the court, the failure is contempt.

5. This section does not preclude a peace officer from issuing a criminal citation for violation of a City Code or regulation if criminal penalties are also provided for the violation, nor does it preclude or limit the authority of the City to enforce the provisions of the Code of Ordinances by criminal sanctions or other lawful means. Each day that a violation occurs or is permitted to exist by

the defendant constitutes a separate offense. The violation of any provision of this Code of Ordinances or any regulation promulgated thereunder shall also constitute a simple misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$100.00. No violation of the City Code shall subject an individual to incarceration. A simple misdemeanor criminal charge filed pursuant to this Code of Ordinances shall only subject an individual to a monetary fine.

1-3-3 SCHEDULED FINES. The scheduled fine for a violation of any provision of the City Code shall be in accordance with State Code Chapter 805 unless another scheduled amount is provided in the City Code or Iowa Code.

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 4 PROCEDURE FOR HEARINGS BY THE CITY COUNCIL

1-4-2 General

1-4-4 Subpoenas

1-4-5 Conduct of Hearing

1-4-3 Form of Notice of Hearing

1-4-6 Method and Form of Decision

1-4-1 PURPOSE AND INTENT.

1. It is the purpose of this article to establish an orderly, efficient, and expeditious process for evidentiary hearings before the City Council.

2. The PROVISIONS of this article shall apply to a proceeding required by constitution, statute or Ordinance to be determined by the City Council after an opportunity for an evidentiary hearing.

1-4-2 GENERAL.

1. Record. A record of the entire proceedings shall be made by tape recording or by any other means of permanent recording determined to be appropriate by the City Council.

2. Reporting. The proceedings at the hearing may also be reported by a court reporter at the expense of any party.

3. Continuances. The City Council may grant continuances for good cause shown.

4. Oaths, certification. The City Council or any member thereof has the power to administer oaths and affirmations.

5. Reasonable dispatch. The City Council and its representatives shall proceed with reasonable dispatch to conclude any matter before it. Due regard shall be shown for the convenience and necessity of any parties or their representatives.

1-4-3 FORM OF NOTICE OF HEARING.

The notice to parties shall be substantially in the following form, but may include other information:

"You are hereby notified that an evidentiary hearing will be held before the Joice City Council at ______ on the ______ day of ______, 20____, at the hour ______, upon the notice and order served upon you. You may be present at the hearing. You may be, but need not be, represented by counsel. You may present any relevant evidence and will be given full opportunity to cross-examine all witnesses testifying against you. You may request the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, documents or other things by filing an affidavit therefor with the City Clerk."

1-4-4 SUBPOENAS. Filing of affidavit. The City Council may issue a subpoena for the attendance of witnesses or the production of other evidence at a hearing upon the request of a member of the City Council or upon the written demand of any party. The issuance and service of such subpoena shall be obtained upon the filing of an affidavit therefor which states the name and address of the proposed witness; specifies the exact things sought to be produced and the materiality thereof in detail to the issues involved; and states that the witness has the desired things in the witness's possession or under the witness's control. A subpoena need not be issued when the affidavit is defective in any particular.

1-4-5 CONDUCT OF HEARING.

1. Rules. Hearings need not be conducted according to the technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses.

2. Oral evidence. Oral evidence shall be taken only on oath or affirmation.

3. Hearsay evidence. Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose of supplementing or explaining any direct evidence, but shall not be sufficient in itself to support a finding unless it would be admissible over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in this state.

4. Admissibility of evidence. Any relevant evidence shall be admitted if it is the type of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the existence of any common law or statutory rule which might make improper the admission of such evidence over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in this state.

5. Exclusion of evidence. Irrelevant and unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded.

6. Rights of parties. Each party shall have these rights, among others:

a. To call and examine witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;

b. To introduce documentary and physical evidence;

c. To cross-examine opposing witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;

d. To impeach any witness regardless of which party first called the witness to testify;

e. To rebut the evidence against the party; and

f. To self-representation or to be represented by anyone of the party's choice who is lawfully permitted to do so.

7. Official notice.

a. What may be noticed. In reaching a decision, official notice may be taken, either before or after submission of the case for decision, of any fact which may be judicially noticed by the courts of this state or of official records of the City or its departments and Ordinances of the City.

b. Parties to be notified. Parties present at the hearing shall be informed of the matters to be noticed, and these matters shall be noted in the record, referred to therein, or appended thereto.

c. Opportunity to refute. Parties present at the hearing shall be given a reasonable opportunity, on request, to refute the officially noticed matters by evidence or by written or oral presentation of authority, the manner of such refutation to be determined by the City Council.

8. Inspection of the premises. The City Council may inspect any building or premises involved in the appeal during the course of the hearing, provided that:

a. Notice of such inspection shall be given to the parties before the inspection is made;

b. The parties are given an opportunity to be present during the inspection; and

c. The City Council shall state for the record, upon completion of the inspection, the material facts observed and the conclusions drawn therefrom. Each party then shall have a right to rebut or explain the matters so stated by the City Council.

1-4-6 METHOD AND FORM OF DECISION.

1. Hearings before the City Council where a contested case is heard before the City Council, no member thereof who did not hear the evidence or has not read the entire record of the proceedings shall vote on or take part in the decision. The City Council may designate a member or members to preside over the receipt of evidence. Such member or members shall prepare findings of fact for the City Council.

2. Form of decision. The decision shall be in writing and shall contain findings of fact, a determination of the issues presented, and the requirements to be complied with. A copy of the decision shall be delivered to the parties personally or sent to them by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested.

3. Effective date of decision. The effective date of the decision shall be stated therein.

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 1 CITY CHARTER

2-1-1 Charter

2-1-2 Form of Government

2-1-4 Number and Term of City Council

2-1-5 Term of Mayor

2-1-3 Powers and Duties

2-1-6 Copies on File

2-1-1 CHARTER. This chapter may be cited as the Charter of the City of Joice, Iowa.

2-1-2 FORM OF GOVERNMENT. The form of government of the City of Joice, Iowa, is the Mayor-Council form of government.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4)

2-1-3 POWERS AND DUTIES. The City Council and Mayor and other City officers have such powers and shall perform such duties as are authorized or required by state law and by the Ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations of the City of Joice, Iowa.

2-1-4 NUMBER AND TERM OF CITY COUNCIL. The City Council consists of five City Council members elected at large, elected for overlapping terms of four years.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4) (Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)

2-1-5 TERM OF MAYOR. The Mayor is elected for a term of four years. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4) (Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)

2-1-6 COPIES ON FILE. The City Clerk shall keep an official copy of the charter on file with the official records of the City Clerk, shall immediately file a copy with the Secretary of State of Iowa, and shall keep copies of the charter available at the City Clerk's office for public inspection. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.1)

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 2 APPOINTMENT AND QUALIFICATIONS OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

- 2-2-1 Creation of Appointive Officers
- 2-2-2 Appointment of Officers
- 2-2-3 Terms of Appointive Officers
- 2-2-4 Vacancies in Offices
- 2-2-5 Bonds Required

2-2-6 Surety

2-2-7 Blanket Position Bond

2-2-8 Bonds Filed

2-2-9 Boards and Commissions

2-2-1 CREATION OF APPOINTIVE OFFICERS. There are hereby created the following appointive officers: City Clerk, City Treasurer, Fire Chief, City Attorney and City Superintendent.

2-2-2 APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS. The Mayor shall appoint a Mayor Pro Tempore.

All other officers shall be appointed or selected by the City Council unless otherwise provided by law or Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 374.4(3))

2-2-3 TERMS OF APPOINTIVE OFFICERS. The terms of all appointive officers that are not otherwise fixed by law or Ordinance shall be two (2) years.

2-2-4 VACANCIES IN OFFICES. A vacancy in an appointive office shall be filled in accordance with State law.

2-2-5 BONDS REQUIRED. Each municipal officer required by law or Ordinance to be bonded shall, before entering upon the duties of the office, execute to the City a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by the City Council, conditioned on the faithful performance of the duties and the proper handling and accounting for the money and property of the City in the official's charge unless the City Council shall have provided for a blanket position surety bond.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.13)

2-2-6 SURETY. Any association or corporation which makes a business of insuring the fidelity of others and which has authority to do such business within Iowa shall be accepted as surety on any of the bonds.

2-2-7 BLANKET POSITION BOND. The City Council shall provide for a blanket position bond to cover all officers and employees of the City, but the City Council may provide by resolution for a surety bond for any other officer or employee that the City Council deems necessary. The City shall pay the premium on any official bond.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.13)

2-2-8 BONDS FILED. All bonds when duly executed shall be filed with the Clerk, except that the Clerk's bond shall be filed with the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.23)

2-2-9 BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS.

1. Membership and Sections. Membership and selections of members of boards and commissions shall be as specified in this Chapter or the Code of Iowa. Any committee, board, or commission so established shall cease to exist upon the accomplishment of the special purpose for which it was created, or when abolished by a majority vote of the City Council or as specified in the Code of Iowa.

2. Removal of Members of Boards and Commissions: The City Council may remove any member of any board or commission, which it has established.

3. Gender Balance: Boards and commissions shall be gender balanced in accordance with Section 69.16A (Iowa Code).

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 3 POWERS AND DUTIES OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

- 2-3-1 General Duties
- 2-3-2 Books and Records
- 2-3-3 Deposits of Municipal Funds
- 2-3-4 Transfer of Records and Property To Successor
- 2-3-5 Powers and Duties of the Mayor
- 2-3-6 Powers and Duties of the Clerk

- 2-3-7 Powers and Duties of the Treasurer
- 2-3-8 Powers and Duties of the City Attorney
- 2-3-9 Powers and Duties of the Superintendent Of Public Utilities
- 2-3-10 Powers and Duties of the Superintendent of Public Works
- 2-3-11 Powers and Duties of the Fire Chief

2-3-1 GENERAL DUTIES. Each municipal officer shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by law and Ordinance, or as otherwise directed by the City Council unless contrary to State law or City charter.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

2-3-2 BOOKS AND RECORDS. All books and records required to be kept by law or Ordinance shall be open to inspection by the public upon request, except records required to be confidential by state or federal law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 22.1, 22.2, and 22.7)

2-3-3 DEPOSITS OF MUNICIPAL FUNDS. Prior to the fifth day of each month, each office or department shall deposit all funds collected on behalf of the municipality during the preceding month. The officer responsible for the deposit of funds shall take such funds to the Treasurer, together with receipts indicating the sources of the funds.

2-3-4 TRANSFER OF RECORDS AND PROPERTY TO SUCCESSOR. Each officer shall transfer to the official's successor in office all books, papers, records, documents and property, together with an invoice of the same, in the official's custody and appertaining to the official's office.

2-3-5 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE MAYOR. The duties of the Mayor shall be as follows:

1. The Mayor shall supervise all departments of the City and give direction to department heads concerning the functions of the departments. The Mayor shall have the power to examine all functions of the municipal departments, their records, and to call for special reports from department heads at any time.

(Code of Iowa, Section 372.14(1))

2. The Mayor shall act as presiding officer at all regular and special City Council meetings. The Mayor pro tem shall serve in this capacity in the Mayor's absence.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14(1) and (3))

3. The Mayor may veto an Ordinance, amendment, or resolution within fourteen days after passage. The Mayor shall explain the reasons for the veto in a written message to the City Council at

the time of the veto. Within thirty days after the Mayor's veto, the City Council may pass the measure again by a vote to not less than two-thirds of all of the members of the City Council. If the Mayor vetoes an ordinance, amendment, or resolution and the City Council repasses the measure after the Mayor's veto, a resolution becomes effective immediately upon repassage, and an Ordinance or amendment becomes a law when the Ordinance or a summary of the Ordinance is published, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the Ordinance or amendment.

If the Mayor takes no action on an Ordinance, amendment, or resolution, a resolution becomes effective fourteen days after the date of passage and an Ordinance or amendment becomes a law when the ordinance or a summary of the Ordinance is published, but not sooner than fourteen days after the date of passage, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the Ordinance or amendment. (Code of Iowa. Sec. 380.6)

4. The Mayor shall represent the City in all negotiations properly entered into in accordance with law or Ordinance. The Mayor shall not represent the City where this duty is specifically delegated to another officer by law or Ordinance.

5. The Mayor shall, whenever authorized by the City Council, sign all contracts on behalf of the City.

6. The Mayor shall call special meetings of the City Council when the Mayor deems such meetings necessary to the interests of the City.

7. The Mayor shall make such oral or written reports to the City Council at the first meeting of every month as referred. These reports shall concern municipal affairs generally, the municipal departments, and recommendations suitable for City Council action.

8. Immediately after taking office the Mayor shall designate one member of the City Council as Mayor pro tempore. The Mayor pro tempore shall be vice-president of the City Council. Except for the limitations otherwise provided herein, the Mayor pro tempore shall perform the duties of the Mayor in cases of absence or inability of the Mayor to perform the duties of the office. In the exercise of the duties of the office the Mayor pro tempore shall not have power to employ or discharge from employment officers or employees that the Mayor has the power to appoint, employ or discharge. The Mayor pro tempore shall have the right to vote as a member of the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14(3))

9. The Mayor shall, upon order of the City Council, secure for the City such specialized and professional services not already available to the City. In executing the order of the City Council the Mayor shall conduct said duties in accordance with the City Ordinance and the laws of the State of Iowa.

10. The Mayor shall sign all licenses and permits which have been granted by the City Council, except those designated by law or Ordinance to be issued by another municipal officer.

11. Upon authorization of the City Council, the Mayor shall revoke permits or licenses granted by the City Council when their terms, the Ordinances of the City, or the laws of the State of Iowa are violated by holders of said permits or licenses.

12. The Mayor shall order to be removed, at public expense, any nuisance for which no person can

be found responsible and liable. This order shall be in writing. The order to remove said nuisances shall be carried out by the Police Chief, Worth County Sherriff's Department or other authorized City Officer.

2-3-6 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE CLERK. The duties of the Clerk shall be as follows:

1. The Clerk shall attend all regular and special City Council meetings and prepare and publish a condensed statement of the proceedings thereof, to include the total expenditure from each City fund within fifteen (15) days of the City Council meeting. The statement shall further include a list of all claims allowed, a summary of all receipts and the gross amount of the claims.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4) and (6))

2. The Clerk shall record each measure taken by the City Council, stating where applicable whether the Mayor signed, vetoed, or took no action on the measure and what action the City Council made upon the Mayor's veto.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(1))

3. The Clerk shall cause to be published either the entire text or a summary of all Ordinances and amendments enacted by the City. "Summary" shall mean a narrative description of the terms and conditions of an Ordinance setting forth the main points of the Ordinance in a manner calculated to inform the public in a clear and understandable manner the meaning of the Ordinance and which shall provide the public with sufficient notice to conform to the desired conduct required by the Ordinance. The description shall include the title of the Ordinance, an accurate and intelligible abstract or synopsis of the essential elements of the Ordinance, a statement that the description is a summary, the location and the normal business hours of the office where the Ordinance may be inspected, when the Ordinance becomes effective, and the full text of any provisions imposing fines, penalties, forfeitures, fees, or taxes. Legal descriptions of property set forth in Ordinances shall be described in full, provided that maps or charts may be substituted for legal descriptions when they contain sufficient detail to clearly define the area with which the Ordinance is concerned. The narrative description shall be written in a clear and coherent manner and shall, to the extent possible, avoid the use of technical or legal terms not generally familiar to the public. When necessary to use technical or legal terms not generally familiar to the public, the narrative description shall include definitions of those terms.

The Clerk shall authenticate all such measures except motions with said Clerk's signature, certifying the time and place of publication when required.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(1) and (2))

4. The Clerk shall maintain copies of all effective City Ordinances and codes for public use. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(4))

5. The Clerk shall publish notice of public hearings, elections and other official actions as required by State and City law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.3)

6. The Clerk shall certify all measures establishing any zoning district, building lines, or fire limits, and a plat showing each district, lines or limits to the recorder of the county containing the affected parts of the City.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.11)

7. The Clerk and Treasurer shall maintain all City records as required by law. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(3) and (5))

8. The Clerk shall have custody and be responsible for the safekeeping of all writings or documents in which the municipality is a party in interest unless otherwise specifically directed by law or Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

9. The Clerk shall file and preserve all receipts, vouchers, and other documents kept, or that may be required to be kept, necessary to prove the validity of every transaction and the identity of every person having any beneficial relation thereto.

10. The Clerk shall furnish upon request to any municipal officer a copy of any record, paper or public document under the Clerk's control when it may be necessary to such officer in the discharge of the Clerk's duty. The Clerk shall furnish a copy to any citizen when requested upon payment of the fee set by City Council resolution. The Clerk shall, under the direction of the Mayor or other authorized officer, affix the seal of the corporation to those public documents or instruments which by Ordinance are required to be attested by the affixing of the seal.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(4), Sec. 22.2 and 22.7)

11. The Clerk shall attend all meetings of committees, boards and commissions of the City. The Clerk shall record and preserve a correct record of the proceedings of such meetings. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

12. The Clerk shall keep and file all communications and petitions directed to the City Council or to the City generally. The Clerk shall endorse thereon the action of the City Council taken upon matters considered in such communications and petitions.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

13. The Clerk shall issue all licenses and permits approved by the City Council, and keep a record of licenses and permits issued which shall show a date of issuance, license or permit number, official receipt number, name of person to whom issued, term of license or permit, and purpose for which issued. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

14. The Clerk shall inform all persons appointed by the Mayor or City Council to offices in the municipal government of their position and the time at which they shall assume the duties of their office. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

15. The Clerk shall preserve a complete record of every City election, regular or special and perform duties required by law or Ordinance of the City Clerk in regard to elections. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.4)

16. The Treasurer shall draw all warrants/checks for the City upon the vote of the City Council. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

17. The Treasurer shall show on every warrant/check the fund on which it is drawn and the claim to be paid.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

18. The Treasurer shall keep a warrant/check record in a form approved by the City Council, showing the number, date, amount, payee's name, upon what fund drawn, and for what claim each warrant/check is issued.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

19. The Clerk shall bill and collect all charges, rents or fees due the City for utility and other services, and give a receipt therefor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

20. Annually, the Treasurer shall prepare and submit to the City Council an itemized budget of revenues and expenditures.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16)

21. The Clerk shall keep an accurate record for all money or securities received by the Clerk on behalf of the municipality and specify date, from whom, and for what purposes received. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

22. The Clerk shall prepare a receipt in duplicate for all funds received. The Clerk shall give the original to the party delivering the funds, and retain the duplicate.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

23. The Clerk shall keep a separate account of all money received by the Clerk for special assessments.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

24. The Clerk shall, immediately upon receipt of monies to be held in the Clerk's custody and belonging to the City, deposit the same in banks selected by the City Council in amounts not exceeding monetary limits authorized by the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

2-3-7 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE TREASURER. The duties of the Treasurer shall be as follows:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[41)

1. Custody of Funds. Be responsible for the safe custody of all funds in the City in the manner provided by law, and Council direction.

2. Record of Fund. Keep the record of each fund separate.

3. Record Receipts. Keep an accurate record of all money or securities received by the Treasurer on behalf of the City and specify the date, from whom, and for what purpose received.

4. Record Disbursements. Keep an accurate account of all disbursements, money or property, specifying date, to whom, and from what fund paid.

5. Special Assessments. Keep a separate account of all money received by the Treasurer from special assessments.

6. Deposit Funds. Upon receipt of moneys to be held in the Treasurer's custody and belonging to the City, deposit the same in the depositories selected by the Council.

7. Reconciliation. Reconcile depository statements with the Treasurer's books and certify monthly to the Council the balance of cash and investments of each fund and amounts received and disbursed.

8. Debt Service. Keep a register of all bonds outstanding and record all payments of interest and principal.

9. The Treasurer shall be the chief accounting officer of the City.

10. The Treasurer shall keep separate accounts for every appropriation, department, public improvement or undertaking, and for every public utility owned or operated by the City. Each account shall be kept in the manner required by law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)

11. Following City Council adoption for the budget, the Treasurer shall certify the necessary tax levy for the following year to the County Auditor and the County Board of Supervisors. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16(5))

12. The Treasurer shall report to the City Council at the first meeting of each month the status of each municipal account as of the end of the previous month.

13. The Treasurer shall balance all funds with the bank statement at the end of each month.

14. The Treasurer shall prepare the annual public report, publish it, and send a certified copy to the State Auditor and other State officers as required by law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.22)

15. Other Duties. Perform such other duties as specified by the Council by resolution or ordinance.

2-3-8 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE CITY ATTORNEY. The duties of the City Attorney shall be as follows:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

1. Upon request, the City Attorney shall attend every regular meeting of the City Council and attend those special meetings of the City Council at which the City Attorney is required to be present.

2. The City Attorney shall, upon request, formulate drafts for contracts, forms and other writings which may be required for the use of the City.

3. The City Attorney shall keep in proper files a record of all official opinions and a docket or register of all actions prosecuted and defined by the City Attorney accompanied by all proceedings relating to said actions.

4. The City Attorney shall, upon request, give an opinion in writing upon all questions of law

relating to municipal matters submitted by the City Council, the Mayor, members of the City Council individually, municipal boards or the head of any municipal department.

5. The City Attorney shall prepare those Ordinances when the City Council may desire and direct to be prepared and report to the City Council upon all Ordinances before their final passage by the City Council and publication.

6. The City Attorney shall act as Attorney for the City in all matters affecting the City's interest and appear on behalf of the City before any court, tribunal, commission or board. The City Attorney shall prosecute or defend all actions and proceedings when so requested by the Mayor or City Council.

7. The City Attorney shall not appear on behalf of any municipal office or employee before any court or tribunal for the purely private benefit of said officer or employee. The City Attorney shall, however, if directed by the City Council, appear to defend any municipal officer or employee in any cause of action arising out of or in the course of the performance of the duties of his or her office or employment.

8. The City Attorney shall sign the name of the City to all appeal bonds and to all other bonds or papers of any kind that may be essential to the prosecution of any cause in court, and when so signed the City shall be bound upon the same.

9. The City Attorney shall make a written report to the City Council and interested department heads of the defects in all contracts, documents, authorized power of any City officer, and Ordinances submitted to said City Attorney or coming under said City Attorney's notice.

10. The City Attorney shall, upon request, after due examination, offer a written opinion on and recommend alterations pertaining to contracts involving the City before they become binding upon the City or are published.

2-3-9 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES. The duties of the superintendent of public utilities shall be as follows:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

1. The Superintendent shall be responsible for the management, operation and maintenance of all municipal utilities.

2. The Superintendent with the assistance of the City Treasurer shall keep records of accounts payable, revenues, accounts receivable, expenditures made, depreciation of plant and equipment, and a continuous up-to-date inventory of all goods and supplies. The Superintendent shall keep all other records ordered to be kept by the Mayor in addition to those provided for by law or Ordinance.

3. The Superintendent shall make a report every month as requested to the Mayor and City Council on the present state of the public utilities. In this report shall be specifically stated the financial condition, production and the general condition of the entire utilities enterprise. The Superintendent shall, at the close of every year, compile (or cause to be compiled) a written annual report of the activities and general condition of the public utilities of the City. This report shall contain a statement of the general progress and accomplishments of the plants and systems for the year covered in the report; a statement of financial operations for the year showing revenues, expenditures, and profits or losses; a

summary of the history of the financial operations of the plant for the past five (5) years showing total revenue, cost of operations, depreciation, interest on bonds and net profits; a statement of free services rendered to the municipality during the year and their estimated cash value; a statement of the rate schedules that are presently in effect; and a balance sheet with a statement of all assets, liabilities and reserves.

2-3-10 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS. The duties of the Superintendent of Public Works shall be as follows:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

1. The Superintendent shall supervise the installation of all storm sewers in the City in accordance with the regulations of the City pertaining to the installation of storm sewers as applicable.

2. The Superintendent shall supervise maintenance and repair of sidewalks, alleys, bridges, and streets and keep them in a reasonably safe condition for travelers. The Superintendent shall immediately investigate all complaints of the existence of dangerous or impassable conditions of any sidewalk, street, alley, bridge, underpass or overpass, or other city property, and is charged with the duty of correcting unsafe defects.

3. The Superintendent shall, whenever snow or ice imperil travel upon streets and alleys, be in charge of removing said snow and ice from the streets and alleys in the City and shall do whatever else is necessary and reasonable to make travel upon streets and alleys of the City safe.

4. The Superintendent shall compile and maintain written records of the purchases, accomplishments, disposition of equipment and manpower, an up-to-date inventory, and activities contemplated by the street department. The Superintendent, as requested shall make monthly oral or written reports of the activities of the department to the Mayor on or before the first day of each month.

5. The Superintendent shall perform all other duties of a public works nature which are not specifically assigned to other municipal officials or employees.

2-3-11 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE FIRE CHIEF. The duties of the Fire Chief shall be as follows:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

1. The Fire Chief shall be charged with the duty of maintaining the efficiency, discipline and control of the fire department. The members of the fire department shall, at all times, be subject to the direction of the Fire Chief.

2. The Fire Chief shall enforce all rules and regulations established by the City Council for the conduct of the affairs of the fire department.

3. The Fire Chief shall exercise and have full control over the disposition of all fire apparatus, tools, equipment and other property used by or belonging to the fire department.

4. The Fire Chief shall cause to be kept records of the fire department personnel, operating cost and efficiency of each element of fire fighting equipment, depreciation of all equipment and apparatus,

the number of responses to alarms, their cause and location, and an analysis of losses by value, type and location of buildings.

5. The Fire Chief shall make monthly written reports on or before the fifth day of each month to the Mayor and City Council concerning the general status and efficiency of the fire department, the number of alarms answered during the month previous, and additional information that may be requested by the Mayor or the City Council. The Fire Chief shall compile an annual report based upon the records maintained by the fire department and summarizing the activities of the fire department for the year. This report shall be filed with the Mayor. The annual report shall also contain recommendations for the improvement of the department.

6. The Fire Chief shall enforce all Ordinances and, where enabled, state laws regulating the following:

- a. Fire prevention.
- b. Maintenance and use of fire escapes.
- c. The investigation of the cause, origin and circumstances of fires.

d. The means and adequacy of exits in case of fire from halls, theatres, churches, hospitals, asylums, lodging houses, schools, factories and all other buildings in which the public congregates for any purpose.

e. The installation and maintenance of private fire alarm systems and fire extinguishing equipment.

7. The Fire Chief shall have the right of entry into any building or premises within the Fire Chief's jurisdiction at a reasonable time and after reasonable notice to the occupant or owner. The Fire Chief shall there conduct such investigation or inspection that the Fire Chief considers necessary in light of state law, regulations or Ordinance.

8. The Fire Chief shall make such recommendations to owners, occupants, caretakers or managers of buildings necessary to eliminate fire hazards.

9. The Fire Chief shall, at the request of the State Fire Marshal, and as provided by law, aid said Marshal in the performance of the Marshal's duties by investigating, preventing and reporting data pertaining to fires.

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 4 SALARIES OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

2-4-1 Council Member

2-4-2 Mayor

2-4-3 Mayor Pro Tem2-4-4 Other Officers

2-4-1 COUNCIL MEMBER. The salaries of each City Council member shall be \$20.00 for each meeting of the City Council attended but in no event shall any City Council member be paid more than \$450.00 in any one year.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8))

2-4-2 MAYOR. The Mayor shall receive an annual salary of \$1800.00 to be paid in equal monthly installments plus per meeting pay of \$20.00 for each meeting. Said meeting pay shall not exceed more than \$450.00 in any one year.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8))

2-4-3 MAYOR PRO TEM. If the Mayor Pro Tem performs the duties of the Mayor during the Mayor's absence or disability for a continuous period of fifteen days or more, the Mayor Pro Tem may be paid for that period the compensation determined by the City Council, based upon the Mayor Pro Tem's performance of the mayor's duties and upon the compensation of the mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8)

2-4-4 OTHER OFFICERS. The compensation of all other officers and employees shall be set by resolution of City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 5 CITY FINANCE

- 2-5-1 Budget Adoption
- 2-5-2 Budget Amendment
- 2-5-3 Accounts and Programs
- 2-5-4 Annual Report
- 2-5-5 Council Transfers

- 2-5-6 Budget Officer
- 2-5-7 Accounting
- 2-5-8 Budget Accounts
- 2-5-9 Contingency Accounts

2-5-1 BUDGET ADOPTION, Annually, the City shall prepare and adopt a budget, and shall certify taxes in accordance with Section 384.16

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16)

1. A budget shall be prepared for at least the following fiscal year. When required by rules of the State City finance committee, a tentative budget shall be prepared for one or two ensuing years. The proposed budget shall show estimates of the following:

a. Expenditures for each program.

b. Income from sources other than property taxation.

c. Amount to be raised by property taxation, and the property tax rate expressed in dollars per one thousand dollars valuation.

The budget shall show comparisons between the estimated expenditures in each program in the following year and the actual expenditures in each program during the two preceding years. Wherever practicable, as provided in rules of the State City finance committee, a budget shall show comparisons between the levels of service provided by each program as estimated for the following year, and actual levels of service provided by each program during the two preceding years.

2. Not less than twenty days before the date that the budget must be certified to the County Auditor and not less than ten days before the date set for hearing, the Treasurer shall provide a sufficient number of copies of the budget to meet reasonable demands of taxpayers, and have them available for distribution at the offices of the Mayor and Clerk and at the City library, if any, or at three places designated by Ordinance for posting notices.

[Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16(2)]

3. The City Council shall set a time and place for public hearing on the budget before the final certification date and shall publish notice before the hearing as provided in Iowa law. Proof of publication shall be filed with the County Auditor.

4. At the hearing, any resident or taxpayer of the City may present to the City Council objections to any part of the budget for the following fiscal year or arguments in favor of any part of the budget.

5. After the hearing, the City Council shall adopt a budget for at least the following fiscal year,

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and the Treasurer shall certify the necessary tax levy for the following year to the County Auditor and the County Board of Supervisors. The tax levy certified may be less than but not more than the amount estimated in the proposed budget, unless an additional tax levy is approved at a City election. Two copies of the complete budget as adopted shall be transmitted to the County Auditor.

2-5-2 BUDGET AMENDMENT. The City budget as finally adopted for the following fiscal year becomes effective July first and constitutes the City appropriation for each program and purpose specified therein until amended. The City budget for the current fiscal year may be amended for any of the following purposes:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.18)

1. To permit the appropriation and expenditures of unexpended, unencumbered cash balances on hand at the end of the preceding fiscal year which had not been anticipated in the budget.

2. To permit the appropriation and expenditure of amounts anticipated to be available from sources other than property taxation, and which had not been anticipated in the budget.

3. To permit transfers from the debt service fund, the capital improvements reserve fund, the emergency fund, or other funds established by State law, to any other City fund, unless specifically prohibited by State law.

4. To permit transfers between programs within the general fund.

The budget amendment shall be prepared and adopted in the same manner as the original budget, except that the City Finance Committee may by rule provide that amendments of certain types or up to certain amounts may be made without public hearing and without being subject to protest.

2-5-3 ACCOUNTS AND PROGRAMS. The City shall keep separate accounts corresponding to the programs and items in its adopted or amended budget, as recommended by the State City Finance Committee.

The City shall keep accounts which show an accurate and detailed statement of all public funds collected, received, or expended for any City purpose, by any City officer, employee, or other person, and which show the receipt, use, and disposition of all City property. Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)

2-5-4 ANNUAL REPORT. Not later than December first of each year the City shall publish an annual report containing a summary for the preceding fiscal year of all collections and receipts, all accounts due the City, and all expenditures, the current public debt of the City, and the legal debt limit of the City for the current fiscal year. A copy of this report shall be furnished to the Auditor of State. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.22)

2-5-5 COUNCIL TRANSFERS. When the Treasurer determines that one or more appropriation accounts need added authorizations to meet required expenditures therein the Treasurer shall inform the City Council or if the City Council upon its own investigation so determines, and another account within the same programs has an appropriation in excess of foreseeable needs, or, in the case of a clear emergency or unforeseeable need, the contingency account has an unexpended appropriation which

alone or with the other accounts can provide the needed appropriations, the City Council shall set forth by resolution the reductions and increases in the appropriations and the reason for such transfers. Upon the passage of the resolution and approval by the Mayor, as provided by law for resolutions, the Treasurer shall cause the transfers to be set out in full in the minutes and be included in the published proceedings of the City Council. Thereupon, and where applicable, the City Treasurer, shall cause the appropriation to be revised upon the appropriation expenditure ledgers of the City, but in no case shall the total of the appropriation of a program be increased except for transfers from the contingency account nor shall the total appropriation for all purposes be increased except by a budget amendment made after notice and hearing as required by law for such amendments.

(IAC, Sec. 545.2.4(384,388))

2-5-6 BUDGET OFFICER. The Treasurer shall be the City budget officer and is responsible for preparing the budget data in cooperation with the City Council or Mayor. The Treasurer shall be responsible for carrying out the authorizations and plans in the budget as set forth in the budget, subject to City Council control and the limitations set out in this Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

2-5-7 ACCOUNTING. The Treasurer shall set up and maintain books of original entry to provide a chronological record of cash received and disbursed through all receipts given and warrants written, which receipts and warrants shall be prenumbered, in accordance with modern, accepted methods, and the requirement of the state. The Treasurer shall keep a general ledger controlling all cash transactions, budgetary accounts and recording unappropriated surpluses. Warrants/checks shall be signed by the Treasurer and Mayor or Mayor Pro-tem in the Mayor's absence.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)

2-5-8 BUDGET ACCOUNTS. The Treasurer shall set up such individual accounts to record receipts by source and expenditures by program and purpose as will provide adequate information and control for budgetary purposes as planned and approved by the City Council. Each individual account shall be maintained within its proper fund as required by City Council order or State law and shall be so kept that receipts can be immediately and directly compared with specific estimates and expenditures can be related to the appropriation which authorized it. No expenditure shall be posted except to the appropriation for the function and purpose for which the expense was incurred.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)

2-5-9 CONTINGENCY ACCOUNTS. Whenever the City Council shall have budgeted for a contingency account the Treasurer shall set up in the accounting records but the Treasurer shall not charge any claim to a contingency account. Said contingency accounts may be drawn upon only by City Council resolution directing a transfer to a specific purpose account within its fund and then only upon compelling evidence of an unexpected and unforeseeable need or emergency.

All administrative transfers shall be reported in writing at the next regular meeting of the City Council after being made and the fact set out in the minutes for the information of the Mayor and City Council.

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 6 POSTING

2-6-1 Purpose

2-6-3 Removing Notice Unlawful

2-6-2 Listing; Length of Notice

2-6-1 PURPOSE. The City of Joice, Iowa has no newspaper published within the corporate limits of the City, and publications of notice of elections, Ordinances and amendments may be made by posting in three public places which have been permanently designated by Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.3(2))

2-6-2 LISTING, LENGTH OF NOTICE. The three public places where public notice of Ordinances and other matters permitted to be posted are to be displayed are:

Community Center/City Hall Farmer's State Bank U.S. Post Office, Joice Branch

The City Clerk is hereby directed to post all Ordinances, amendments and City Council actions promptly after passage and to post all such matters not less than four (4) nor more than twenty (20) days before the date of the election, hearing or other action, or as otherwise required by State law. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7)

2-6-3 REMOVING NOTICE, UNLAWFUL. It shall be unlawful for any person other than the city clerk to remove any public notice. Any unlawful removal of a public notice or posting shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance or action taken.

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 7 CITY ELECTIONS

2-7-1 Purpose

2-7-2 Nominating Method to be Used

2-7-3 Nominations by Petition

2-7-5 Preparation of Petition

2-7-6 Filing, Presumption, Withdrawals, Objections

2-7-4 Adding Name by Petition

2-7-7 Persons Elected

2-7-1 PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to designate the method by which candidates for elective municipal offices in the City shall be nominated and elected.

2-7-2 NOMINATING METHOD TO BE USED. All candidates for elective municipal offices shall be nominated under the provisions of Chapter 45 of the Code of Iowa.

2-7-3 NOMINATIONS BY PETITION. Nominations for elective municipal offices of the City may be made by nomination paper or papers signed by not less than ten eligible electors, residents of the City.

2-7-4 ADDING NAME BY PETITION. The name of a candidate placed upon the ballot by any other method than by petition shall not be added by petition for the same office.

2-7-5 PREPARATION OF PETITION. Each eligible elector shall add to the signature the elector's residence address, and date of signing. The person whose nomination is proposed by the petition may not sign it. Before filing said petition, there shall be endorsed thereon or attached thereto an affidavit executed by the candidate, which affidavit shall contain:

1. Name and Residence. The name and residence (including street and number, if any) of said nominee, and the office to which nominated.

2. Name on Ballot. A request that the name of the nominee be printed upon the official ballot for the election.

3. Eligibility. A statement that the nominee is eligible to be a candidate for the office and if elected will qualify as such officer.

4. Organization Statement. A statement, in the form required by Iowa law, concerning the organization of the candidate's committee.

Such petition when so verified shall be known as a nomination paper.

2-7-6 FILING, PRESUMPTION, WITHDRAWALS, OBJECTIONS. The time and place of filing nomination petitions, the presumption of validity thereof, the right of a candidate so nominated to withdraw and the effect of such withdrawal, and the right to object to the legal sufficiency of such petitions, or to the eligibility of the candidate, shall be governed by the appropriate provisions of Chapter 44 of the Code of Iowa.

2-7-7 PERSONS ELECTED. The candidates who receive the greatest number of votes for each office on the ballot are elected, to the extent necessary to fill the positions open.

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 8 POLICE DEPARTMENT

2-8-1 Contract Law Enforcement

2-8-1 CONTRACT LAW ENFORCEMENT. In lieu of the appointment of a Police Chief by the Mayor, the City Council may contract with the Worth County Sheriff or any other qualified lawful entity to provide law enforcement services within the City and in such event the Sheriff or such other entity shall have and exercise the powers and duties of the Police Chief as provided herein.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 28E.30)

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 9 CITY COUNCIL

2-9-1 Powers and Duties

2-9-3 Meetings

2-9-2 Exercise of Power

2-9-1 POWER AND DUTIES. The powers and duties of the City Council include, but are not limited to the following:

1. General. All powers of the City are vested in the City Council except as otherwise provided by law or ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(1))

2. Wards. By ordinance, the City Council may divide the City into wards based upon population, change the boundaries of wards, eliminate wards or create new wards.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(7))

3. Fiscal Authority. The City Council shall apportion and appropriate all funds, and audit and allow all bills, accounts, payrolls and claims, and order payment thereof. It shall make all assessments for the cost of street improvements, sidewalks, sewers and other work, improvement or repairs which may be specially assessed.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(1), 384.16 & 384.38(1))

4. Public Improvements. The City Council shall make all orders for the doing of work, or the making or construction of any improvements, bridges or buildings.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(1))

5. Contracts. The City Council shall make or authorize the making of all contracts, and no contract shall bind or be obligatory upon the City unless either made by ordinance or resolution adopted by the City Council, or reduced to writing and approved by the City Council, or expressly authorized by ordinance or resolution adopted by the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(1) & 384.95 through 384.102)

6. Employees. The City Council shall authorize, by resolution, the number, duties, and compensation of employees or officers not otherwise provided for by the State law or the Code of Ordinances.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

7. Setting Compensation for Elected Officers. By ordinance, the City Council shall prescribe the compensation of the Mayor, City Council members, and other elected City officers, but a change in the compensation of the Mayor does not become effective during the term in which the change is adopted, and the City Council shall not adopt such an ordinance changing the compensation of any elected officer during the months of November and December in the year of a regular City election. A change in the compensation of City Council members becomes effective for all City Council members

at the beginning of the term of the City Council members elected at the election next following the change in compensation.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8))

2-9-2 EXERCISE OF POWER. The City Council shall exercise a power only by the passage of a motion, a resolution, an amendment, or an ordinance in the following manner: (Code of Lower Sec. 264.2(1))

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.3(1))

1. Approved Action by the City Council. Passage of an ordinance, amendment, or resolution requires an affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the City Council members. A motion to spend public funds in excess of ten thousand dollars \$25,000 on any one project, or a motion to accept public improvements and facilities upon their completion also requires an affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the City Council members. Each Council member's vote on an ordinance, amendment or resolution must be recorded.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.4)

2. Overriding Mayor's Veto. Within thirty (30) days after the Mayor's veto, the City Council may repass the ordinance or resolution by a vote of not less than two-thirds of the City Council members, and the ordinance or resolution becomes effective upon repassage and publication.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(2))

3. Measures Become Effective. Measures passed by the City Council, other than motions, become effective in one of the following ways:

a. If the Mayor signs the measure, a resolution becomes effective immediately upon signing and an ordinance or amendment becomes a law when published, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the measure.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(1))

b. If the Mayor vetoes a measure and the City Council repasses the measure after the Mayor's veto, a resolution becomes effective immediately upon repassage, and an ordinance or amendment becomes a law when published unless a subsequent effective date is provided with the measure. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(2))

c. If the Mayor takes no action on the measure, a resolution becomes effective fourteen (14) days after the date of passage and an ordinance or amendment becomes law when published, but not sooner than fourteen (14) days after the day of passage, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the measure.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(3))

2-9-3 MEETINGS.

1. Regular Meetings. The regular meetings of the City Council are on the second Monday of each month at six o'clock (6:00) p.m. in the City Council Chambers at City Hall. If such day falls on a legal holiday or for other reason, the meeting will be held on such different day or time as determined by the City Council.

2. Special Meetings. Special meetings shall be held upon call of the Mayor or upon the written request of a majority of the members of the City Council submitted to the City Clerk. Notice of a special meeting shall specify the date, time, place and subject of the meeting and such notice shall be given personally or left at the usual place of residence of each member of the City Council. A record of the service of notice shall be maintained by the City Clerk.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(5))

3. Quorum. A majority of all City Council members is a quorum. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(1))

4. Rules of Procedure. The City Council shall determine its own rules and maintain records of its proceedings.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(5))

5. Compelling Attendance. Any three (3) members of the City Council can compel the attendance of the absent members at any regular, adjourned or duly called meeting, by serving a written notice upon the absent members to attend at once.

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 1 OFFENSES

3-1-1 Violations of Chapter

3-1-2 Public Peace

3-1-3 Public Morals – Indecent Exposure

3-1-4 Public Morals - Urinating and

Defecating

3-1-5 Streets

3-1-6 Public Safety and Health

3-1-7 Public Property

3-1-1 VIOLATIONS OF CHAPTER. Commission of any of the acts named in the following sections by any person shall constitute a violation of this chapter.

3-1-2 PUBLIC PEACE. It shall be unlawful for any person to do any of the following:

1. Engage in fighting or violent behavior or invite or defy another person to fight, provided that participants in athletic contests may engage in such conduct which is reasonably related to that sport. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(1))

2. Make unusually loud or excessive noise which results in the disturbance of the peace and the public quiet of a neighborhood.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(2))

3. Willfully permit upon any premises owned, occupied, possessed or controlled by such person any unusually loud or excessive noise in such a manner calculated to provoke a breach of the peace of others, or the public quiet of the neighborhood.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(2))

4. Direct abusive language or make any threatening gesture which the person knows or reasonably should know is likely to provoke a violent reaction by another.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(3))

5. Without lawful authority or order of authority, disturb any lawful assembly or meeting of persons by conduct intended to disrupt the meeting or assembly.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(4))

6. Without authority, obstruct any street, sidewalk, highway or other public way. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(7))

7. Without authority, solicit contributions, distribute literature, or otherwise peddle or sell goods and services within the traveled portion of any roadway.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2)(a))

3-1-3 PUBLIC MORALS. Indecent exposure. It shall be unlawful for any person to expose such person's genitals, pubes, female nipples, or buttocks to another if the person knows or reasonably should know that such behavior would be offensive to a reasonable person.

3-1-4 PUBLIC MORALS. Urinating and Defecating. It is unlawful for any person to urinate or defecate onto any sidewalk, street, alley, or other public way, or onto any public or private building, including but not limited to the wall, floor, hallway, steps, stairway, doorway or window thereof, or onto any public or private land.

3-1-5 STREETS.

1. Removal of safeguards or danger signals. No person shall willfully remove, tear down, destroy, deface, or carry away from any highway, street, alley, avenue or bridge any lamp, obstruction, guard or other article or things, or extinguish any lamp or other light, erected or placed thereupon for the purpose of guarding or enclosing unsafe or dangerous places in said highway, street, alley, avenue or bridge without the consent of the person in control thereof.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.5)

2. Obstructing or defacing streets. No person shall obstruct, deface, or injure any public road in any manner by breaking up, plowing or digging within the boundary lines thereof, without permission from the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

3. Allowing water, snow, ice and accumulations on sidewalk. No abutting property owner shall allow water from an improperly located eave or drain, or from any roof, to fall onto a public sidewalk, or fail to remove snow, ice and accumulations from the sidewalks promptly. Upon failure by the abutting property owner to perform the action required under this subsection within a reasonable time, the City may perform the required action and assess the costs against the abutting property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2)(b and e))

4. Removal of hydrant caps, sewer caps or manhole covers. No person shall remove or carry away hydrant caps, sewer caps or manhole covers without the consent of the person in control thereof.

3-1-6 PUBLIC SAFETY AND HEALTH.

1. Expectorating. No person shall expectorate on the ground or on the floor of any structure within the City limits.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

2. Putting glass, etc., on streets and sidewalks. No person shall throw or deposit on any street or sidewalk any glass bottle, glass, nails, tacks, wire, cans, trash, garbage, rubbish, litter, offal, or any other debris, or any other substance, which the person knows or has reason to know may injure any person, animal or vehicle.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.369)

3. Carrying a concealed weapon. It shall be unlawful for any person to carry under such person's clothes or concealed about their person or to be found in possession of any slingshot, knuckles of metal or other material, air gun, or any other weapon other than a knife, unless licensed by the Worth County Sheriff or the Iowa Department of Public Safety.

4. False alarms. No person shall give or cause to be given any false alarm of a fire, nor set fire to any combustible material, or cry or sound an alarm or by any other means without cause.

5. Stench bombs. No person shall throw, drop, pour, explode, deposit, release, discharge or expose any stench bomb or tear bomb, or any liquid, gaseous or solid substance or matter of any kind that is injurious to persons or property, or that is nauseous, sickening, irritating or offensive to any of the senses in, on or about a theater, restaurant, car, structure, place of business, or amusement, or any place of public assemblage, or attempt to do any of these acts, or prepare or possess such devices or materials with intent to do any of these acts. This provision shall not apply to duly constituted police, military authorities, or peace officers in the discharge of their duties, or to licensed physicians, nurses, pharmacists and other similar persons licensed under the laws of this State; nor to any established place of business or home having tear gas installed as a protection against burglary, robbery or holdup, nor to any bank or other messenger carrying funds or other valuables.

6. Discharging firearms and fireworks.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.2)

a. No person, firm, or corporation shall discharge or fire any cannon, gun, bomb, pistol, air gun, or other firearms or any launched or propelled projectile or set off or burn firecrackers, torpedoes, sky rockets, roman candles, or other fireworks of like construction or any fireworks containing any explosive or inflammable compound, or other device containing any explosive.

b. The City Council may upon application in writing, grant a permit for the display and use of fireworks by any organization or groups of individuals when such fireworks display will be handled by a competent operator.

c. The City Council may, upon application in writing, grant a permit for the operation of a firing range in which the discharge of firearms for training, recreational or competitive events would be allowed upon showing that the range would be under the direction of a competent organization, group or individual.

d. In the interest of public health and safety and at such times as approved by the Chief of Police, the police or their designee may use firearms to control rodent or animal problems when it is evident that conventional control methods have not resolved the problem.

e. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the use of blank cartridges for a show or the theatre, or for signal purposes in athletic sports or by railroads, or trucks, for signal purposes, or by a recognized military organization and provided further that nothing in this section shall apply to any substance or composition prepared and used for medicinal or fumigation purposes.

7. Possession of Fireworks.

a. Definition. The term "fireworks" includes any explosive composition, or combination of explosives, substances or articles prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion or detonation and includes blank cartridges, firecrackers, torpedoes, sky rockets, Roman Candles or other fireworks of like construction and fireworks containing any explosive or flammable compound, or other device containing any explosive substance. The term "fireworks" does not include gold star-producing sparklers on wires that contain no magnesium or chlorate or perchlorate, flitter sparklers in paper tubes that do not exceed 1/8 inch in diameter, toy snakes that contain no mercury, or caps used in cap pistols.

b. Exemption. The use of blank cartridges for a show or the theater, or for signal purposes in athletic events, or by railroads or trucks for signal purposes, or by recognized military organizations is exempt from this Subsection.

8. Abandoned refrigerators. No person shall place, or allow to be placed, any discarded, abandoned, unattended or unused refrigerator, ice box or similar container equipped with an air-tight door or lid, snap lock, or other locking device which cannot be released from the inside, in a location accessible to children, outside any building, dwelling, or within an unoccupied or abandoned building or dwelling, or other structure, under such person's control without first removing the door, lid, snap lock, or other locking device from said icebox, refrigerator or similar container. This provision applies equally to the owner of any such refrigerator, icebox or similar container, and to the owner or occupant of the premises where the hazard is permitted to remain.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.3)

9. Impersonating an officer. No person shall falsely represent themself or falsely assume to be any law enforcement officer, judge or magistrate. It shall be unlawful to wear or adopt the uniform or insignia of any law enforcement officer on any street or public place.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 718.2)

10. Harassment of City Employees.

a. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully prevent, resist or obstruct or attempt to prevent, resist or obstruct any City employee from the performance of any official duty.

b. It shall be unlawful for any person to communicate by any means, any threat of bodily or property harm to any City employee or to any member of his or her family during the course of, or as a result of, the performance of any official duty by said City employee.

11. Antenna and radio wires. No person shall allow, locate or maintain any antenna wires, antenna supports, radio wires, telecommunications wires or television wires to exist over any street, alley, highway, sidewalk or public property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

12. Barbed wire. No person shall install, allow to be installed or use barbed wire without the consent of the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

13. Playing in streets. No person shall coast, sled or play games on streets or highways except in areas blocked off by the Chief of Police for such purposes.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12)

14. Littering Prohibited.

a. As used in this Code, "discard" means to place, cause to be placed, throw, deposit or drop, and "litter" means any garbage, rubbish, trash, refuse, waste material and yard waste.

b. No person shall discard any litter within the City of Joice, except as provided and approved by the City of Joice, by collecting and discarding such litter in approved areas or approved receptacles.

C. It is unlawful for any person to deposit or place any garbage, rubbish, trash, refuse, waste material or yard waste in any street, alley, lane, public place, private property, or body of water within the City.

d. It is unlawful to place garbage, refuse or yard waste on the private property of another, or into another garbage, refuse or yard waste containers for the purpose of being hauled away.

e. It is unlawful to permit garbage, yard waste or refuse to remain for more than ten (10) days on private property that is under one's ownership, possession or control. Yard waste may be retained more than ten (10) days if composting is being completed.

f. Notwithstanding the above provisions, garbage, refuse or yard waste may be placed on the untraveled portions of streets, alleys, lanes, public places or on private property to be hauled away, provided the garbage, refuse or yard waste is kept in place in the manner prescribed in this Code.

3-1-7 PUBLIC PROPERTY.

1. Defacing public grounds. No person shall cut, break or deface any tree or shrub in a public park or on any avenue thereto by willfully defacing, cutting, breaking or injuring, except by the authority of the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

2. Injuring new pavement. No person shall injure new pavement in any street, alley or sidewalk by willfully driving, walking or making marks on such pavement before it is ready for use.

(Code of Iowa, 364.12(2))

3. Destroying park equipment. No person shall destroy or injure any property or equipment in public swimming pools, playgrounds or parks by willfully defacing, breaking, damaging, mutilating or cutting.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

4. Injury to public library books or property. No person shall willfully, or recklessly tear, deface, mutilate, injure or destroy, in whole or in part, any newspaper, periodical, book, map, pamphlet, chart, picture or other property belonging to any public library or reading room.

5. Defacing or destroying proclamations or notices. No person shall intentionally deface, obliterate, tear down or destroy in whole or in part any transcript or extract from or of any law of the United States or of this State, or any proclamation, advertisement or notification, set up at any place within the City by authority of law or by order of any court, during the time for which the same is to remain set up.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

6. Injury to fire apparatus. No person shall willfully destroy or injure any engines, hose carriage, hose, hook and ladder carriage, or other things used and kept for extinguishment of fires. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

7. Injury to city ambulance or paramedic apparatus. No person shall willfully destroy or injure any ambulance or paramedic unit, equipment or other things used to administer medical care. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

8. Obstructing or defacing roads. No person shall obstruct, deface or injure any public road by breaking up, plowing or digging within the boundary lines thereof.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

9. Injury to roads, railways, and other utilities. No person shall maliciously injure, remove or destroy any electric railway or apparatus belonging thereto, or any bridge, rail or plank road; or place or cause to be placed, any obstruction on any electric railway, or on any such bridge, rail or plank road; or willfully obstruct or injure any public road or highway; or maliciously cut, burn, or in any way break down, injure or destroy any post or pole used in connection with any system of electric lighting, electric railway, or telephone or telegraph system; or break down and destroy or injure and deface any electric light, telegraph or telephone instrument; or in any way cut, break or injure the wires of any apparatus belonging thereto; or willfully without proper authorization tap, cut, injure, break, disconnect, connect, make any connection with, or destroy any of the wires, mains, pipes, conduits, meters or other apparatus belonging to, or attached to the power plant or distributing system of any electric light plant, electric motor, gas plant or water or sewer plant; or aid or abet any other person in so doing.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

10. Tapping into Utility Transmission Cables. No person shall connect to any transmission cable without first obtaining permission from the owner of the cable.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.8)

11. Obstructing ditches and breaking levees. No person shall divert, obstruct, impede, or fill up, without legal authority, any ditch, drain, or watercourse, or break down any levee established, constructed, or maintained under any provision of law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 2 NUISANCES

3-2-1	Definitions	3-2-7	Request for Hearing and Appeal
3-2-2	Nuisances Prohibited	3-2-8	Abatement in Emergency
3-2-3	Other Conditions Regulated	3-2-9	Abatement by Municipality
3-2-4	Notice to Abate Nuisance or	3-2-10	Collection of Cost of Abatement
	Condition	3-2-11	Installment Payment of Cost of
3-2-5	Contents of Notice to Abate		Abatement
3-2-6	Method of Service	3-2-12	Condemnation of Nuisance

3-2-1 DEFINITIONS. For use in this Ordinance, the following terms are defined:

1. NUISANCES DECLARED. The term "nuisance" means whatever is injurious to health, indecent, or unreasonably offensive to the senses or an obstacle to the free use of property, so as essentially to unreasonably interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property. Nuisances shall include, but not be limited to, those activities and items hereinafter set forth in this section below: (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.1)

a. The erecting, continuing, or using any building or other place for the exercise of any trade, employment, or manufacture, which by occasioning noxious exhalations, unreasonably offensive smells, or other annoyances, becomes injurious and dangerous to the health, comfort, or property of individuals or the public.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(1))

b. The causing or suffering any offal, filth, or noisome substance to accumulate or to remain in any place to the prejudice of others.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(2))

c. The obstructing or impeding without legal authority the passage of any navigable river, harbor, or collection of water.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(3))

d. The corrupting or rendering unwholesome or impure the water of any river, stream, or pond, or unlawfully diverting the same from its natural course or state, to the injury or prejudice of others. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(4))

e. The obstructing or encumbering by fences, buildings, or otherwise the public roads, private ways, streets, alleys, commons, landing places, or burying grounds.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(5))

f. Houses of ill fame, kept for the purpose of prostitution and lewdness, gambling houses, or houses resorted to for the use of opium or hashish or houses where drunkenness, quarreling, fighting or breaches of the peace are carried on or permitted to the disturbance of others.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(6))

g. Billboards, signboards, and advertising signs, whether erected and constructed on public or private property, which so obstruct and impair the view of any portion or part of a public street, avenue, highway, boulevard or alley or of a railroad or street railway track as to render dangerous the use thereof, especially near intersecting streets.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(7))

h. Cotton-bearing cottonwood trees and all other cotton-bearing poplar trees in the City.

i. The depositing or storing of flammable junk, such as old rags, rope, cordage, rubber, bones, and paper, by any person, including a dealer in such articles, within the fire limits of this City, unless it be in a building of fire resistant construction.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(9))

j. The emission of dense smoke, noxious fumes, or fly ash. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(10))

k. Any condition relating to weeds which is described as a nuisance in the Joice Municipal Code of Ordinances or under State Law. Dense growth of all weeds, grasses, vines, brush, or other vegetation in the City so as to constitute a health, safety, or fire hazard including any City owned property between the abutting property line and the street right-of-way. Any condition related to weeds described or defined as a nuisance under the Code of Iowa or the City Municipal Code.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(11))

1. Trees infected with Dutch elm disease.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(12))

m. Effluent from septic tank or drain field running or ponding on the ground in the open.

n. Any article or substance placed upon a street, alley, sidewalk, public ground, or in any ditch, waterway, or gutter so as to obstruct the drainage.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

o. Accumulations of rubbish or trash tending to harbor vermin, rodents, and rank growth of weeds or other vegetation and plants, which is conducive to hazard.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2)

p. Mowing of Weeds and Grass.

1. Dense growth of weeds and grasses is further defined as permitting weeds and grasses to grow to a height greater than eight (8") inches on any portion of any parcel of real property within one hundred (100') feet of any parcel of real property having a structure used for housing or business purposes, or within one hundred (100') feet of any parcel of real property with a city owned structure or maintained by the City as a park or greenway and within the developed portion of the City. As owners of real property are required to maintain all property outside the lot and property lines and inside the curb lines (edge of pavement) upon the public streets the one hundred (100) feet shall be measured from the curb line when the property containing the nuisance is across a public street. If a property owner does not mow/maintain lawns/weeds/grass at or below eight (8") inches, the City shall send notice giving

the owner a reasonable time to remedy the situation before the City shall mow at a rate of \$25.00 per hour to be added to the monthly utility bill with the same requirements and penalties.

2. The height restriction for grasses shall not apply to a person owning or lawfully possessing real property with grasses grown as agricultural crops.

3. Owners of any real property must control growth of noxious weeds as defined and administered by the Code of the County of Cerro Gordo.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(11))

2. The term "property owner" means the contract purchaser if there is one of record, otherwise the record holder of legal title.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

3-2-2 NUISANCES PROHIBITED. The creation or maintenance of a nuisance is prohibited, and a nuisance, public or private, may be abated in the manner provided in this chapter. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.3)

3-2-3 OTHER CONDITIONS REGULATED. The following actions are required and may also be abated in the manner provided in this Ordinance:

1. The removal of diseased trees or dead wood, but not diseased trees and dead wood outside the lot and property lines and inside the curb lines upon the public street.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(b))

2. The removal, repair, or dismantling of dangerous buildings or structures. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(c))

3. The numbering of buildings.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(d))

4. The connection to public drainage systems from abutting property when necessary for public health or safety.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(e))

5. The connection to public sewer systems from abutting property, and the installation of sanitary toilet facilities and removal of other toilet facilities on such property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(f))

6. The cutting or destruction of weeds or other growth which constitutes a health, safety, or fire hazard.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(g))

3-2-4 NOTICE TO ABATE NUISANCE OR CONDITION. Whenever the Mayor or other authorized municipal officer finds that a nuisance or other prohibited condition exists which is listed in Section 3, the Mayor or officer shall notify the property owner as shown by the records of the County Auditor to abate the nuisance within a reasonable time after notice.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-5 CONTENTS OF NOTICE TO ABATE. The notice to abate shall contain: (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

- 1. A description of what constitutes the nuisance or other condition.
- 2. The location of the nuisance or condition.
- 3. A statement of the act or acts necessary to abate the nuisance or condition.
- 4. A reasonable time within which to complete the abatement.

5. A statement that if the nuisance or condition is not abated as directed and no request for hearing is made within the time prescribed, the City will abate it and assess the costs against such person.

3-2-6 METHOD OF SERVICE. The notice may be sent by regular mail to the property owner as shown by the records of the County Auditor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-7 REQUEST FOR HEARING AND APPEAL. Any person ordered to abate a nuisance or condition may have a hearing with the officer ordering the abatement as to whether a nuisance or prohibited condition exists. A request for a hearing must be made in writing and delivered to the officer ordering the abatement within the time stated in the notice, or it will be conclusively presumed that a nuisance or prohibited condition exists and it must be abated as ordered.

At the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer shall render a written decision as to whether a nuisance or prohibited condition exists. If the officer finds that a nuisance or prohibited condition exists, the officer must order it abated within an additional time which must be reasonable under the circumstances. An appeal from this decision may be had by immediately filing a written notice with the hearing officer. This appeal shall be heard before the City Council at a time and place fixed by the Council. The findings of the Council shall be conclusive and, if a nuisance or prohibited condition is found to exist, it shall be ordered abated within a time reasonable under the circumstances.

3-2-8 ABATEMENT IN EMERGENCY. If it is determined that an emergency exists by reason of the continuing maintenance of the nuisance or condition, the City may perform any action that may be required under this chapter without prior notice, and assess the costs as provided herein, after notice to the property owner under the applicable provision of Sections 3-2-4 and 3-2-5 and hearing as provided in Section 3-2-7.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-9 ABATEMENT BY MUNICIPALITY. If the person notified to abate a nuisance or condition neglects or fails to abate as directed, the City may perform the required action to abate, keeping an accurate account of the expense incurred. The itemized expense account shall be filed with the City Clerk, who shall pay such expenses on behalf of the municipality.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-10 COLLECTION OF COST OF ABATEMENT. The Clerk shall mail a statement of the total expense incurred to the property owner who has failed to abide by the notice to abate, and if the amount shown by the statement has not been paid within one month, the City Clerk shall certify the costs to the County Auditor and they shall then be collected with, and in the same manner, as general property taxes. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-11 INSTALLMENT PAYMENT OF COST OF ABATEMENT. If the amount expended to abate the nuisance or condition exceeds \$100, the City may permit the assessment to be paid in up to ten annual installments, to be paid in the same manner and at the same rate of interest charged delinquent real estate taxes by the County Treasurer.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.13)

3-2-12 CONDEMNATION OF NUISANCE. The City may condemn a residential building found to be abandoned and a public nuisance and take title to the property for the public purpose of disposing of the property under Chapter 657A by conveying the property to a private individual for rehabilitation or for demolition and construction of housing.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12A)

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 3 TRAFFIC CODE

- 3-3-1 Short Title
- 3-3-2 Definitions
- 3-3-3 Traffic Accident Reports

ENFORCEMENT AND OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

- 3-3-4 Authority of Police and Fire Department Officials
- 3-3-5 Required Obedience to Provisions of this Chapter and State Law

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 3-3-6 Authority to Install Traffic-Control Devices
- 3-3-7 Chief of Police to Designate Crosswalks, Establish, and Mark Traffic Lanes
- 3-3-8 Play Streets

TURNING MOVEMENTS

- 3-3-9 Turning Markers, Buttons and Signs
- 3-3-10 Authority to Place Restricted Turn Signs
- 3-3-11 Obedience to No-Turn Signs
- 3-3-12 "U" Turns

ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS

- 3-3-13 Authority to Designate One-Way Streets and Alleys
- 3-3-14 Authority to Restrict Direction of Movement on Streets During Certain Periods

SPECIAL STOPS REQUIRED

- 3-3-15 Authority to Erect Stop Signs
- 3-3-16 Stops at Intersecting Through Highways and Other Intersections
- 3-3-17 Stop When Traffic is Obstructed
- 3-3-18 School Stops

METHOD OF PARKING

- 3-3-19 Standing or Parking Close to Curb
- 3-3-20 Angle Parking
- 3-3-21 Obedience to Angle Parking Signs or Markings

STOPPING, STANDING, OR PARKING PROHIBITED IN SPECIFIED PLACES

- 3-3-22 Stopping, Standing, or Parking Prohibited in Specified Places
- 3-3-23 Authority to Paint Curbs and Erect Signs Prohibiting Standing or Parking
- 3-3-24 Authority to Impound Vehicles

STOPPING, STANDING OR PARKING

- 3-3-25 Parking Signs Required
- 3-3-26 Parking During Snow Emergency
- 3-3-27 All-Night Parking Prohibited
- 3-3-28 Truck Parking Limited

MISCELLANEOUS DRIVING RULES

- 3-3-29 Vehicles Not to Be Driven on Sidewalks
- 3-3-30 Clinging to Vehicles
- 3-3-31 Parking for Certain Purposes Prohibited
- 3-3-32 Driving Through Funeral or Other Procession
- 3-3-33 Drivers in A Procession
- 3-3-34 Funeral Processions to be Identified
- 3-3-35 Load Restrictions Upon Vehicles Using Certain Streets
- 3-3-36 Truck Routes.
- 3-3-37 Vehicular Noise
- 3-3-38 Engine and Compression Brakes

BICYCLE REGULATIONS

- 3-3-39 Definitions
- 3-3-40 Traffic Code Applies to Persons Riding Bicycles
- 3-3-41 Riding on Bicycles
- 3-3-42 Riding on Roadways and Bicycle Paths
- 3-3-43 Speed
- 3-3-44 Emerging From Alley or Driveway
- 3-3-45 Carrying Articles
- 3-3-46 Parking
- 3-3-47 Riding on Sidewalks
- 3-3-48 Lamps and Other Equipment on Bicycles

OFF-ROAD VEHICLES

- 3-3-56 Definitions
- 3-3-57 Operation of Off-Road Vehicles

GOLF CARTS

- 3-3-58 Definitions
- 3-3-59 Operation of Golf Carts

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE

- 3-3-60 Citation Placed on Illegally Parked Vehicle
- 3-3-61 Presumption in Reference to Illegal Parking
- 3-3-62 Local Parking Fines
- 3-3-63 Failure to Pay Parking Citations

SNOWMOBILES

- 3-3-49 Snowmobile Definitions.
- 3-3-50 Permitted Areas of Operation
- 3-3-51 Regulations
- 3-3-52 Equipment Required
- 3-3-53 Unattended Vehicles
- 3-3-54 Restriction of Operation
- 3-3-55 Traffic Regulation

3-3-1 SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be known and cited as the "Traffic Code".

3-3-2 DEFINITIONS. Where words and phrases used in this chapter are defined in Chapter 321 of the Code of Iowa, such definitions shall apply to this Ordinance.

1. "Park and parking" means the stopping or standing of a vehicle, except for the purpose of, and while actually engaged in, loading or unloading merchandise or passengers.

2. "Stand or standing" means the halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or discharging passengers.

3. "Stop", when required means complete cessation of movement.

4. "Stop or stopping", when prohibited, means any halting of a vehicle, even momentarily, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or traffic-control sign or signal.

5. "Business districts" means: the territory contiguous to and including a highway when fifty percent or more of the frontage thereon for a distance of three hundred feet or more is occupied by buildings in use for business.

6. "Residential districts" means all areas of the City not included in business districts.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.1)

3-3-3 TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORTS. The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident within the limits of this City shall file a report as and when required by the Iowa Department of Transportation. A copy of this report shall be filed with the Chief of Police. All such reports shall be for the confidential use of the police department and shall be subject to the provisions of Section 321.271 of the Code of Iowa.

The City shall maintain a suitable system of filing traffic accident reports. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.266)

ENFORCEMENT AND OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

3-3-4 AUTHORITY OF POLICE AND FIRE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS. Provisions of this chapter and the Iowa law relating to motor vehicles and law of the road shall be enforced by the officers of the police department. The officers of the police department are hereby authorized to direct all traffic by voice, hand or signal in conformance with traffic laws. In the event of a fire or other emergency, officers of the police department may direct traffic as conditions require notwithstanding the provisions of the traffic laws. Officers of the fire department may direct or assist the police in directing traffic threat or in the immediate vicinity.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.229)

3-3-5 REQUIRED OBEDIENCE TO PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER AND STATE LAW. Any person who shall willfully fail or refuse to comply with any lawful order of a police officer or direction of a fire department officer during a fire, or who fails to abide by the provisions of this chapter and the applicable provisions of the following Iowa statutes relating to motor vehicles and the law of the road is in violation of this chapter. These sections of the Code are adopted by reference:

- 1. 321.98 Operation without registration.
- 2. 321.180 Violations of instruction permit limitations.
- 3. 321.193 Violation of conditions of restricted license.
- 4. 321.194 Violation of conditions of minor's school license.
- 5. 321.216 Unlawful use of license.
- 6. 321.218 Driving without a valid license (as to simple misdemeanor offenses only).
- 7. 321.219 Permitting unauthorized minor to drive.
- 8. 321.220 Permitting unauthorized person to drive.
- 9. 321.229 Failure to comply with lawful order of peace officer.
- 10. 321.231 Failure of driver of emergency vehicle to exercise caution while on emergency run (stop signs and signals).
- 11. 321.232 Radar jamming devices.
- 12. 321.234 Failure to observe seating requirements.
- 13. 321.236 (Parking) Violation of local ordinance (not a state offense).
- 14. 321.256 Failure to obey traffic control device.
- 15. 321.257 Failure to obey or yield to pedestrian or to official traffic control signal.
- 16. 321.260 Unlawful possession of, or interference with traffic control device.
- 17. 321.264 Striking unattended vehicle.
- 18. 321.265 Striking fixtures upon a highway.
- 19. 321.275 Motorcycle and motorized bicycles violations.
- 20. 321.277 Reckless driving.
- 21. 321.278 Drag racing prohibited.

22.	321.285	Speed restrictions.
22. 23.	321.285	Truck speed limits (highway).
23. 24.	321.280	
24. 25.		Bus speed limits (highway). Failure to maintain control.
	321.288	
26. 27	321.294	Failure to maintain minimum speed when directed by officer.
27.	321.295	Excessive speed on bridge.
28.	321.297	Driving on wrong side of two-way highway.
29. 20	321.298	Failure to yield half of roadway upon meeting vehicle.
30. 21	321.299	Passing on wrong side.
31.	321.303	Unsafe passing.
32.	321.304	Unlawful passing.
33.	321.305	Violating one-way traffic designation.
34.	321.306	Improper use of lanes.
35.	321.307	Following too closely.
36.	321.308	Following too closely (trucks and towing vehicles).
37.		Failure to use approved drawbar.
38.	321.310	Unlawful towing of four-wheeled trailer.
39.	321.311	Turning from improper lane.
40.	321.312	Making U-turn on curve or hill.
41.	321.313	Unsafe starting of a stopped vehicle.
42.	321.314	Unsafe turn or failure to give signal.
43.	321.315	Failure to give continuous turn signal.
44.	321.316	Failure to signal stop or rapid deceleration.
45.	321.317	Signal light requirements; see equipment violation.
46.	321.318	Incorrect hand signal.
47.	321.319	Failure to yield to vehicle on right.
48.	321.320	Failure to yield upon left turn.
49.	321.321	Failure to yield upon entering through highway.
50.	321.322	Failure to obey stop or yield sign.
51.	321.323	Unsafe backing on highway.
52.	321.324	Failure to yield to emergency vehicle.
53.	321.325	Pedestrian disobeying traffic control signal.
54.	321.326	Pedestrian walking on wrong side of highway.
55.	321.327	Pedestrian right-of-way.
56.	321.328	Pedestrian failing to use crosswalk.
57.	321.329	Vehicle failing to yield to pedestrian.
58.	321.331	Soliciting ride from within roadway.
59.	321.332	Unlawful use of white cane.
60.	321.333	Failure to yield to blind person.
61.	321.340	Driving in or through safety zone.
62.	321.341	Failure to properly stop at railroad crossing.
63.	321.342	Failure to obey stop sign at railroad crossing.
64.	321.343	Failure to stop certain cargo or passenger vehicle at railroad crossing.
65.	321.344	Unlawful movement of construction equipment across railroad track.
66.	321.353	Unsafe entry into sidewalk or roadway.
67.	321.354	Stopping on traveled part of highway.
68.	321.358	Stopping, standing, or parking where prohibited.
69.	321.360	Prohibited parking in front of certain buildings.
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70.	221 261	Destring to a fair from and /on onlar northing
70. 71.	321.361	Parking too far from curb/angular parking.
	321.362	Parking without stopping engine and setting brake.
72.	321.363	Driving with obstructed view or control.
73.	321.365	Coasting upon downgrade.
74.	321.366	Improper use of median, curb, or controlled access facility.
75.	321.367	Failure to maintain distance fire-fighting vehicle.
76.	321.368	Crossing unprotected fire hose.
77.	321.369	Putting debris on highway/roadway.
78.	321.370	Removing injurious material.
79.	321.371	Clearing up wrecks.
80.	321.372	School bus provisions.
81.	321.377	Excessive speed of school bus.
82.	321.381	Driving or towing unsafe vehicle.
83.	321.382	Operating underpowered vehicle.
84.	321.383	Failure to display reflective device on slow-moving vehicles.
85.	321.384	Failure to use headlamps when required.
86.	321.385	Insufficient number of headlamps.
87.	321.386	Insufficient number of headlamps-motorcycles and motorized bicycles.
88.	321.387	Improper rear lamp.
89.	321.388	Improper registration plate lamp.
90.	321.389	Improper rear reflector.
91.	321.390	Reflector requirements.
92.	321.391	Improper type of reflector.
93.	321.392	Improper clearance lighting on truck or trailer.
94.	321.393	Lighting device color and mounting.
95.	321.394	No lamp or flag on rear-projecting load.
96.	321.395	Parking on certain roadways without parking lights.
97.	321.397	Improper light on bicycle.
98.	321.398	Improper light on other vehicle.
99.	321.402	Improper use of spotlight.
100.	321.403	Improper use of auxiliary driving lights.
101.	321.404	Improper brake light.
102.	321.408	Back-up lamps.
103.	321.409	Improperly adjusted headlamps.
104.	321.415	Failure to dim.
105.	321.419	Improper headlighting when night driving.
106.	321.420	Excessive number of driving lights.
107.	321.422	Lights of improper color-front or rear.
108.	321.423	Special light/signal provision.
109.	321.430	Defective braking equipment.
110.	321.431	Brake performance ability.
111.	321.432	Defective audible warning device.
112.	321.433	Unauthorized use of emergency audible warning devices on motor vehicle.
112.		Use of siren or whistle on bicycle.
113. 114.	321.436	Defective or unauthorized muffler system.
114.	321.437	Mirrors.
115. 116.	321.437	Windshields.
117.	321.439	Defective windshield wiper.
11/.	521.757	Derective windsmede wiper.

118.	321.440	Defective tires.
119.	321.441	Unauthorized use of metal tire or track.
120.	321.442	Unauthorized use of metal projection on wheels.
121.	321.444	Failure to use safety glass.
122.	321.445	Failure to maintain or use safety belts.
123.	321.446	Failure to secure child.
124.	321.449	Special regulations.
125.	321.450	Hazardous materials.
126.	321.454	Width and length violations.
127.	321.455	Excessive side projection of load – passenger vehicle.
128.	321.456	Excessive height.
129.	321.457	Excessive length.
130.	321.458	Excessive projection from front of vehicle.
131.	321.459	Excessive weight – dual axels (each over 2000 lb. over).
132.	321.460	Spilling loads on highways.
133.	321.461	Excessive tow-bar length.
134.	321.462	Failure to use required towing equipment.
135.	321.463	Maximum gross weight.

136. 321.466 Gross weight in excess of registered gross weight (for each 2000 lb. over).

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

3-3-6 AUTHORITY TO INSTALL TRAFFIC-CONTROL DEVICES. The Chief of Police shall cause to be placed and maintained traffic-control devices when and as required under this chapter or other Ordinances of this City to make effective their provisions, and may so cause to be placed and maintained such additional, emergency, or temporary traffic-control devices for the duration of an emergency or temporary condition as traffic conditions may require, to regulate traffic under the traffic Ordinances of this City or under State law or to guide or warn traffic.

The Chief of Police shall keep a record of all traffic-control devices maintained by the department.

All traffic-control devices shall comply with current standards established by the <u>Manual of Uniform</u> <u>Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways</u> at the time the control device is placed or erected. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.255 and 321.256)

3-3-7 CHIEF OF POLICE TO DESIGNATE CROSSWALKS, ESTABLISH, AND MARK TRAFFIC LANES. The Chief of Police is hereby authorized:

1. To designate and maintain by appropriate devices, marks or lines upon the surface of the roadway, crosswalks at intersections where, due to traffic conditions, there is particular danger to pedestrians crossing the street or roadway, and at such other places as traffic conditions require.

2. To mark lanes for traffic on street pavements at such places as traffic conditions require, consistent with the traffic Code of this City. Where traffic lanes have been marked, it shall be unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to fail or refuse to keep such vehicle within the boundaries of a lane except when lawfully passing another vehicle or preparatory to making a lawful turning movement.

3-3-8 PLAY STREETS. The Chief of Police has the authority to declare any street or part thereof a play street and to place appropriate signs or devices in the roadway indicating and helping to protect the same.

Whenever authorized signs are erected indicating any street or part thereof as a play street, no person shall drive a vehicle upon the street or any portion thereof except drivers of vehicles having business or whose residences are within the closed area, and then the driver shall exercise the greatest care in driving upon the street or portion thereof.

TURNING MOVEMENTS

3-3-9 TURNING MARKERS, BUTTONS AND SIGNS. The Chief of Police may cause markers, buttons, or signs to be placed within or adjacent to intersections, and thereby require and direct, as traffic conditions require, that a different course from that specified by the State law be traveled by vehicles turning at intersections, and when markers, buttons, or signs are so placed no driver of a vehicle shall turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by the markers, buttons, or signs, including right-hand turns at intersections with automatic traffic signals.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.311)

3-3-10 AUTHORITY TO PLACE RESTRICTED TURN SIGNS. The Chief of Police is authorized to determine those intersections, as traffic conditions require, at which the drivers of vehicles shall not make a right or left turn. The making of turns may be prohibited between certain hours of any day, in which event the same shall be plainly indicated on signs.

3-3-11 OBEDIENCE TO NO-TURN SIGNS. Whenever authorized signs are erected indicating that no right or left turn is permitted, no driver of a vehicle shall disobey the directions of any such signs.

3-3-12 "U" TURNS. It shall be unlawful for a driver to make a "U" turn except at an intersection. "U" turns are prohibited at intersections within the business district and at intersections where there are automatic traffic signals.

ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS

3-3-13 AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS. Whenever any traffic Code of this City designates any one-way street or alley the Chief of Police shall cause to be placed and maintained signs giving notice thereof and the regulation shall not be effective unless the signs are in place. Signs indicating the direction of traffic movement shall be placed at every intersection where movement of traffic in the opposite direction is prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any vehicle in violation of markings, signs, barriers or other devices placed in accordance with this section.

3-3-14 AUTHORITY TO RESTRICT DIRECTION OF MOVEMENT ON STREETS DURING CERTAIN PERIODS. The Chief of Police is authorized to determine and recommend to the Council certain streets, or specified lanes thereon, upon which vehicular traffic shall proceed in one direction during one period and the opposite direction during another period of the day and shall, upon authority given by Ordinance, place and maintain appropriate markings, signs, barriers, or other devices to give notice thereof. The Chief of Police may erect signs temporarily designating lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction, regardless of the center line of the roadway.

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any vehicle in violation of markings, signs, barriers, or other devices placed in accordance with this section.

SPECIAL STOPS REQUIRED

3-3-15 AUTHORITY TO ERECT STOP SIGNS. Whenever any Ordinance of this City designates and describes a through highway it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to cause to be placed and maintained a stop sign on each and every street intersecting through highway except as modified in the case of intersecting through highways.

3-3-16 STOPS AT INTERSECTING THROUGH HIGHWAYS AND OTHER INTERSECTIONS. At the intersections of through highways and at intersections upon streets other than through highways, where, because of heavy cross-traffic or other traffic conditions, particular hazard exists, the Chief of Police is hereby authorized to determine whether vehicles shall stop or yield at one or more entrances to the intersection and shall present recommendations to the Council, and, upon approval of the Council, shall erect an appropriate sign at every place where a stop or yield is required.

Every driver of a vehicle shall stop in accordance with the following:

- 1. Western Street. Vehicles traveling on Western Street shall stop at Main Street.
- 2. Willow Street. Vehicles traveling on Willow Street shall stop at Main Street.
- 3. Lindon Street. Vehicles traveling on Lindon Street shall stop at Main Street.
- 4. State Street. Vehicles traveling on State Street shall stop at Main Street.
- 5. Front Street. Vehicles traveling on Front Street shall stop at Main Street.
- 6. Lake Street. Vehicles traveling west on Lake Street shall stop at Western Street.
- 7. Keerl Street. Vehicles traveling west on Keerl Street shall stop at Western Street.
- 8. Main Street. Vehicles traveling west on Main Street shall stop at Western Street.
- 9. Franke Street. Vehicles traveling west on Franke Street shall stop at Western Street.
- 10. Opportunity Street. Vehicles traveling west on Opportunity Street shall stop at Western Street.
- 11. Franke Street. Vehicles traveling east on Franke Street shall stop at Front Street.
- 12. Front Street. Vehicles traveling north on Front Street shall stop at Lake Street.
- 13. State Street. Vehicles traveling north on State street shall stop at Lake Street.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.345)

3-3-17 STOP WHEN TRAFFIC IS OBSTRUCTED. Notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to proceed, no driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle.

3-3-18 SCHOOL STOPS. When a vehicle approaches an authorized school stop, the driver shall bring the vehicle to a full stop at a point ten feet from the approach side of the crosswalk marked by an authorized school stop sign, and thereafter proceed in a careful and prudent manner until the driver shall have passed such school site.

METHOD OF PARKING

3-3-19 STANDING OR PARKING CLOSE TO CURB. No person shall stand or park a vehicle in a roadway other than parallel with the edge of the roadway headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement and with the right-hand wheels of the vehicle within eighteen inches of the curb or edge of the roadway except as provided in the case of angle parking and vehicles parked on the left-hand side of one-way streets.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)

3-3-20 ANGLE PARKING. Angle or diagonal parking is permitted only in the following locations:

- 1. Main Street on both sides from Front Street to State Street.
- 2. State Street on the West side from Main Street to the alley north of Main Street. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)

3-3-21 OBEDIENCE TO ANGLE PARKING SIGNS OR MARKINGS. Upon those streets or portions of streets that have been signed or marked for angle parking, no person shall park or stand a vehicle other than at an angle to the curb or edge of the roadway or in the center of the roadway as indicated by the signs and markings.

STOPPING, STANDING, OR PARKING PROHIBITED IN SPECIFIED PLACES

3-3-22 STOPPING, STANDING, OR PARKING PROHIBITED IN SPECIFIED PLACES. No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or traffic-control device, in any of the following places: (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358)

- 1. On a sidewalk.
- 2. In front of a public or private driveway.
- 3. Within an intersection.
- 4. Within five (5) feet of either side of the point on the curb nearest to a fire hydrant.
- 5. On a crosswalk.

6. Within ten (10) feet upon the approach to any flashing beacon, stop sign, or traffic-control signal located at the side of the roadway.

7. Within fifty (50) feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing, except when parked parallel with such rail and not exhibiting a red light.

8. Within twenty (20) feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within seventy-five (75) feet of said entrance when properly signposted.

9. Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when such stopping, standing, or parking would obstruct traffic.

10. On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of street.

11. Opposite the entrance to a garage or driveway in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than twenty (20) feet of the width of the roadway for the free movement of vehicular traffic.

12. Upon any street or in any alley in any part of the City in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than ten (10) feet of the width of the roadway of such street or alley for the free movement of vehicular traffic, except when necessary in obedience to traffic regulations or traffic signs, or signals of a police officer.

13. At any place where official signs or curb markings prohibit stopping, standing or parking.

14. Within ten (10) feet of the crosswalk at all intersections within the City.

15. In an alley under any fire escape at any time.

3-3-23 AUTHORITY TO PAINT CURBS AND ERECT SIGNS PROHIBITING STANDING OR PARKING. When, because of restricted visibility or when standing or parked vehicles constitute a hazard to moving traffic, or when other traffic conditions require, the Chief of Police may cause curbings to be painted with a yellow or orange color and erect "no parking" or "standing" signs. It shall be unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to stand or park a vehicle in an area so painted or sign-posted. It shall be unlawful for any person, other than after having first secured the permission of the Chief of Police, to paint any curbing, sidewalk or street with yellow or orange colored paint or to erect "no parking" signs.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358(10))

3-3-24 AUTHORITY TO IMPOUND VEHICLES. Members of the police department are authorized to remove, or cause to be removed, a vehicle from a street, public alley, or highway to the nearest garage or other place of safety, or to a garage designated or maintained by the police department, or otherwise maintained by the City, under the following circumstances:

1. When a vehicle is upon a roadway and is so disabled as to constitute an obstruction to traffic and the person or persons in charge of the vehicle are by reason of physical injury incapacitated to such an extent as to be unable to provide for its custody or removal.

2. When any vehicle is left unattended upon a street and constitutes a definite hazard or obstruction to the normal movement of traffic.

3. When any vehicle is left parked upon a street for a continuous period of forty-eight hours or more. A diligent effort shall first be made to locate the owner. If the owner is found, the owner shall be given the opportunity to remove the vehicle.

4. When any vehicle is left parked in violation of a ban on parking during a snow emergency as proclaimed by the Mayor.

In addition to the penalties hereinafter provided, the owner or driver of any vehicle impounded for violation of any of the provisions of this chapter shall be required to pay the reasonable cost of towing charges and storage.

STOPPING, STANDING OR PARKING

3-3-25 PARKING SIGNS REQUIRED. Whenever by this or any other chapter of this City Code any parking time limit is imposed or parking is prohibited on designated streets or portions of streets it shall be the duty of the Police Chief to erect appropriate signs giving notice thereof and the regulations shall not be effective unless signs are erected and in place at the time of any alleged offense. When signs are erected giving notice thereof, no person shall disobey the restrictions stated on such signs. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236)

3-3-26 PARKING DURING SNOW EMERGENCY. No person shall park, abandon, or leave unattended any vehicle on any public street, alley, or City-owned off-street parking area during the time the snow or ice begins to accumulate through the duration of the snow or ice storm unless the snow or ice has been removed or plowed from said street, alley or parking area and the snow has ceased to fall.

The ban shall be enforced whenever the parking of a vehicle interferes with the removal of snow or ice. If the owner of a vehicle in violation of the ban fails to promptly remove such vehicle, the vehicle will receive a citation and a towing service will be contacted for the purpose of removing said vehicle at the owner's expense.

3-3-27 ALL-NIGHT PARKING PROHIBITED. No person, except physicians or other persons on emergency calls, shall park a vehicle on any street marked to prohibit all night parking and giving notice thereof, for a period of time longer than thirty minutes between the hours of 2 a.m. and 5 a.m. of any day.

3-3-28 TRUCK PARKING LIMITED. Trucks weighing four tons or more, loaded or empty, shall not be parked on public streets except for the purposes of and actually engaged in loading or unloading.

MISCELLANEOUS DRIVING RULES

3-3-29 VEHICLES NOT TO BE DRIVEN ON SIDEWALKS. The driver of a vehicle shall not drive upon or within any sidewalk area.

3-3-30 CLINGING TO VEHICLES. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on the streets of this City unless all passengers of the vehicle are inside the vehicle in the place intended for their accommodation. No person shall ride on the running board of a motor vehicle or in any other place not customarily used for carrying passengers. No person riding upon any bicycle, golf cart, snowmobile, ATV, UTV, coaster, roller skates, sled or toy vehicle shall attach the same or himself or herself to any vehicle upon a roadway.

3-3-31 PARKING FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES PROHIBITED. No person shall park a vehicle upon the roadway for the principal purpose of:

- 1. Displaying such vehicle for sale.
- 2. Displaying advertising.

3. Selling merchandise from the vehicle except in a duly established market place or when so authorized or licensed under the Ordinances of this City.

4. Storage or as junk or dead storage for more than forty-eight hours.

3-3-32 DRIVING THROUGH FUNERAL OR OTHER PROCESSION. No driver of any vehicle shall drive between the vehicles comprising a funeral or other authorized procession while they are in motion and when the vehicles are conspicuously designated as required in this chapter. This provision shall not apply at intersections where traffic is controlled by traffic-control signals or police officers.

3-3-33 DRIVERS IN A PROCESSION. Each driver in a funeral or other procession shall drive as near to the right-hand edge of the roadway as practical and shall follow the vehicle ahead as closely as is practical and safe.

3-3-34 FUNERAL PROCESSIONS TO BE IDENTIFIED. A funeral procession composed of vehicles shall be identified as such by the display upon the outside of each vehicle of a pennant or other identifying insignia or by such other method as may be determined and designated by the police department.

3-3-35 LOAD RESTRICTIONS UPON VEHICLES USING CERTAIN STREETS. When signs are erected giving notice thereof, no person shall operate any vehicle with a gross weight in excess of the amounts specified on the signs at any time upon any streets or parts of streets.

3-3-36 TRUCK ROUTES.

1. Every motor vehicle licensed four tons or more, when loaded or empty, having no fixed terminal within the City or making no schedule or definite stops within the City for the purpose of loading or unloading, shall travel over or upon the following streets within the City and none other:

- a. Western Street for its entire length.
- b. Front Street for its entire length.

2. Any motor vehicle licensed four tons or more, when loaded or empty, having a fixed terminal, making a scheduled or definite stop within the City for the purpose of loading or unloading, shall proceed over or upon the designated routes set out in this section to the nearest point of its scheduled or definite stop and shall proceed thereto, load or unload and return, by the most direct route to its point of departure from the designated route.

3. Any motor licensed for four tons or more may use Main Street for its entire length when UNLOADED and not exceeding the posted four-ton axle limit.

4. The owner, or any other person, employing or otherwise directing the driver of any vehicle shall not require or knowingly permit the operation of such vehicle upon a street in any manner contrary to this section.

3-3-37 VEHICULAR NOISE.

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to make, continue or cause any disturbing, excessive or offensive noise which results in discomfort or annoyance to any reasonable person of normal sensitivity by means of radio, compact disk player, stereo, speakers, cassette tape player or similar sound device in a motor vehicle.

2. The operation of any radio, compact disk player, stereo, speakers, cassette tape player or similar sound device in such a manner so as to be audible at a distance of two hundred (200') from the motor vehicle shall constitute evidence of a prima facie violation of this section.

3-3-38 ENGINE AND COMPRESSION BRAKES.

1. It shall be unlawful for the driver of any vehicle to use or operate or cause to be used or operated within the City, any engine brake, compression brake or mechanical exhaust device designed to aid in the braking or deceleration of any vehicle that results in excessive, loud, unusual or explosive noise from such vehicle.

2. The usage of an engine brake, compression brake or mechanical exhaust device designed to aid in braking or deceleration in such a manner so as to be audible at a distance of three hundred feet (300') from the motor vehicle shall constitute evidence of a prima facie violation of this section.

BICYCLE REGULATIONS

3-3-39 DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of this Chapter the following terms are defined:

1. "Bicycles" shall mean either of the following:

a. A device having two wheels and having at least one saddle or seat for the use of a rider which is propelled by human power.

b. A device having two or more wheels with fully operable peddles and an electric motor less than seven hundred fifty watts (one horsepower), whose maximum speed on a paved level surface, when powered solely by such a motor while ridden, is less than twenty miles per hour.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.1)

3-3-40 TRAFFIC CODE APPLIES TO PERSONS RIDING BICYCLES. Every person riding a bicycle upon a roadway shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to drivers of vehicles by the laws of this State regarding rules of the road applicable to vehicles or by the traffic Ordinances of this City applicable to drivers of vehicles, except as to those provisions which by their nature can have no application. Whenever a person dismounts from a bicycle such person shall be subject to all regulations applicable to pedestrians.

3-3-41 RIDING ON BICYCLES. A person propelling a bicycle shall not ride other than astride a permanent and regular seat.

No bicycle shall be used to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped.

3-3-42 RIDING ON ROADWAYS AND BICYCLE PATHS. Every person operating a bicycle upon a roadway shall ride as near to the right-hand side of the roadway as practicable, exercising due care when passing a standing vehicle or one proceeding in the same direction.

Persons riding bicycles upon a roadway shall not ride more than two abreast except on paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles.

Whenever a usable path for bicycles has been provided adjacent to a roadway, bicycle riders shall use such path and shall not use the roadway.

3-3-43 SPEED. No person shall operate a bicycle at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under existing conditions.

3-3-44 EMERGING FROM ALLEY OR DRIVEWAY. The operators of a bicycle emerging from an alley, driveway, or building shall, upon approaching a sidewalk or the sidewalk area extending across any alleyway, yield the right of way to all pedestrians approaching on the sidewalk or sidewalk area, and upon entering the roadway shall yield the right of way to all vehicles approaching on said roadway.

3-3-45 CARRYING ARTICLES. No person operating a bicycle shall carry any package, bundle, or article which prevents the rider from keeping at least one hand upon the handle bars.

3-3-46 PARKING. Bicycles shall be parked upon the roadway of a street against the curb, or upon the sidewalk in a rack to support bicycles, or against a building, or at the curb, in such a manner as to afford the least obstruction to pedestrian traffic.

3-3-47 RIDING ON SIDEWALKS. No person shall ride a bicycle on a sidewalk within a business district.

When signs are erected on a sidewalk or roadway prohibiting the riding of bicycles on the sidewalk or roadway, no person shall disobey such signs.

Whenever a person is riding a bicycle upon a sidewalk, the person shall yield the right of way to any pedestrian and shall give a timely audible signal before overtaking and passing a pedestrian.

3-3-48 LAMPS AND OTHER EQUIPMENT ON BICYCLES. Every bicycle when in use at nighttime shall be equipped with a lamp on the front that emits a white light visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front and with a red reflector on the rear of a type that is visible from all distances from 50 feet to 300 feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful upper beams of head lamps on a motor vehicle. A lamp emitting a red light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear may be used in addition to the red reflector.

Every bicycle shall be equipped with a brake which will enable the operator to make the braked wheel skid on dry, level, clean pavement.

SNOWMOBILES

3-3-49 SNOWMOBILE DEFINITIONS.

1. "Snowmobile" means a self-propelled vehicle designed for travel on snow or ice in a natural terrain steered by wheels, skis or runners.

2. "Operate" means to control the operation of a snowmobile.

3. "Operator" means a person who operates or is in actual control of a snowmobile.

3-3-50 PERMITTED AREAS OF OPERATION. Snowmobiles shall only be operated within the roadways of public streets or designated groomed paths and shall also be subject to the following regulations.

3-3-51 REGULATIONS. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a snowmobile under the following circumstances:

1. On private property of another without the express permission to do so by the owner or occupant of said property.

2. On public school grounds, park property, playgrounds, recreational areas and golf courses without express permission to do so by the proper public authority.

3. In a manner so as to create loud, unnecessary or unusual noise so as to disturb or interfere with the peace and quiet of other persons.

4. In a careless, reckless or negligent manner so as to endanger the safety of any person or property of any other person.

5. Without having such snowmobile registered as provided for by Iowa Statute except that this provision shall not apply to the operation of a snowmobile on the private property of the owner by the owner or a member of his immediate family.

6. Within the right-of-way of any public street or alley within the City unless the operator shall have a valid driver's license; or an instruction permit and accompanied by a qualified licensed driver.

7. No person shall operate a snowmobile in the City from eleven o'clock (11:00) p.m. to seven o'clock (7:00) a.m., except for the purpose of loading and unloading a snowmobile from another vehicle or trailer, or traveling directly to or from a destination within the City.

3-3-52 EQUIPMENT REQUIRED. All snowmobiles operated within the City shall have the following equipment:

1. Mufflers which are properly attached and which reduce the noise of operation of the vehicle to the minimum noise necessary for operating the vehicle and no person shall use a muffler cut-out, by-pass or similar device on said vehicle.

2. Adequate brakes in good operating condition and at least one headlight and one taillight in good operating condition.

3. A safety or so-called "dead-man" throttle in operating condition; a safety or "dead-man" throttle is defined as a device which when pressure is removed from the accelerator or throttle causes the motor to be disengaged from the driving track.

3-3-53 UNATTENDED VEHICLES. It is unlawful for the owner or operator to leave or allow a snowmobile to be or remain unattended on public property while the motor is running or the key left in the ignition.

3-3-54 **RESTRICTION OF OPERATION.** The City Council may, by resolution, prohibit the operation of snowmobiles within the right-of-way of the public roads, streets or alley or other City property within the City when the public safety and welfare so requires.

3-3-55 TRAFFIC REGULATION. Each person operating a snowmobile shall strictly observe all traffic signs and signals and all other traffic rules and regulations applicable thereto, and shall obey the orders and directions of any police officer of the City authorized to direct or regulate traffic.

OFF-ROAD VEHICLES

3-3-56 DEFINITIONS. For use in this Chapter the following terms are defined:

1. "All-terrain vehicle" (ATV) means a motor vehicle designed to travel on three or more wheels and designed primarily for off-road recreational use. "All-terrain vehicle" includes off-road utility vehicles as defined in Section 321I.1, but does not include farm tractors or equipment, construction equipment, forestry vehicles, or lawn and grounds maintenance vehicles.

2. "Off-road motorcycle" means a two-wheeled motor vehicle that has a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control and that is intended by the manufacturer for use on natural terrain. "Off-road motorcycle" includes a motorcycle that was originally issued a certificate of title and registered for highway use under Chapter 321, but which contains design features that enable operation over natural terrain.

3. "Off-road utility vehicle" means a motorized flotation-tire vehicle with not less than four and not more than six low-pressure tires that is limited in engine displacement to less than one thousand five hundred cubic centimeters and in total dry weight to not more than one thousand eight hundred pounds and that has a steering wheel for control.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.1(1))

3-3-57 OPERATION OF OFF-ROAD VEHICLES. The operation of ATV or off-road motorcycles shall comply with the following restrictions:

1. Streets. Only on such streets as may be designated by the City Council. (Code of Iowa 321.234A) (Code of Iowa 321I)

2. Prohibited Operation. Shall not be operated on sidewalks, railroad right-of-way, parks, or other City land.

3. Operation During Darkness. Every all-terrain vehicle operated during the hours of darkness shall display a lighted headlamp and tail lamp.

(Code of Iowa 321I.13)

4. Compliance with State Code. All operation shall comply with Iowa Code Chapter 321I.

GOLF CARTS

3-3-58 DEFINITIONS. For use in this ordinance "golf cart" is defined as a motorized 4-wheeled vehicle designed to transport person(s) on a golf course.

3-3-59 OPERATION OF GOLF CARTS. Golf carts may be operated on City streets by persons possessing a valid driver's license. The City Council may impose restrictions and conditions in addition to those set forth in this section. A golf cart shall not be operated upon a City street which is a primary road extension, i.e., State or Federal highway, but shall be allowed to cross a City street which is a primary road extension through the City. The golf cart shall be equipped with adequate brakes. The golf cart shall be operated only on the streets from sunrise to sunset. Golf carts operated on City streets need not be registered under Chapter 321 of the Code of Iowa

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE

3-3-60 CITATION PLACED ON ILLEGALLY PARKED VEHICLE. Whenever any motor vehicle without a driver is found parked or stopped in violation of any of the restrictions imposed by any Ordinance of this City or State law, the officer finding such vehicle shall prepare a <u>written parking citation</u> giving the registration number, and other identifying information to such vehicle in a conspicuous place and directing the driver of the vehicle to appear at the place designated in the citation within seven days, or to pay the local scheduled fine established by the section titled "LOCAL PARKING FINES" in this chapter at the City Clerk's office as provided therein.

3-3-61 PRESUMPTION IN REFERENCE TO ILLEGAL PARKING. In any prosecution charging a violation of any parking Ordinance or State law governing the standing, stopping, or parking of a vehicle, proof that the particular vehicle described in the complaint was parked in violation of any such Ordinance or law, together with proof that the defendant named in the complaint was at the time of such parking violation the registered owner of such vehicle, shall constitute prima facie evidence that the registered owner of such vehicle was the person who parked or placed such vehicle at the point where, and for the time during which such violation occurred.

3-3-62 LOCAL PARKING FINES. Scheduled fines as follows are established, payable by mail or in person at the City Clerk's office within seven days of the violation, for the following parking violations:

				Penalty After <u>30 Days</u>		
1.	Overtime parking	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	
2.	Prohibited parking	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	
3.	No parking zone	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	
4.	Blocking alley	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	
5.	Illegal parking	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	
6.	Street cleaning	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	
7.	Snow removal ban	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	
8.	Persons with disabilities parking	\$	100.00	\$	200.00	
		(Co	(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321L.4(2))			

3-3-63 FAILURE TO PAY PARKING CITATIONS. If a violator of the restrictions on stopping, standing, or parking under the parking Ordinances of this City or of State law fails to make payment of the scheduled fine as specified on a parking citation affixed to such motor vehicle within the seven days, the City shall send the owner of the motor vehicle to which the parking citation was affixed a letter informing the owner of the violation and warning that in the event such letter is disregarded for a period of five days from date of mailing, a court citation will be issued requiring a court appearance and subjecting the violator to court costs.

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 4 RAILROAD REGULATION

3-4-1 Definitions

3-4-2 Warning Signals

3-4-3 Street Crossing Signs and Devices

3-4-4 Street Crossing Obstructions

3-4-5 Maintenance of Crossings

3-4-6 Flying Switches

3-4-1 DEFINITIONS. For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined as follows:

1. The term "railroad train" shall mean an engine or locomotive with or without cars, coupled thereto, operated on rails

2. The term "operator" shall mean any individual, partnership, corporation or other association that owns, operates, drives or controls a railroad train.

3-4-2 WARNING SIGNALS. Operators shall sound a bell at least 1,000 feet before a street crossing is reached and shall ring the bell continuously until the crossing is passed. Operators also shall sound a whistle at least 1,000 feet before reaching every intersection of the track and street, sidewalk, alley or similar public crossing within the City limits, unless such crossing is protected by a mechanical warning device or flagman as required under Section 3-4-5 of this chapter.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 327G.13)

3-4-3 STREET CROSSING SIGNS AND DEVICES. Operators shall erect and maintain nonmechanical warning signs on both sides of the tracks at each intersection of the tracks and a street, sidewalk, alley or similar public crossing within the City limits, except where some mechanical sign, signal, device, or gate or flagman is required by resolution of the Council. Such non-mechanical signs shall be of a height and size, and utilize such lettering as to give adequate warning of such crossing. Whenever the City Council shall deem it necessary for the safety and convenience of the public that some mechanical sign, signal, device or gate should be erected and maintained, flagman stationed at any street or other public crossing, the City Council, by resolution, shall order and direct the railroad company or companies concerned to erect and maintain such sign, signal, device, or gate or to station a flagman at such crossing at the expense of such company or companies. Any required flagman shall be stationed at such crossing during the periods of time of each day that the City Council shall designate. The resolution shall specify the street or other public crossing at which the sign, signal, device or gate shall be erected or flagman stationed. After the resolution has been adopted, a copy shall be served the railroad company or companies with a notice of the time limit for compliance. In complying, Chapter 327G of the Code of Iowa shall prevail.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 327G.15)

3-4-4 STREET CROSSING OBSTRUCTIONS. A railroad corporation or its employees shall not operate a train in such a manner as to prevent vehicular use of a highway, street, or alley for a period of time in excess of ten minutes except in any of the following circumstances:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 327G.32)

- 1. When necessary to comply with signals affecting the safety of the movement of trains.
- 2. When necessary to avoid striking an object or person on the track.
- 3. When the train is disabled.

4. When necessary to comply with governmental safety regulations including, but not limited to, speed Ordinances and speed regulations.

An employee is not guilty of a violation if the employee's action was necessary to comply with the direct order or instructions of a railroad corporation or its supervisors. Guilt is then with the railroad corporation.

3-4-5 MAINTENANCE OF CROSSINGS. Operators shall construct and maintain good, sufficient and safe crossings over any street traversed by their rails.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 327G.15)

3-4-6 FLYING SWITCHES. No operator shall cause any railroad car or cars, unattached to any engine, to be propelled across any intersection of the tracks and a street, alley, sidewalk or similar public crossing, for the purpose of making a flying switch unless some employee of the railroad shall be stationed at the intersection to give warning of such car's or cars' approach.

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 5 FIRE PROTECTION

3-5-1 Membership, Establishment and Purpose

3-5-2 Constitution3-5-3 Accidental Injury Insurance

3-5-1 MEMBERSHIP, ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE. Membership and support of a volunteer fire department established as an association to prevent and extinguish fires, protect lives and property against fires, promote fire prevention and fire safety, and to answer all emergency calls for which there is no other established agency.

3-5-2 CONSTITUTION. The department shall adopt a constitution and bylaws as they deem acceptable to accomplish the objectives as established in section 3-5-1 and any subsequent objectives or additions thereto.

3-5-3 ACCIDENTAL INJURY INSURANCE. The Council shall contract to insure the City against liability for workmen's compensation that the City may be liable for due to membership with the volunteer fire department.

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 6 ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

3-6-1 Purpose

3-6-2 Required Obedience to Provisions of this Chapter and State Law

3-6-3 Action by Council3-6-4 Transfers

3-6-1 PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to provide for administration of licenses and permits and for local regulations and procedures for the conduct of the sale and consumption of beer, wine, and liquor, for the protection of the safety, health, and general welfare of this community. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

3-6-2 REQUIRED OBEDIENCE TO PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER AND STATE LAW. The following sections of the Iowa Code are hereby adopted by reference:

- 1. 123.2 and 123.3 General Prohibition and Definitions
- 2. 123.18 Favors From Licensee or Permittee
- 3. 123.22 State Monopoly
- 4. 123.28 Open Alcoholic Beverage Containers
- 5. 123.30 Liquor Control Licenses Classes
- 6. 123.31 Application Contents
- 7. 123.33 Records
- 8. 123.34 Expiration License or Permit
- 9. 123.35 Simplified Renewal Procedure
- 10. 123.36 Liquor Fees Sunday Sales
- 11. 123.38 Nature of Permit or License Surrender Transfer
- 12. 123.39 Suspension or Revocation of License or Permit Civil Penalty
- 13. 123.40 Effect of Revocation
- 14. 123.44 Gifts of Liquors Prohibited
- 15. 123.46 Consumption in Public Places Intoxication Right to Chemical Test -Exoneration

- 16. 123.47 Persons Under Legal Age Penalty
- 17. 123.49 Miscellaneous Prohibitions
- 18. 123.50 Criminal and Civil Penalties
- 19. 123.51 Advertisements for Alcoholic Liquor, Wine or Beer
- 20. 123.52 Prohibited Sale
- 21. 123.90 Penalties Generally
- 22. 123.95 Premises Must Be Licensed Exception as to Conventions and Social Gatherings
- 23. 123.122 through 123.145 Beer Provisions (Division II)
- 24. 123.150 Sunday Sales Before New Year's Day
- 25. 123.171 through 123.182 Wine Provisions (Division V)
- 26. 321.284 Open Containers in Motor Vehicles Drivers
- 27. 321.284A Open Containers in Motor Vehicles Passengers

3-6-3 ACTION BY COUNCIL. The City Council shall approve or disapprove the application. Action taken by the City Council shall be endorsed on the application. The application, fee, penal bond, and certificate of dram shop liability insurance (if applicable) shall be forwarded to the Iowa Alcoholic Beverages Division for further action as provided by law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.32(2))

3-6-4 TRANSFERS. The City Council may, in its discretion, authorize a licensee or permittee to transfer the license or permit from one location to another within the City, provided that the premises to which the transfer is to be made would have been eligible for a license or permit in the first instance and the transfer will not result in the violation of any law or Ordinance. An applicant for a transfer shall file with the application for transfer proof of dram shop liability insurance and penal bond covering the premises to which the license is to be transferred.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.38)

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 7 JUNK AND ABANDONED VEHICLES

3-7-1	Purpose
3-7-2	Definitions
3-7-3	Removal of Abandoned Vehicles
3-7-4	Notification of Owners and
	Lienholders
3-7-5	Impoundment Fees and Bonds
3-7-6	Hearing Procedures
3-7-7	Auction or Disposal of Abandoned
	Vehicles

- 3-7-8 Junk Vehicles Declared a Nuisance
- 3-7-9 Notice to Abate
- 3-7-10 Abatement by Municipality
- 3-7-11 Collection of Cost of Abatement
- 3-7-12 Exceptions
- 3-7-13 Interference with Enforcement

3-7-1 PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens and safety of property of this City by providing for removal of abandoned motor vehicles and the elimination of the open storage of abandoned and junk motor vehicles and machinery except in authorized places.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 3641.1)

3-7-2 DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of this chapter, the following terms are defined as follows:

1. "Vehicle" means every device in, upon, or by which a person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway or street, excepting devices moved by human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks, and shall include without limitation a motor vehicle, automobile, truck, trailer, motorcycle, tractor, buggy, wagon, farm machinery, or any combination thereof.

2. "Abandoned vehicle" means any of the following:

a. A vehicle that has been left unattended on public property for more than twenty-four hours and lacks current registration plates or two or more wheels or other parts which render the vehicle totally inoperable; or

b. A vehicle that has remained illegally on public property for more than twenty-four hours; or

c. A vehicle that has been unlawfully parked on private property or has been placed on private property without the consent of the owner or person in control of the property for more than twenty-four hours; or

d. A vehicle that has been legally impounded by order of the Chief of Police and has not been reclaimed for a period of ten days; or

e. Any vehicle parked on the street determined by the Chief of Police to create a hazard to other vehicular traffic. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(1)(b))

3. "Private property" means any real property within the City which is not public property as defined in this section.

4. "Public property" means any public right-of-way open for the purposes of vehicular travel.

5. A "junk vehicle" means any licensed or unlicensed vehicle stored within the corporate limits of the City of Joice, Iowa, or which has any one of the following characteristics:

a. Any vehicle with a broken or cracked windshield, or window or headlight or any other cracked or broken glass.

b. Any vehicle with a broken or loose fender, door or bumper or hood or door handle or window handle or steering wheel, trunk top or trunk handle or tail pipe.

c. Any vehicle which has become the habitat of rats, mice, or snakes, or any other vermin or insects.

d. Any motor vehicle if it lacks an engine or two or more wheels or other structural parts which render said motor vehicle totally inoperable.

e. Any other vehicle which, because of its defective or obsolete condition, in any other way constitutes a threat to the public health and safety.

(Cedar Falls v. Flett 330 N.W. 2nd 251, 253, Iowa 1983)

3-7-3 REMOVAL OF ABANDONED VEHICLES.

1. The Chief of Police may, without prior notice or hearing, remove and impound any abandoned vehicle as defined in section 3-7-2 (1). The Chief of Police may hire other personnel, equipment, and facilities for the purpose of removing, preserving, storing, or disposing of abandoned vehicles.

2. The impoundment and storage of all vehicles pursuant to this chapter shall be in such areas or places designated by the City Council.

3. When a vehicle is taken into custody and impounded under the provisions of this chapter, the Chief of Police shall maintain a record of the vehicle, listing the color, year of manufacture, manufacturer's trade name, body style, vehicle identification number, and license plate and year displayed on the vehicle. The records shall include the date and hour of tow, location towed from, location towed to, person or firm doing the towing, reason for towing, and the name of the officer authorizing the tow.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(2))

4. Nothing in this chapter shall govern the procedures of any police officer in taking into custody and impounding any vehicle to be used or proposed to be used as evidence in a criminal case involving crimes other than violations of this chapter.

3-7-4 NOTIFICATION OF OWNERS AND LIENHOLDERS.

1. When a vehicle is taken into custody under the provisions of this chapter or under any provisions of State law, the Chief of Police shall notify, within three days, by certified mail with fivedays return receipt, the last known registered owner of the vehicle, all lienholders of record, and any other known claimant to the vehicle or to personal property found in the vehicle, addressed to their last known addresses of record, that the abandoned vehicle has been taken into custody. Notice shall be deemed given when mailed. The notice shall:

a. Describe the year, make, model, and serial number of the vehicle.

b. Describe the personal property found in the vehicle.

c. Describe the location of the facility where the vehicle is being held.

d. Inform the persons receiving notice:

(1) of their right to reclaim the vehicle and personal property within ten days after the effective date of the notice;

(2) that the right can be exercised upon payment of all towing, preservation, notice, and storage charges resulting from placing the vehicle in custody;

(3) that failure of the owner or lienholders to exercise their right to reclaim the vehicle within the reclaiming period shall be deemed a waiver by the owner and all lienholders of all right, title, claim, and interest in the vehicle;

(4) that failure to reclaim the vehicle is deemed consent to the sale of the vehicle at a public auction or disposal of the vehicle to a demolisher.

e. State that any person claiming rightful possession of the vehicle or personal property who disputes the planned disposition of the vehicle or personal property by the Chief of Police or the assessment of fees and charges provided by this chapter may request a hearing to contest these matters in accordance with the provisions of Section 3-7-6.

f. State that a request for a hearing must be in writing and received by the department prior to the expiration of the ten day reclaiming period.

g. State that in the event a hearing is requested immediate release of the vehicle may be obtained by posting a cash bond as required by Section 3-7-5.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(a))

2. The owner or any person receiving notice may, by written request received by the Chief of Police prior to the expiration of the ten day reclaiming period, obtain an additional fourteen days within which the vehicle may be reclaimed.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(c))

3. Notice by one publication in one newspaper of general circulation in the area where the vehicle was abandoned shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of this chapter. The published notice may contain multiple listings of abandoned vehicles but shall be published within the same time requirements and shall contain the same information as prescribed for mailed notice in this section. Published notice shall be used if:

a. the identity of the last registered owner cannot be determined, or

b. the registration contains no address for the owner, or

c. it is impossible to determine with reasonable certainty the identity and address of all lienholders.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(b))

4. If the persons receiving notice do not request a hearing or exercise their right to reclaim the vehicle or personal property within the reclaiming period, the owner of the vehicle or owners of the personal property shall no longer have any right, title, claim, or interest in or to the vehicle.

5. No court in any case in law or equity shall recognize any right, title, claim, or interest of the owner and lienholders after the ten day reclaiming period.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3))

3-7-5 IMPOUNDMENT FEES AND BOND.

1. Before the owner or other person lawfully entitled to possession of any vehicle that has been impounded under the provisions of this chapter or any other provision of law may recover such vehicle, such person shall present to the Chief of Police evidence of such person's identity and right to possession of the vehicle, shall sign a receipt for its return, and shall pay the costs of:

- a. an impoundment fee
- b. towing charges
- c. preservation charges
- d. storage charges
- e. notice charges

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(a))

2. The amount of the charges specified in a-e above shall be set by the City Council. The notice charges shall be limited to the actual cost.

3. If a hearing is requested under Section 3-7-4 (1)(e), the owner or person lawfully entitled to possession of the vehicle shall be permitted to secure the immediate release of the vehicle upon posting a cash bond in an amount equal to the sum of:

a. the fees required by Section 3-7-5(1)

b. the amount of the fine or penalty for each violation for which there is an outstanding or otherwise unsettled traffic violation notice or warrant.

3-7-6 HEARING PROCEDURES.

1. The registered owner, any lienholder of record, or duly authorized agents thereof, may object to the legality of the impoundment or the assessment of fees and request a hearing thereon. No person shall be entitled to more than one hearing on each impoundment. Upon receipt of a timely objection to the impoundment, the objector shall be informed of the reason for the impoundment and a hearing shall be held, without unnecessary delay, before the City Council pursuant to 1-4-1 at seq. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3))

3-7-7 AUCTION OR DISPOSAL OF ABANDONED VEHICLES. The Chief of Police shall follow the procedures in State law for the auction or disposal of abandoned vehicles. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(4))

3-7-8 JUNK VEHICLES DECLARED A NUISANCE. Except as hereinafter provided, it is hereby declared that the parking, leaving, or storage of a junk vehicle upon either public or private property within the corporate limits of the City of Joice, Iowa, constitutes a threat to the health and safety of the citizens and is a nuisance within the meaning of Section 657.1 of the Code of Iowa. If any junk vehicle is stored upon private property or public property in violation thereof, the owner of the property shall be liable for said violation.

3-7-9 NOTICE TO ABATE.

1. Whenever the Chief of Police shall find a junk vehicle placed or stored on private property within the City in violation of Section 3-7-8, the Chief of Police shall notify, by certified mail with five days' return receipt, the following persons:

a. the owner of the property.

b. the occupant of the property.

2. The notice to abate shall:

a. describe, to the extent possible, the year, make, model, and color of the vehicle.

b. describe the location of the vehicle.

c. state that the vehicle constitutes a nuisance under the provisions of this chapter.

d. state that the owner of the property shall remove or repair the said junk vehicle within ten days.

3-7-10 ABATEMENT BY MUNICIPALITY. If the person notified to abate a nuisance or condition neglects or fails to abate as directed, the City may perform the required action to abate, keeping an accurate account of the expense incurred. The itemized expense account shall be filed with the City Clerk who shall pay such expenses on behalf of the municipality.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-7-11 COLLECTION OF COST OF ABATEMENT. The Clerk shall mail a statement of the total expense incurred to the property owner who has failed to abide by the notice to abate, and if the amount shown by the statement has not been paid within one month, the Clerk shall certify the costs to the County Treasurer and the costs shall then be collected with, and in the same manner, as general property taxes.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-7-12 EXCEPTIONS. This chapter shall not apply to the following:

1. A vehicle in an enclosed building.

2. A vehicle on the premises of a business enterprise operated in a district properly zoned therefor, as authorized under the Zoning Ordinance or restricted residence district of this City, when necessary to the operation of said business enterprise.

3. A vehicle in an appropriate storage space or depository maintained in a lawful place and lawful manner by this City.

3-7-13 INTERFERENCE WITH ENFORCEMENT. No person shall interfere in any way with the enforcement provision of this chapter.

TITLE IV MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH

CHAPTER 1 ANIMAL CONTROL

- 4-1-1 Definitions
- 4-1-2 Immunization
- 4-1-3 At Large Prohibited
- 4-1-4 Animal Nuisances
- 4-1-5 Impounding

- 4-1-6 Dangerous Animals
- 4-1-7 Keeping a Vicious Animal
- 4-1-8 Kennel Dogs
- 4-1-9 Bothersome Animals, Livestock, Exotic Pets

4-1-1 DEFINITIONS. For use in this chapter the following terms are defined as follows:

1. The term "dogs" shall mean animals of the canine species whether altered or not.

2. The term "at large" shall mean any animal found off the premises of the owner and not under the control of a competent person, restrained within a motor vehicle, housed in a veterinary hospital or kennel, on a leash or "at heel" beside a competent person and obedient to that person's command.

3. The term "owner" shall mean any person owning, keeping, sheltering or harboring an animal.

4-1-2 IMMUNIZATION. All dogs six (6) months or older shall be vaccinated against rabies. It shall be a violation of this Ordinance for any dog to not be vaccinated against rabies. A tag showing evidence of proper vaccination shall be worn by every dog when not confined.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.33)

4-1-3 AT LARGE PROHIBITED. No owner or person having custody of an animal shall permit such animal to run at large.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.41)

4-1-4 ANIMAL NUISANCES. It shall be unlawful for any person to permit an animal under such person's control or within such person's custody to commit a nuisance. An animal shall be considered a nuisance if it:

1. Damages, soils, defiles or defecates on private property other than the owner's or on public walks and recreation areas unless such waste is immediately removed and properly disposed of by the owner.

2. Causes unsanitary, dangerous or offensive conditions.

3. Causes a disturbance by excessive barking or other noisemaking or chases vehicles, or molests, attacks or interferes with persons or other domestic animals on public property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.1)

4-1-5 IMPOUNDING.

1. Any dog found at large in violation of Sections 4-1-3 and 4-1-4 of this chapter shall be seized and impounded, or, at the discretion of the Mayor, the owner may be served a summons to appear before a proper court to answer charges made thereunder.

2. Owners of dogs shall be notified within two (2) days that upon payment of actual costs, including transportation and other related costs, plus cost of food and care in a reasonable amount, the dog will be returned. If the impounded dogs are not recovered by their owners within seven (7) days after notice, the dogs shall be disposed of as provided in Section 717B.4 Code of Iowa.

4. Any animal found to have bitten a person or other animal shall be confined as directed by the Mayor."

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.39)

5. This section shall not apply to a law enforcement dog or horse used by the law enforcement agency, that is acting in the performance of its duties, which has bitten a person.

(Code of Iowa, Sec 351.39)

4-1-6 DANGEROUS ANIMALS.

1. Dangerous Animals Prohibited. No person shall keep, shelter, or harbor for any purpose within the City limits, a dangerous animal.

2. Definitions. A dangerous animal is:

a. Any animal which is not naturally tame or gentle, and which is of a wild nature or disposition, and which is capable of killing, inflicting serious injury upon, or causing disease among human beings or domestic animals, and having known tendencies as a species to do so.

b. The following are animals which shall be deemed to be dangerous animals per se:

- (1) Lions, tigers, jaguars, leopards, cougars, lynx, and bobcats;
- (2) Wolves, coyotes, and foxes;
- (3) Badgers, wolverines, weasels, skunks and mink;
- (4) Raccoons;
- (5) Bears;
- (6) Monkeys, chimpanzees, and apes;
- (7) Alligators and crocodiles;
- (8) Scorpions; gila monsters;

- (9) Snakes that are venomous or constrictors;
- c. Any animals declared to be dangerous by the City Council.

3. Dangerous Animals Exceptions. The keeping of dangerous animals shall not be prohibited in the following circumstances:

a. The keeping of dangerous animals in a public zoo, bona fide educational or medical institution, humane society, or museum where they are kept as live specimens for the public to view, or for the purpose of instruction, research or study, and has obtained the written approval of the City Council.

4-1-7 KEEPING A VICIOUS ANIMAL. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to harbor or keep a vicious animal within the City. An animal is deemed to be vicious when it has attacked, injured, or bitten any person without provocation or has exhibited the propensity to attack, injure, or bite persons or other domesticated animals, unprovoked, and such propensity is known to the owner or to reasonably have been known to the owner thereof.

1. An animal is deemed vicious under the following circumstances:

1. Has bitten or clawed a person without provocation on two separate occasions within a twelve (12) month period.

2. Did bite or claw a person, without provocation, causing injuries above the shoulders of a person.

3. Has attacked any domestic animal, without provocation, on more than two (2) separate occasions during the life of the animal.

4. Has killed any domestic animal, without provocation, while off the property of the attacking animal's owner.

5. Has bitten another animal or human, without provocation, that causes a fracture, skin puncture, laceration, cut, or injury to the other animal or human.

4-1-8 KENNEL DOGS. Kennel dogs which are kept or raised solely for the bona fide purpose of sale and which are kept under constant restraint are not subject to the provisions of this ordinance.

4-1-9 BOTHERSOME ANIMALS, LIVESTOCK, EXOTIC PETS. No person shall keep any animal except a dog, cat, fish (in an indoor aquarium), hamster, ferret, gerbil, guinea pig or other such animal typically considered a pet within the city limits except by permission of the Council. Any animal considered livestock or otherwise such as bees, cattle, horses, swine, fowl, and sheep shall only be allowed with written permission of the City Council and will adhere to any conditions imposed by the Council.

TITLE V HUMAN DEVELOPMENT - EDUCATION AND CULTURE

CHAPTER 1 LIBRARY SERVICES

- 5-1-1 Public Library
 5-1-2 Library Trustees
 5-1-3 Qualifications of Trustees
 5-1-4 Organization of the Board
 5-1-5 Powers and Duties
 5-1-6 Power to Contract with Others for the Use of the Library
- 5-1-7 Non-Resident Use of the Library
- 5-1-8 Library Accounts
- 5-1-9 Annual Report
- 5-1-10 Injury to Books or Property
- 5-1-11 Theft
- 5-1-12 Notice Posted

5-1-1 PUBLIC LIBRARY. There is hereby established a free public library for the City, to be known as the Joice Public Library.

5-1-2 LIBRARY TRUSTEES. The board of trustees of the Joice Public Library, hereinafter referred to as the board, consists of four (4) resident members and one (1) non-resident member. All board members shall be appointed by the Mayor with approval of the City Council. The non-resident member is to be appointed by the Mayor with approval of the County Board of Supervisors. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 392.5)

5-1-3 QUALIFICATIONS OF TRUSTEES. All resident members of the board shall be bona fide citizens and residents of the City. The non-resident member of the Board shall be a bona fide citizen and resident of the unincorporated area of the County. All members shall be over the age of eighteen (18).

5-1-4 ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD.

1. Terms of office. All appointments to the board shall be for four (4) years, except to fill vacancies. Each term shall commence on July first. Appointments shall be made every two (2) years of one-third (1/3) the total number as near as possible, to stagger the terms.

2. Vacancies. The position of any resident trustee shall be declared vacant if said trustee moves permanently from the City. The position of a non-resident Trustee shall be declared vacant if such member moves from the County or into a City in the County. The position of any Trustee shall be declared vacant if such Trustee is absent from six (6) consecutive regular meetings of the board, except in the case of sickness or temporary absence from the City. Vacancies in the board shall be filled by the City Council, and the new trustee shall fill out the unexpired term for which the appointment is made.

3. Compensation. Trustees shall receive no compensation for their services.

5-1-5 POWERS AND DUTIES. The board shall have and exercise the following powers and duties:

1. To meet and elect from its members a president, a secretary, and such other officers as it deems necessary.

2. To have charge, control and supervision of the public library, its appurtenances, fixtures and rooms containing the same.

3. To direct and control all the affairs of the library.

4. To employ a librarian, and authorize the librarian to employ such assistants and employees as may be necessary for the proper management of the library, and fix their compensation; provided, however, that prior to such employment, the compensation of the librarian, assistants and employees shall have been fixed and approved by a majority of the members of the board voting in favor thereof.

5. To remove by a two-thirds vote of the board the librarian and provide procedures for the removal of assistants or employees for misdemeanor, incompetency or inattention to duty, subject, however, to the provisions of Chapter 35C, Code of Iowa.

6. To select, or authorize the librarian to select, and make purchases of books, pamphlets, magazines, periodicals, papers, maps, journals, other library materials, furniture, fixtures, stationery and supplies for the library within budgetary limits set by the board.

7. To authorize the use of the library by non-residents of the City and to fix charges therefor unless a contract for free service exists.

8. To make and adopt, amend, modify or repeal rules and regulations, not inconsistent with Ordinances and the law, for the care, use, government and management of the library and the business of the board, fixing and enforcing penalties for violations.

9. To have exclusive control of the expenditure of all funds allocated for library purposes by the City Council, and of all monies available by gift or otherwise for the erection of library buildings, and of all other monies belonging to the library including fines and rentals collected, under the rules of the board.

10. To accept gifts of real property, personal property, or mixed property, and devises and bequests, including trust funds; to take the title to said property in the name of the library; to execute deeds and bills of sale for the conveyance of said property; and to expend the funds received by them from such gifts, for the improvement of the library.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 392.5)

11. To keep a record of its proceedings.

12. To enforce the performance of conditions of gifts, donations, devises and bequests accepted by the City. The board shall enforce performance by taking action against the City Council.

13. To have authority to make agreements with the local County historical associations, where such exists, and to set apart the necessary room and to care for such articles as may come into the possession of the association. The trustees are further authorized to purchase necessary receptacles and materials for the preservation and protection of such articles as are in their judgment of a historical and educational nature and pay for the same out of funds allocated for library purposes.

5-1-6 POWER TO CONTRACT WITH OTHERS FOR THE USE OF THE LIBRARY.

1. Contracting. The board may contract with any other boards of trustees of free public libraries, any other City, school corporation, private or semi-private organization, institution of higher learning, township, or County, or with the trustees of any County library district for the use of the library by their respective residents.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 336.18(1))

2. Termination. Such a contract may be terminated at any time by mutual consent of the contracting parties. It also may be terminated by a majority vote of the electors represented by either of the contracting parties. Such a termination proposition shall be submitted to the electors by the governing body of a contracting party on a written petition of not less than five (5) percent in number of electors who voted for governor in the territory of the party at the last general election. The petition must be presented to the governing body not less than forty (40) days before the election. The proposition may be submitted at any election provided by law that is held in the territory of the party who is seeking to terminate the contract.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 336.18(2)(a and b))

5-1-7 NON-RESIDENT USE OF THE LIBRARY. The board may authorize the use of the library by non-residents in any one or more of the following ways:

1. By lending the books or other materials of the library to non-residents on the same terms and conditions as to residents of the City, or upon payment of a special non-resident library fee.

2. By establishing depositories of library books or other materials to be loaned to non-residents.

3. By establishing bookmobiles or a traveling library so that books or other library materials may be loaned to non-residents.

4. By establishing branch libraries for lending books or other library materials to non-residents.

5. By entering into agreements with other libraries to allow lending of books or other library materials to non-residents.

5-1-8 LIBRARY ACCOUNTS. All money appropriated by the City Council from the general fund for the operation and maintenance of the library shall be set aside in an account for the library. Expenditures shall be paid for only on orders of the board, signed by its president and secretary. The warrant writing officer is the City Clerk.

5-1-9 ANNUAL REPORT. The board shall make a report to the City Council immediately after the close of the municipal fiscal year. This report shall contain statements of the condition of the library, the number of books added thereto, the number circulated, the amount of funds collected, and the amount of money expended in the maintenance of the library during the year, together with such further information required by the City Council.

5-1-10 INJURY TO BOOKS OR PROPERTY. It is unlawful for a person to willfully, maliciously or wantonly tear, deface, mutilate, injure or destroy, in whole or in part any newspaper, periodical, book, map, pamphlet, chart, picture or other property belonging to the Library or reading room.

5-1-11 THEFT. No person shall take possession or control of property of the Library with the intent to deprive the Library thereof.

5-1-12 NOTICE POSTED. There shall be posted in clear public view within the Library, notices informing the public of the following:

1. Failure To Return. Failure to return Library materials for two (2) months or more after the date the person has agreed to return the Library materials, or failure to return Library equipment for one (1) month or more after the person agreed to return the Library equipment, is evidence of intent to deprive the owner, provided a reasonable attempt, including the mailing by restricted certified mail notice that such material or equipment is overdue and criminal actions will be taken, has been made to reclaim the materials or equipment.

2. Detention and Search. Persons concealing Library materials may be detained and searched pursuant to law.

<u>Editor's Note</u>: The Council may retain the power to hire, discharge, set salaries, expend funds unless the library board was in existence prior to July 1, 1974. (See Sections 5-1-5(4), 5-1-5(5), 5-1-5(9) and 5-1-8.

Any proposal to alter the composition, manner of selection, or charge of a library board, or to replace it with an alternate form of administrative agency, is subject to the approval of the voters of the City. See Code of Iowa, Sec. 392.5

TITLE V HUMAN DEVELOPMENT - EDUCATION AND CULTURE

CHAPTER 2 PARK REGULATIONS

5-2-1 Purpose

5-2-2 Use of Drives Required

- 5-2-3 Fires
- 5-2-4 Littering

5-2-5 Camping5-2-6 Parks Closed5-2-7 Special Use by Groups

5-2-1 PURPOSE . The purpose of this chapter is to facilitate the enjoyment of park facilities by the general public by establishing rules and regulations governing the use of park facilities.

5-2-2 USE OF DRIVES REQUIRED. No person shall drive any car, cycle or other vehicle, or ride or drive any horse, in any portion of a park except upon the established drives or roadways therein or such other places as may be officially designated by the City.

5-2-3 FIRES. No fires shall be built, except in a place provided therefor, and such fire shall be extinguished before leaving the area unless it is to be immediately used by some other party.

5-2-4 LITTERING. No person shall place, deposit, or throw any waste, refuse, litter or foreign substance in any area or receptacle except those provided for that purpose.

5-2-5 CAMPING. No camping shall be allowed unless prior approval is obtained from the City Council.

5-2-6 PARKS CLOSED. No person that is not involved in camping shall enter or remain within any park between the hours of eleven o'clock (11:00) P.M. and six o'clock (6:00) A.M.

5-2-7 SPECIAL USE BY GROUPS. All persons or groups desiring to reserve the use of the City park or other City operated facility must apply to the Clerk for permission. Fees for the use of the park and other City facilities shall be established by the Council.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 1 STREET CUTS AND EXCAVATIONS

6-1-1 Excavation Permit Required

6-1-4 Backfilling and Restoration

6-1-2 Application for Permit

6-1-5 Rules and Regulations

6-1-3 Safety Measures

6-1-1 EXCAVATION PERMIT REQUIRED. Excavating within the right-of-way of public streets and alleys, and of public grounds, and the cutting of surfacing or pavings of the traveled way therein, shall not be done by any person, firm, association, or corporation without obtaining a permit from the City Clerk.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

6-1-2 APPLICATION FOR PERMIT. No person shall commence excavation in any public street or public ground until that person has applied to the City Clerk for an excavation permit. Such application shall indicate the location of the excavation, the name and address of the applicant who is to do the work, whether public liability insurance is in force, and that the applicant has checked the underground map of all utilities, and other owners of underground facilities, and that the applicant has notified those persons or companies of the time that excavation will commence. The making of an application shall be deemed notice to the City of the plan to cut the street surfacing or pavements, and to obstruct the public way. Such permits shall not be valid until six hours after receipt unless the Clerk waives this requirement.

In an emergency, authorized persons or companies may commence excavations provided that they shall have made a reasonable effort to inform the City and the utilities whose underground utilities might be involved in any way, and those involved in the excavation shall make written application at the earliest practicable moment. The Clerk may provide on the form for the certification that the applicant has notified all utilities and other parties required by this Ordinance.

6-1-3 SAFETY MEASURES. Any person, firm, or corporation cutting a pavement or surfacing or excavating in the streets shall erect suitable barricades, maintain warning lights from sunset to sunrise each night, and take such other precautions as necessary for the safety of the public, whether vehicles or pedestrians. Vehicles, equipment, materials, excavated material, and similar items shall likewise be protected by lights and warning devices, such as traffic cones, flags, etc. Where traffic conditions warrant, the party excavating may be required to provide flagmen, if in the judgment of the Chief of Police the public safety requires it. Compliance with City Ordinances and regulations shall not be deemed to waive the requirements that the party excavating shall comply with all the requirements of the labor safety laws and the rules of the Iowa Department of Labor, nor shall any failure be deemed a responsibility of the City.

6-1-4 BACKFILLING AND RESTORATION. Any person excavating in the streets shall be responsible for the backfilling of the excavation in accordance with City specifications and the restoration of the pavement or surfacing to as good a condition as that existing prior to the excavation. If any excavator fails to backfill or restore the pavement or surfacing properly within forty-eight hours of the completion of the underground work, the City reserves the right to backfill and resurface or install

new paving and charge the cost thereof to the party excavating. If any backfilling or pavement or surfacing restoration is not in accordance with the City specifications, the Mayor is authorized to order removed, such material as is necessary and to backfill and restore the pavement or surfacing properly.

6-1-5 RULES AND REGULATIONS. The City Council may by resolution establish such rules and regulations for the manner of making cuts and related matters involving excavations.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 2 UTILITIES - SANITARY SYSTEM

6-2-1	Definitions	6-2-6	Protection from Damage
6-2-2	Use of Public Sewers Required	6-2-7	Powers and Authority of
6-2-3	Private Sewage Disposal		Superintendent
6-2-4	Building Sewers and Connections	6-2-8	Infractions
6-2-5	Use of the Sanitary Sewers	6-2-9	Misdemeanor Penalties
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6-2-1 DEFINITIONS. Unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, the meaning of terms used in this ordinance shall be as follows:

1. City of Joice is the owner of the sewage works.

2. "BOD" (denoting Biochemical Oxygen Demand) shall mean the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure in five (5) days at 20 degrees C, expressed in milligrams per liter.

3. "Building Drain" shall mean that part of the lowest horizontal piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge from sewage pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it outside the walls of the building to the building sewer.

4. "Building Sewer" shall mean that part of the lowest horizontal pipe which begins outside of the wall of a building and connects the building drain with the public sewer or other disposal terminal.

5. "Combined Sewer" shall mean a sewer receiving both surface runoff and sewage.

6. "City" shall mean Joice, Iowa or its authorized deputy, agent, or representative.

7. "Garbage" shall mean solid wastes from the domestic and commercial preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food, and from the handling, storage, and sale of produce.

8. "Industrial Wastes" shall mean the liquid wastes from industrial manufacturing processes, trade, or business as distinct from sewage.

9. "Natural Outlet" shall mean any outlet into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake, or other body of surface or groundwater.

10. "Person" shall mean any individual, firm, company, association, society, corporation, tenant, property owner, or group.

11. "pH" shall mean the logarithm of the reciprocal of the weight of hydrogen ions in grams per liter of solution.

12. "Private Sewer" shall mean a building sewer line.

13. "Properly Shredded Garbage" shall mean the wastes from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food that have been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than one-half (1/2) inch in any dimension.

14. "Public Sewer" shall mean the sewage works.

15. "Sanitary Sewer" shall mean a pipeline which carries sewage and to which storm, surface, and ground waters are not intentionally admitted.

16. "Service Area" shall mean the portion of the unincorporated or incorporated area(s) in the County served by the public sewer owned and operated by Joice.

17. "Sewage" shall mean a combination of the water-carried wastes such as residences, business buildings, institutions, and industrial establishments from toilets, sinks, kitchen, bath, shower, and laundry facilities.

18. "Sewage Treatment Plant" shall mean any arrangement of devices and structures used for treating sewage.

19. "Sewage Works" shall mean all facilities for collecting, pumping, treating, and disposing of sewage, including onsite systems owned and operated by Joice.

20. "Sewer" shall mean a pipe or conduit for carrying sewage.

21. "Shall" is mandatory; "May" is permissive.

22. "Slug" shall mean any discharge of water, sewage, or industrial waste which in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow exceeds for any period of duration longer than fifteen (15) minutes more than five (5) times the average twenty-four (24) hour concentration or flows during normal operation.

23. "Storm Drain" (sometimes termed "storm sewer") shall mean a sewer which carries storm and surface waters and drainage, but excludes sewage and industrial wastes other than unpolluted cooling water.

24. "Superintendent" shall mean the authorized deputy, agent, or representative of Joice.

25. "Suspended Solids" shall mean solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in water, sewage, or other liquids, and which are removable by laboratory filtering.

26. "Watercourse" shall mean a channel in which a flow of water occurs, either continuously or intermittently.

6-2-2 USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS REQUIRED.

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, deposit, or permit to be deposited in any unsanitary manner on public or private property within the Service Area or in any area under the jurisdiction of said City, any sewage.

2. It shall be unlawful to discharge to any natural outlet within the Service Area any sewage or other polluted waters, except where suitable treatment has been provided in accordance with subsequent provisions of this ordinance.

3. Except as hereinafter provided, it shall be unlawful to construct or maintain any privy, privy vault, septic tank, cesspool, or other facility intended or used for the disposal of sewage in the Service Area other than the Public Sewer owned and operated by the City of Joice.

4. The Person that owns all houses, buildings, or properties used for human occupancy, employment, recreation, or other purposes, situated within the Service Area and abutting on any street, alley, or right-of-way in which there is now located or may in the future be located a public sewer is hereby required to connect sewage facilities to the public sewer in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, within sixty (60) days after date of official notice to do so.

6-2-3 PRIVATE SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

1. Where a public sewer is not available the building sewer shall be connected to a private sewage disposal system complying with the provisions of the County Board of Health.

6-2-4 BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS.

1. Specific Requirements:

a. Rain Water Leaders: Roof leaders, surface drains, or ground water drains shall not be connected to the sanitary sewer.

b. Connection to the Public Sewer. Before any connection is made to a public sewer, an approved permit for such connection must be obtained from the Superintendent.

2. Supervision. The Superintendent shall supervise all building sewers, connections, and excavations for the purpose of installing or repairing the same.

3. Specifications:

a. Material: Building sewers shall be constructed of materials approved by the Superintendent.

4. Inspection. Each and every part of the building sewer shall be inspected and approved by the Superintendent before being concealed or backfilled.

6-2-5 USE OF SANITARY SEWERS.

1. No Person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters or wastes to any public sewer:

a. Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid, or gas.

b. Any waters or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids, or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, create a public nuisance, or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the sewage treatment plant, including but not limited to cyanides in excess of two (2) mg/1 as CN in the wastes as discharged to the public sewer.

c. Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than 5.5, or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment, and personnel of the sewage works.

d. Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers, or other interference with the proper operation of the sewage works such as, but not limited to, ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, tar, feathers, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, entrails and paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders.

e. Any waters or wastes having (1) a 5-day biochemical oxygen demand greater than 300 parts per million by weight, or (2) containing more than 350 parts per million by weight of suspended solids, or (3) having an average daily flow greater than 10 percent of the average sewage flow of the service area, shall be subject to the review of the Superintendent. Where necessary in the opinion of the Superintendent, the Person shall provide, at his expense, such preliminary treatment as may be necessary to (1) reduce the biochemical oxygen demand to 300 parts per million by weight, or (2) reduce the suspended solids to 350 parts per million by weight, or (3) control the quantities and rates of discharge of such waters or wastes. Plans, specifications, and any other pertinent information relating to proposed preliminary treatment facilities shall be submitted for the approval of the Superintendent and no construction of such facilities shall be commenced until said approvals are obtained in writing.

2. No Person shall discharge or cause to be discharged the following described substances, materials, waters, or wastes if it appears likely in the opinion of the Superintendent that such wastes can harm either the sewers, sewage treatment process, or equipment, have an adverse effect on the receiving stream, or can otherwise endanger life, limb, public property, or constitute a nuisance. In forming his opinion as to the acceptability of these wastes, the Superintendent will give consideration to such factors as the quantities of subject wastes in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sewers, nature of the sewage treatment plant, and other pertinent factors. The substances prohibited are:

a. Any liquid or vapor having a temperature higher than one hundred fifty (150) degrees F (65 degrees C).

b. Any water or waste containing fats, wax, grease, or oils, whether emulsified or not, in excess of one hundred (100) mg/1 or containing substances which may solidify or become viscous at temperatures between thirty-two (32) and one hundred fifty (150) degrees F (0 and 65 degrees C).

c. Any garbage that has not been properly shredded. The installation and operation of any garbage grinder equipped with a motor greater than1-horsepower, shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent.

d. Any waters or wastes containing strong acid iron pickling wastes, or concentrated plating solutions whether neutralized or not.

e. Any waters or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc, and similar objectionable or toxic substances; or wastes exerting an excessive chlorine requirement, to such degree that any such material received in the composite sewage at the sewage treatment works exceeds the limits established by the Superintendent for such materials.

f. Any waters or wastes containing phenols or other taste- or odor-producing substances, in such concentrations exceeding limits which may be established by the Superintendent as necessary, after treatment of the composite sewage, to meet the requirements of the State, Federal, or other public agencies of jurisdiction for such discharge to the receiving waters.

g. Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the Superintendent in compliance with applicable State or Federal regulations.

h. Any waters or wastes having a pH in excess of 9.5.

i. Materials which exert or cause:

(1) Unusual concentrations of inert suspended solids (such as, but not limited to, Fullers earth, lime slurries, and lime residues) or of dissolved solids (such as, but not limited to, sodium chloride and sodium sulfate).

(2) Excessive discoloration (such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions).

(3) Unusual BOD, chemical oxygen demand, or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the sewage treatment works.

(4) Unusual volume of flow or concentration of wastes constituting "slugs" as defined herein.

j. Waters or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the sewage treatment processes employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the sewage treatment plant effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharge to the receiving waters.

5. If any waters or wastes are discharged, or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which waters contain the substances or possess the characteristics enumerated in Section 4 of this Article, and which in the judgment of the Superintendent, may have a deleterious effect upon the sewage works,

processes, equipment, or receiving waters, or which otherwise create a hazard to life or constitute a public nuisance, the Superintendent may:

a. Reject the wastes,

b. Require pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers,

c. Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge, and/or

d. Require payment to cover the added cost of handling and treating the wastes not covered by the sewer charges.

e. Other agreed upon method.

If the Superintendent permits the pretreatment or equalization of waste flows, the design and installation of the plants and equipment shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent, and subject to the requirements of all applicable codes, ordinances, and laws.

6. Grease, oil, and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the Superintendent, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing grease in excessive amounts, or any flammable wastes, sand, or other harmful ingredients; except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity approved by the Superintendent, and shall be located as to be readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection.

7. Where preliminary treatment or flow-equalizing facilities are provided for any waters or wastes, the Person controlling the preliminary treatment or flow-equalizing facility shall maintain it in continuous and satisfactory operation at the Person's expense.

8. When required by the Superintendent, the Person of any property serviced by a building sewer carrying industrial wastes shall install a suitable control manhole together with such necessary meters and other appurtenances in the building sewer to facilitate observation, sampling, and measurement of the wastes. Such manhole, when required, shall be accessibly and safely located, and shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Superintendent. The manhole shall be installed by the Person at their expense, and shall be maintained by the Person so as to be safe and accessible at all times.

9. All measurements, tests, and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in this ordinance shall be determined in accordance with the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater," published by the American Public Health Association, and shall be determined at the control manhole provided, or upon suitable samples taken at said control manhole. In the event that no special manhole has been required, the control manhole shall be considered to be the nearest downstream manhole in the public sewer to the point at which the building sewer is connected. Sampling shall be carried out by customarily accepted methods to reflect the effect of constituents upon the sewage works and to determine the existence of hazards to life, limb, and property. (The particular analyses involved will determine whether a twenty-four (24) hour composite of all outfalls of a premise is appropriate or whether a grab sample or samples should be taken. Normally, but not always, BOD and suspended solids analyses are obtained from 24-hr. composites of all outfalls whereas pH's are determined from periodic grab samples.)

10. No statement contained in this article shall be construed as preventing any special agreement or arrangement between Superintendent and any industrial concern whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be accepted by the Superintendent for treatment, subject to payment therefore, by the industrial concern.

6-2-6 PROTECTION FROM DAMAGE.

1. No unauthorized Person shall maliciously, willfully, or negligently break, damage, destroy, uncover, deface, or tamper with any structure, appurtenance, or equipment which is a part of the sewage works. Any Person violating this provision shall be subject to immediate arrest under charge of disorderly conduct.

6-2-7 POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF SUPERINTENDENT.

1. The Superintendent bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all properties for the purposes of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, and testing in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance. The Superintendent shall have no authority to inquire into any processes including metallurgical, chemical, oil, refining, ceramic, paper, or other industries beyond that point having a direct bearing on the kind and source of discharge to the public sewers or waterways.

2. While performing the necessary work on private properties referred to in Article V, the Superintendent shall observe all safety rules applicable to the premises established by the Person and the Person shall be held harmless for injury or death to the Superintendent. The City of Joice shall indemnify the Person against loss or damage to its property by the Superintendent and against liability claims and demands for personal injury or property damage asserted against the Person and growing out of the gauging and sampling operation, except as such may be caused by negligence or failure of the Person to maintain safe conditions as required in Article V.

3. The Superintendent bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all private properties through which the City of Joice holds a duly negotiated easement for the purposes of, but not limited to, inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, repair, and maintenance of any portion of the sewage works lying within said easement. All entry and subsequent work, if any, on said easement, shall be done in full accordance with the terms of the duly negotiated easement pertaining to the private property involved.

6-2-8 INFRACTIONS

1. Any violation of this ordinance, except a violation of 6-2-9 (1) 1, shall be a city infraction punishable by a civil penalty of not more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) for the first infraction and a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each repeat offense.

2. In addition to the civil penalty provided in 6-2-8 (1) of this Article, the City may seek any relief available to it under Iowa Code to assure the abatement or correction of any violation of this ordinance.

3. Any Person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall become liable to the City for any expense, loss or damage occasioned the City by reason of such violation.

6-2-9 MISDEMEANOR PENALTIES

1. Any Person found to have maliciously, willfully, or negligently damaged, destroyed, uncovered, defaced, or tampered with the Sewage Works shall be guilty of a serious misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined in an amount not exceeding \$1,875 for each violation.

2. Any Person found to be violating any provision of this ordinance except as provided in Section 1 of this Article shall be guilty of a serious misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined in an amount not exceeding one thousand, eighteen hundred, seventy-five (\$1,875) dollars for each violation. Each day in which any such violation shall continue shall be deemed a separate offense.

3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall become liable to the City for any expense, loss or damage occasioned the City by reason of such violation.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 3 UTILITIES – WATER SYSTEM

- 6-3-1 Enforcement
- 6-3-2 Adoption of State Plumbing Code
- 6-3-3 Requirements
- 6-3-4 Mandatory Connections
- 6-3-5 Permit
- 6-3-6 Fee for Permit
- 6-3-7 Water Supply Control

6-3-8 Making the Connection

6-3-9 Excavations

- 6-3-10 Inspection and Approval
- 6-3-11 Completion by the City
- 6-3-12 Meter Accuracy and Test
- 6-3-13 Owners to Protect Meters

6-3-1 ENFORCEMENT. The City Council shall name an acting Superintendent of public utilities to supervise the installation of water service pipes and their connections to the water main. This Chapter shall apply to all replacements of existing service pipes as well as to new ones. The City Council shall make such rules, not in conflict with the provisions of this Chapter, as needed for the detailed operation of the waterworks. In the event of an emergency, the Superintendent may make temporary rules for the protection of the system until due consideration by the City Council may be had.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

6-3-2 ADOPTION OF STATE PLUMBING CODE. The installation of any water-service pipe and any connection with the municipal water system shall comply with all pertinent and applicable provisions, whether regulatory, procedural or enforcement provisions, of the State Plumbing Code as amended and as published by the Iowa Department of Public Health, which is hereby adopted. An official copy of the State Plumbing Code as adopted and certified copy of this Ordinance are on file in the office of the City Clerk for public inspection.

6-3-3 REQUIREMENTS. All installation of water service pipes and connections to the municipal water system shall be made by a plumber approved by the City. The Superintendent shall have the power to suspend the work of any plumber for violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance. A suspension, unless revoked, shall continue until the next regular meeting of the City Council. The Superintendent shall notify the plumber immediately by personal written notice of the suspension, the reasons for the suspension and the time and place of the City Council meeting at which the plumber will be granted a hearing. At this City Council meeting, the Superintendent shall make a written report to the City Council stating the Superintendent's reasons for the suspension. The City Council, after a fair hearing, shall revoke the suspension or take further action that is necessary and proper.

6-3-4 MANDATORY CONNECTIONS. All residences and business establishments within the City limits intended or used for human habitation, occupancy or use, or already having water supplied from another source shall be connected to the public water supply. Residents may, upon meeting certain stipulations, elect to maintain a private well in addition to connecting to the public water supply. Private wells will only permitted under the following conditions.

- 1. Private wells must be a minimum of 200 feet from public wells.
- 2. Wells must be useable and accessible year round to allow for well testing.

3. Well casings must extend a minimum of 12 inches above ground and be properly sealed an maintained to prevent contamination of the groundwater.

4. Private well must be completely separated from the public system with no interconnected plumbing between the two systems. Use back flow prevention devices or systems will not be permitted.

5. Plumbing must be installed or inspected by the Superintendent to assure proper separation of systems.

6. If a private well is not used for 90 days, it can be considered abandoned and be required to be capped.

7. Annual inspections of private systems will be required at the expense of the property owner.

6-3-5 PERMIT. Before any person, firm, corporation or other association shall make a connection with the public water system, written permission must be obtained from the Superintendent. Connections made during the startup phase of the water system shall be exempt from the formal permit process. The application for the permit shall be filed with the Superintendent on blanks furnished by the Superintendent. The application shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, the name and address of the person who will do work and the general uses of the water. No different or additional uses shall be allowed, except by written permission of the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall issue the permit, bearing the Superintendent's signature and stating the time of issuance, if the proposed work meets all the requirements of this Ordinance and if all fees required under this Ordinance have been paid. The Superintendent may at any time revoke the permit for any violation of this Ordinance and require that the work be stopped. The owner or plumber may appeal such action in the manner provided in Section 6-3-3 of this Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

6-3-6 FEE FOR PERMIT. Before any permit is issued, the person making the application fee of \$25.00 to the City of Joice to cover the cost of issuing the permit and supervision, regulating, and inspecting the work. The fee shall be established by Resolution. (See footnote at end of Chapter)

6-3-7 WATER SUPPLY CONTROL. The plumber making the connection to the municipal water system shall install a main shut-off valve of the inverted key type on the water-service pipe near the curb with a suitable lock of a pattern approved by the Superintendent.

The plumber also shall install a shut-off valve and waste cock on every service pipe inside the building near the entrance of the water-service pipe into the building; this must be located so that the water can be shut off conveniently and the pipes drained. Where one service pip is installed to supply more than one paying customer, there shall be separate shut-off valves inside the building for each customer so that service to one customer can be shut off without interfering with service to the others.

6-3-8 MAKING THE CONNECTION. Any connection with the municipal water system must be made under the direct supervision of the Superintendent or the Superintendent's authorized assistant. All taps in the water main must be at least twelve (12) inches apart and on the side near the top and not in any case within eighteen (18) inches of the hub.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

6-3-9 EXCAVATIONS. Excavations to do work under this Ordinance shall be dug so as to occasion the least possible inconvenience to the public and to provide for the passage of water along the gutter. All such excavations shall have proper barricades at all times, and warning lights placed from one-half hour before sunset to one-half hour after sunrise. In refilling the excavation, the earth must be laid in layers and each layer tamped thoroughly to prevent settlement, and this work, and any street, sidewalk, pavement or other public property that is affect, must be restored to as good a condition as it was previous to the excavation. The plumber must maintain the affected area in good repair to the satisfaction of the City Council for three (3) months after refilling. All water service pipes must be laid so as to prevent rupture by settlement of freezing. No excavation shall be made within six (6) feet of any laid water or sewer pipe while the ground is frozen, and no water or sewer pipe shall be exposed to frost, except by special written permission from the Superintendent.

6-3-10 INSPECTION AND APPROVAL. All water-service pipes and their connections to the municipal water system must be inspected and approved in writing by the Superintendent before they are covered. The Superintendent shall keep a record of such approvals. If the Superintendent refuses to approve the work, the plumber or owner must proceed immediately to correct the work so that it will meet with the Superintendent's approval. Every person who uses or intends to use the municipal water system shall permit the Superintendent or the Superintendent's authorized assistants to enter the premises to inspect and make necessary alterations or repairs at all reasonable hours and on proof of authority.

6-3-11 COMPLETION BY THE CITY. Should any excavation be left open or partly refilled for twenty-four (24) hours after the water-service pipe is installed and connected with the municipal water system, or should the work be improperly done, the Superintendent shall have the right to finish or correct the work, and the City Council shall assess the costs to the property owner or plumber.

6-3-12 METER ACCURACY AND TEST. All water shall be supplied through meters that accurately measure the amount of water supplied to any building. The Superintendent or the Superintendent's assistant shall make a test of the accuracy of any water meter at any time when requested in writing. If it is found that a meter overruns, the cost of the tests shall be paid by the City and a refund shall be made to the customer for overcharges collected since the last known date of accuracy but not for longer than 6 months. If the meter is found to be accurate or slow, the patron shall pay the reasonable costs of the tests.

1. Compulsory Check. Any meter may be removed from service at the Superintendents discretion and tested for accuracy. Any meter found inaccurate shall not be returned to service until properly adjusted.

6-3-13 OWNERS TO PROTECT METERS.

1. The owners or occupants of premises where a meter is installed shall be held responsible for its care and protection from freezing or hot water and from other injury or interference from any person or persons. In case of any injury to the meter, or in case of its stoppage or imperfect working, he or she shall give immediate notice to the City. In all cases where water meters are broken or damaged by negligence of owners or occupants of the premises, or by freezing, hot water, or other injuries except ordinary wear the necessary repairs to the meter shall be made by the City and the cost of such repairs shall be added to the consumer's water bill and payment thereof enforced as provided for delinquent water bills. Damaged meters may be repaired by the City without first giving notice

thereof to the owners of the premises where such meter is located.

2. No one shall in any way interfere with the proper registration of water meters, and no one except as authorized by the City shall break a seal of a meter, provided, however, that the City may grant written permission to approved plumbers in cases of emergency to break a water meter seal. The owner of the property may be charged a civil penalty of up to Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for the first offense and up to a Seven Hundred Fifty Dollar (\$750.00) civil penalty for each subsequent violation of this section.

3. Wherever a water meter is installed on a water service in the premises that are to be remodeled, removed or destroyed, or where the service is discontinued so that the water meter is no longer needed, the owner of such meter, and free access to such meter shall be provided at least twenty-four hours after such notice is given so that the meter may be removed. The owner of the premises shall be held responsible for the meter until such written notice is given. If the meter is covered or lost, he or she shall be required to pay to the City a sum equal to the fair, reasonable market value thereof. The replacement cost thereof is presumed to be its fair reasonable market value.

Footnote: See 384.38(3) concerning establishing districts and connection fees.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 4 UTILITIES - REFUSE COLLECTION

6-4-1	Definitions	6-4-6	Burning of Refuse
6-4-2	Duty to Provide Cans	6-4-7	Refuse Other Than Garbage
6-4-3	Administration	6-4-8	Burning of Yard Waste
6-4-4	Storage and Collections	6-4-9	Sanitary Landfill
6-4-5	Necessity of Permits	6-4-10	Anti-Scavenging

6-4-1 DEFINITIONS. For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined as follows:

1. "Refuse". Includes all garbage, rubbish, ashes, or other substances offensive to sight or smell, dangerous to the public health or detrimental to the best interests of the community except dead animals not killed for food.

2. "Garbage". Includes all animal, fruit, vegetable, and other refuse resulting from the preparation of food and drink.

3. "Rubbish". Includes all other refuse not falling within the term "garbage" except those objects too large to be placed in cans.

4. "Can". Means a container for the storage of garbage or rubbish which is:

a. Provided with a handle and tight fitting cover.

b. Substantially made of galvanized iron or other non-rusting material.

- c. Water-tight.
- d. Of a size that may be conveniently handled by the collector.

6-4-2 DUTY TO PROVIDE CANS. Each person shall provide cans or approved containers for the storage of garbage and rubbish accumulating on the premises owned or occupied by such owner. Such cans or containers shall be kept covered and reasonably clean at all times. They shall be in a position readily accessible to the collector.

It shall be the duty of the owner of each household residing in a building arranged for more than one family unit to provide proper cans for garbage and rubbish.

6-4-3 ADMINISTRATION. Administration of this chapter shall be by the City Council, or such employee designated by the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

6-4-4 STORAGE AND COLLECTIONS. Compliance will be adhered to the current collections contract as agreed to by and between the City Council and the contracted waste hauler. Upon changes

or modifications to said collections contract, notification to the public will be made via the local newspaper, as well as copies of the revised conditions shall be available at City Hall.

All cans for garbage and rubbish shall be kept as provided in the rules and regulations for collection of refuse.

6-4-5 NECESSITY OF PERMIT. No person shall collect garbage or rubbish except such person's unless otherwise by contract or permit approved by the City Council and issued by the Clerk.

In the event any business, firm, or corporation may elect to dispose of refuse or waste matter as may accumulate on any premises, property, or location, the same may be done provided that such disposal and transporting of any refuse or waste matter complies with the provisions of this chapter, is approved by the City and a permit issued by the Clerk.

6-4-6 BURNING OF REFUSE.

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to burn or incinerate any garbage, rubbish, or refuse within the City except by permission of the City Council.

2. This section shall not apply to any incinerator operated under a license granted by the City or any burning conducted under the direction of the fire department for training purposes.

3. This section shall not apply to outdoor cooking appliances used for residential recreational purposes using commonly acceptable fuels.

6-4-7 REFUSE OTHER THAN GARBAGE. Each person shall dispose of all refuse other than garbage and rubbish accumulation on the premises such person owns or occupies before it becomes a nuisance. If it does become a nuisance, it shall be subject to provisions of Title III, Chapter 2 of this Code.

6-4-8 BURNING OF YARD WASTE. Yard waste shall not be burned at any time except as specified by the City Council.

6-4-9 SANITARY LANDFILL. The City Council by resolution may designate a sanitary landfill and establish reasonable rules and regulations necessary to control its use by the public and make charge for the use thereof.

6-4-10 ANTI-SCAVENGING. It shall be a violation of this Code for any person to sort through, scavenge or remove any garbage, waste, refuse, rubbish or recycling material that has been placed in a designated garbage or recycling container. Unauthorized collection, removal or scavenging of material placed in a garbage or recycling container shall be a violation of this Code and punishable as set forth in the Municipal Code.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 5 UTILITIES – BILLING CHARGES

6-5-1 6-5-2 6-5-3 6-5-4	Utility Defined Districts Disposition of Fees and Charges Billing, Penalty	6-5-8 6-5-9 6-5-10	Water Rates Refuse Collection Rates Rate of Sewer Rent and Manner of Payment
6-5-5	Discontinuing Services, Fees	6-5-11	Determination and Payment of Sewer
6-5-6	Residential Rental Property		Rent From Premises With No Meter
6-5-7	Customer Guarantee Deposits		and/or Private Water Systems

6-5-1 UTILITY DEFINED. For use in this chapter, utility is the sewer, water, and refuse collection systems operated by the City.

6-5-2 DISTRICTS. There shall be one sewer and water district which encompasses all of the City of Joice, Iowa.

6-5-3 DISPOSITION OF FEES AND CHARGES. All money received under this chapter shall be deposited in the City treasury not later than the last day of the month in which it was received and a written report of the amount and source of the fees and charges shall be on file with the City Clerk.

6-5-4 BILLING, PENALTY. Utility bills shall be due upon receipt, approximately the first of the month following the period for which service is billed. Payment shall be made to the City Clerk. Bills shall become delinquent after the twenty-fifth (25th) of the month in which due and bills paid after said day shall have added a penalty of \$5.00 to the overdue balance. When the twenty-fifth (25th) falls on Saturday or Sunday, the City Clerk shall accept payment on the next office day without penalty.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(1))

6-5-5 DISCONTINUING SERVICE, FEES.

1. If any account is not paid within thirty (30) days from the end of any given period, the service to such owner or person so supplied with the utility shall be discontinued after the following procedures have been complied with:

a. The City Clerk shall send a disconnect or discontinuance notice by ordinary mail providing the following notice to customers: "You are advised that you may request a hearing on this matter to the City Clerk by noon on the day preceding the scheduled shut-off date or discontinuance of service."

b. When a hearing is requested by a customer, the Mayor or the Mayor's designee shall conduct a hearing within two (2) days following the request. The customer shall have the right to present evidence or propose a payment plan. The decision of the Mayor is final.

2. If service is discontinued for nonpayment of fees and charges, or for the violation of any Ordinance, a fee of fifty (\$50.00) dollars shall be paid to the City Clerk in addition to the rates or charges then due before such service is restored. If any such service charge is not paid within sixty (60) days

from the date it is due, the same shall constitute a lien upon the premises served by said municipal system, which said lien shall be collected in the same manner as taxes.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(2))

3. A lien shall not be certified to the County Treasurer for collection unless thirty (30) days prior written notice by ordinary mail of the intent to certify a lien is given to the account holder of the delinquent account. If the account holder is a tenant, and if the owner or property lessor of the property has made a written request for notice, the notice shall also be given to the owner.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(3))

6-5-6 RESIDENTIAL RENTAL PROPERTY.

1. Residential rental property where a charge for any of the services of water, sewer systems, storm water drainage systems, sewage treatment, solid waste collection, and solid waste disposal is paid directly to the City by the tenant is exempt from a lien for delinquent rates or charges associated with such services if the landlord gives written notice to the City utility that the property is residential rental property and that the tenant is liable for the rates or charges.

2. The City shall require a deposit of one hundred and fifty (\$150.00) dollars for the services of water, sewer systems, storm water drainage systems, sewage treatment, solid waste collection, and solid waste disposal as applicable to be paid to the City. Upon receipt, the City shall acknowledge the notice and deposit. A written notice shall contain the name of the tenant responsible for the charges, the address of the residential rental property that the tenant is to occupy, and the date that the occupancy begins.

3. A change in tenant shall require a new written notice to be given to the City within thirty (30) business days of the change in tenant. When the tenant moves from the rental property, the City shall return the deposit, if the charges for the services of water, sewer systems, storm water drainage systems, sewage treatment, solid waste collection, and solid waste disposal as applicable are paid in full.

A change in the ownership of the residential rental property shall require written notice of such change to be given to the City utility within thirty (30) business days of the completion of the change of ownership. The lien exemption for rental property does not apply to charges for repairs related to a service of water, sewer systems, storm water drainage systems, sewage treatment, solid waste collection, and solid waste disposal if the repair charges become delinquent.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(3)(d)) (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(3)(e))

6-5-7 CUSTOMER GUARANTEE DEPOSITS. Customer deposits shall be required of all customers who are tenants, or others having no established credit record, and of those who have an unacceptable credit record or who have a prior record of failure to pay water bills rendered. Such deposit amount shall be equal to the estimated typical bill for the type of use contracted for, and be set to the nearest five (\$5.00) dollars. Deposits of customers having established acceptable credit records for three (3) years shall have their deposits returned. An occurrence or recurrence of a bad payment record may be the occasion for the City Clerk to require a new or larger deposit for the continuation of service. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(1))

6-5-8 WATER RATES. Water shall be furnished at the following monthly rates per property serviced within the City limits:

AMOUNT	SERVICE CHARGE		
First 2,000 gallons or lesser amount per month	\$36.05 per month plus tax where applicable (Minimum monthly bill)		
Next 1,000* gallons per month	\$ 4.32 per 1,000* gallons plus tax where applicable		
Each addition 1,000* gallons per month	\$ 4.32 per 1,000* gallons plus tax where applicable		

* Per 1,000 gallon rates are not prorated. Example: 3050 gallons used; monthly bill = 44.69 plus tax where applicable

All gallonage classifications in the above rate schedule include a constant rate of \$4.32 per 1,000* gallons for operation, maintenance and replacement costs plus tax where applicable.

The minimum charge shall be \$36.05 plus tax where applicable, per household or business building per billing month.

In the case of non-metered services, the minimum service charge shall not be less than \$36.05 per month, plus tax where applicable, which is necessary to retire the indebtedness, to pay operating, maintenance and replacement and to fund reserves necessary for maintaining the sanitary sewer facility.

Service to industrial establishments may be by contract if Joice City Council deems this to be in its best interest.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(1))

6-5-9 REFUSE COLLECTION RATES. There shall be collected by the City for its services in collecting garbage and rubbish, the following mandatory fees:

1. Residence Rate. For each resident with alley or curb pickup, there shall be one garbage or rubbish collection each week. All garbage must be placed in yellow Joice trash bags, which can be purchased at the library during their regular business hours. Joice bags are available in two (2) sizes.

- 1. \$ 13.50 per 10 large refuse collection bags.
- 2. \$ 7.50 per 10 small refuse collection bags.

In the event that alley or curb pickup for any residence is not feasible, the City Clerk is hereby empowered to enter into an agreement with such resident for any additional charge to be paid by such resident for any other location of pickup that may be agreed upon.

2. Commercial Rate. Rates for commercial establishments shall be established by the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(1)) 101 6-5-10 RATE OF SEWER RENT AND MANNER OF PAYMENT. The rate of sewer rent for the use of and for the service supplied by the municipal sanitary sewer utility based upon the amount and rate of water consumed shall be as follows:

AMOUNT	SERVICE CHARGE
First 2,000 gallons or lesser amount per month	\$46.00 per month plus tax where applicable (Minimum monthly bill)
Next 1,000* gallons per month	\$ 1.50 per 1,000* gallons plus tax where applicable
Each addition 1,000* gallons per month	\$ 1.50 per 1,000* gallons plus tax where applicable

* Per 1,000 gallon rates are not prorated. Example: 3050 gallons used; monthly bill = \$49.00 plus tax where applicable

All gallonage classifications in the above rate schedule include a constant rate of \$1.55 per 1,000* gallons for operation, maintenance and replacement costs plus tax where applicable.

The minimum charge shall be \$46.00 plus tax where applicable, per household or business building per billing month.

In the case of non-metered services, the minimum service charge shall not be less than \$46.00 per month plus tax where applicable, which is necessary to retire the indebtedness, to pay operating, maintenance and replacement and to fund reserves necessary for maintaining the sanitary sewer facility.

Service to industrial establishments may be by contract if Joice City Council deems this to be in its best interest.

6-5-11 DETERMINATION AND PAYMENT OF SEWER RENT FROM PREMISES WITH NO METER AND/OR PRIVATE WATER SYSTEMS. Users whose premises have a private water system and/or no water meter shall pay a minimum service charge of not less than forty-six (\$46.00) dollars per month plus tax where applicable, for the sanitary sewer utility, which is necessary to retire the indebtedness, to pay operating, maintenance and replacement costs and to fund reserves necessary for maintaining the sanitary sewer facility. Rent shall be paid at the same time and place as provided in Section 6-5-4.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84(1))

Footnote: See Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.38(3) concerning establishing districts and connection fees.

CHAPTER 6 SIDEWALK REGULATIONS

6-6-1	Purpose	6-6-11	Failure to Obtain Permit; Remedies	
6-6-2	Definitions	6-6-12	Inspection and Approval	
6-6-3	Cleaning Snow, Ice, and	6-6-13	Barricades and Warning Lights	
	Accumulations	6-6-14	Interference with Sidewalk	
6-6-4	Maintenance Responsibility		Improvements	
6-6-5	-6-6 Ordering Sidewalk Improvements		-15 Special Assessments for Construction	
6-6-6			and Repair	
6-6-7			Notice of Assessment for Repair or	
6-6-8	Notice of Inability to Repair or		Cleaning Costs	
	Barricade	6-6-17	Hearing and Assessment	
6-6-9	Standard Sidewalk Specifications	6-6-18	Billing and Certifying to County	
6-6-10	Permits for Construction or Removal	6-6-19	$\Delta D \Delta \Delta G$ Compliance	

6-6-10 Permits for Construction or Removal

6-6-19 ADAAG Compliance

6-6-1 PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to improve and maintain sidewalks in a safe condition, to require owners of abutting property to maintain, repair, replace, construct or reconstruct sidewalks.

6-6-2 DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, the following terms have these meanings:

1. Defective Sidewalk. Any public sidewalk exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics:

a. vertical separations equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more.

b. horizontal separations equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more.

c. holes or depressions equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more and at least four (4) inches in diameter.

d. spalling over fifty (50) percent of the surface of a single square of the sidewalk with one or more depressions equal to one-half $(\frac{1}{2})$ inch or more.

e. spalling over less than fifty (50) percent of a single square of the sidewalk with one or more depressions equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more.

f. a single square of sidewalk cracked in such a manner that no part thereof has a piece greater than one square foot.

g. a sidewalk with any part thereof missing to the full depth.

h. a change from design or construction grade equal to or greater than three-fourths (3/4) inch per foot.

2. Sidewalk Improvements. The construction, reconstruction, repair, replacement, or removal of a public sidewalk or the excavating, filling, or depositing of material in the public right-of-way in connection therewith.

3. Owner. The person owning the fee title or the contract purchaser for purposes of notification required herein. For all other purposes, "owner" shall include the lessee, or person in possession.

6-6-3 CLEANING SNOW, ICE, AND ACCUMULATIONS. It shall be the duty of the owner to keep sidewalks abutting the owner's property clear of the natural accumulations of snow or ice. If the owner fails to do so within twenty four (24) hours after deposit of accumulation, the Mayor may have the natural accumulations of snow or ice removed without notice to the property owner. The Mayor shall give the Council an itemized and verified statement of the removal costs and a legal description of the property at the next regular Council meeting. The costs shall be reviewed by the Council, and if found correct, shall be assessed against the property as taxes. The City Clerk shall be directed to certify the costs to the County Auditor for collection as provided in Section 364.12 of the Code of Iowa. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2b) and (2e))

6-6-4 MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY. The abutting property owner or owners shall be responsible for the repair, replacement or reconstruction of all broken or defective sidewalks to a safe condition and to maintain in a safe condition all sidewalks in the abutting street right-of-way. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2c))

6-6-5 LIABILITY OF ABUTTING OWNER. As provided in Section 364.14, Code of Iowa, in the event the owner of property abutting any public sidewalk fails or refuses to perform any act required of them by this Ordinance and in the event an action is brought against the City for personal injuries alleged to have been caused by a defect in or the condition of said sidewalk, the City may notify in writing the said abutting owner that it claims the injury was caused by their negligence and/or their failure to repair the defect or eliminate the condition complained of. The notice shall state the pendency of the action, the name of the plaintiff, the name and location of the court where the action is pending, a brief statement of the alleged facts from which the cause arose, that the City believes that the person notified is liable to it for any judgment rendered against the City, and asking the person to appear and defend.

A judgment obtained in the suit is conclusive in any action by the City against any person so notified, as to the existence of the defect or condition or other cause of the injury or damage, as to the liability of the City to the plaintiff in the first named action, and as to the amount of the damage or injury. The City may maintain an action against the person notified to recover the amount of the judgment together with all the expenses incurred by the City in the suit.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.14)

6-6-6 ORDERING SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS. The City Council may order the construction, reconstruction, repair, or replacement of permanent sidewalks upon any street or court. Notice of this order shall be sent to the owner by certified mail. The notice shall include the fact that the owner may request a hearing by the Council within fifteen (15) days or receipt of the notice.

6-6-7 REPAIRING DEFECTIVE SIDEWALKS. It shall be the duty of the abutting property owner at any time, or upon receipt of thirty (30) days' notice from the City, to repair, replace, or reconstruct all broken or defective sidewalks in the abutting street right-of-way. If, after the expiration of the thirty

(30) days as provided in the notice, the required work has not been done or is not in the process of completion, the Mayor shall order the work to proceed to repair, replace, or reconstruct the sidewalk. Upon completion of the work, the Mayor shall submit to the Council an itemized and verified statement of expenditures for material and labor, and the legal description of the property abutting the sidewalk on which work has been performed. These costs shall be assessed to the property as taxes. The City Clerk shall be directed to certify the costs to the County Treasurer for collection as provided in Section 364.12 of the Code of Iowa.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(e))

6-6-8 NOTICE OF INABILITY TO REPAIR OR BARRICADE. It shall be the duty of the owner of the property abutting the sidewalk, or of the contractor or agent of the owner, to notify the City immediately in the event the owner is unable to make necessary sidewalk improvements or to install or erect warnings and barricades as required by this chapter.

6-6-9 STANDARD SIDEWALK SPECIFICATIONS. Sidewalks constructed, repaired, or replaced under the PROVISIONS of this chapter shall be of the following construction and meet the following standards:

1. Portland cement concrete shall be the only material used in the construction and repair of sidewalks unless otherwise authorized by the City Council.

2. Sidewalks shall be on one-course construction.

3. Concrete may be placed directly on compact and well-drained soil. Where soil is not well drained, a four (4) inch sub-base of compact, clean, coarse gravel, sand, or cinders shall be laid.

4. The sidewalk bed shall be graded to the established grade.

5. Residential sidewalks shall be at least four (4) feet wide, or match existing sidewalks, and four (4) inches thick, and each section shall be no more than four (4) feet in length. In the central business district, sidewalks shall extend from the property line to the curb unless the Council shall establish a different distance due to the circumstances. Each section shall be four (4) inches thick and no more than six (6) feet in length and width. All driveway areas shall not be less than six (6) inches in thickness.

6. Residential sidewalks shall be located with the inner edge (edge nearest the abutting private property) on the property line, unless the Council shall establish a different distance due to the circumstances.

7. All elevations of sidewalks are to be established by the City Council.

8. All sidewalks shall slope at least one-quarter (1/4) inch per foot toward the curb, but in no event more than one-half $(\frac{1}{2})$ inch per foot toward the curb.

9. All sidewalks shall have a steel trowel finish followed by a "broom" or a "wood float" finish.

10. Ramps for the disabled. There shall not be less than two (2) curb cuts or ramps per lineal block which shall be located on or near the cross-walks at intersections. Each curb cut or ramp shall be at last thirty (30) inches wide, shall be sloped at not greater than one inch of rise per twelve (12) inches

lineal distance, except that a slope no greater than one inch of rise per eight (8) inches lineal distance may be used where necessary, shall have a nonskid surface, and shall otherwise by so constructed as to allow reasonable access to the crosswalk for physically disabled persons using the sidewalk.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 216C.9)

11. All sidewalk improvements on public property, whether performed by the owner of the abutting property or by the City, shall be performed in accordance with the standard sidewalk specifications set forth in this chapter.

6-6-10 PERMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION OR REMOVAL. No person shall make any sidewalk improvements unless such person shall obtain a permit from the City Clerk. The permit shall state that the person will comply with the Ordinances of the City and with the specifications for sidewalks adopted by the City. All such permits shall be issued without charge and a copy thereof, with the application, shall be filed and preserved in the office of the City Clerk. The permit shall state when the work is to be commenced and when the work is to be completed. The time of completion for the sidewalk improvements may be extended by the City Council. All permits for sidewalk improvements not ordered by resolution of the City Council shall be issued in compliance with this chapter. The City Council may withhold the issuance of any permit for any sidewalk improvements for a sufficient period to determine the necessity for the proposed improvements or when weather conditions will adversely affect the sidewalk improvements.

6-6-11 FAILURE TO OBTAIN PERMIT; REMEDIES. Whenever any sidewalk improvements are made that do not conform to the provisions of this chapter and with the specifications, or when any sidewalk improvements are made without a permit, the Mayor shall serve notice to obtain a permit upon the property owner and upon the contractor doing the work. If the sidewalk is in the course of construction, the notice shall order the work to stop until a permit is obtained and the work is corrected to comply with the specifications. If the sidewalk work has been completed, the owner shall obtain a permit immediately and perform any needed corrections within five (5) days from receipt of the permit. If the owner fails to comply with this notice, the Mayor shall have the work completed and the costs assessed to the property owner as provided in this chapter.

6-6-12 INSPECTION AND APPROVAL. Upon final completion, the Mayor, City Council, or other duly authorized representative, shall inspect the work and may order corrections if the work does not meet specifications. When the work does meet all requirements of this chapter, the specifications, and the permit, the Mayor, City Council, or other duly authorized representative shall indicate this on both copies of the permit.

6-6-13 BARRICADES AND WARNING LIGHTS. Proper warning lights and barricades shall be placed to protect persons from materials, equipment, and dangerous conditions. Placement and maintenance of adequate warnings is the responsibility of the constructor, the owner, and the lessee of the property.

6-6-14 INTERFERENCE WITH SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS. No person shall knowingly or

willfully drive any vehicle upon any portion of any sidewalk or approach thereto while it is in the process of being improved, or upon any portion of any completed sidewalk or approach thereto, or shall remove or destroy any part or all of any sidewalk or approach thereto, or shall remove, destroy, mar, or deface any sidewalk at any time or destroy, mar, remove, or deface any notice or warning device provided by this chapter.

6-6-15 SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR. The City Council may assess the cost of initial construction, improvements, and/or repair of sidewalks in the City according to the special assessment procedures established in Chapter 384, division IV, Code of Iowa. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.38)

6-6-16 NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT FOR REPAIR OR CLEANING COSTS. When the Mayor submits a bill for sidewalk improvements or for removal of accumulations as provided in this chapter, the City Clerk shall send a notice of such facts to the owner of the abutting property. The notice may be given either by personal service or by certified mail to the last known address of the owner. The notice shall contain a statement of the work performed, the cost of the work that is being assessed, a description of the property affected, and the fact that the person may pay the amount assessed within thirty (30) days without interest or penalty. The notice also shall indicate that the person may object to such assessment and given the place and time at which Council will hear such objections. The time set for hearing shall be at least fifteen (15) days after the service or mailing of the notice.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.50)

6-6-17 HEARING AND ASSESSMENT. At the time and place designed in the Notice, the Council shall consider all objections to the assessment, correct all errors or omissions, and adopt a corrected list as the amounts to be assessed against the property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.51)

6-6-18 BILLING AND CERTIFYING TO COUNTY. Thirty (30) days after the Council's decision, the City Clerk shall certify any unpaid amounts to the County Treasurer. The unpaid assessments shall constitute a lien against the property and shall be collected by the County Treasurer in the same manner as other taxes. Any assessment that exceeds \$100 may be paid in installments as set by Council, not exceeding ten, in the same manner and at the same interest rates as for special assessments under Chapter 384, division IV, Code of Iowa. No interest shall be charged for assessments, or parts thereof, paid within thirty (30) days of the time the Council determined the final amounts.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.60)

6-6-19 ADAAG COMPLIANCE. All construction, repair, and maintenance of sidewalks shall comply with Americans with Disabilities Guidelines (ADAAG).

CHAPTER 7 TREES

6-7-1 Definitions

6-7-2 Planting Restrictions

6-7-3 Duty to Trim Trees

6-7-4 Assessment

6-7-5 Trimming Trees to be Supervised

6-7-6 Disease Control

6-7-7 Removal of Trees

6-7-1 DEFINITION. For use in this chapter, "parking" means that part of the street, avenue or highway in the City not covered by sidewalk and lying between the lot line and the curb line; or, on unpaved streets, that part of the street, avenue or highway lying between the lot line and that portion of the street usually traveled by vehicular traffic.

6-7-2 PLANTING RESTRICTIONS. No tree shall be planted in any street or parking except in accordance with the following and with the approval of the City Council:

1. Alignment. All trees hereafter planted in any street shall be planted in the parking midway between the outer line of the sidewalk and the curb. In the event a curb line is not established, trees shall be planted on a line ten (10) feet from the property line.

2. Spacing. Trees shall not be planted on the parking if it is less than nine (9) feet in width, or contains less than eighty-one (81) square feet of exposed soil surface per tree. Trees shall not be planted closer than twenty (20) feet to street intersections (property lines extended) and ten (10) feet to the driveways. If it is at all possible trees should be planted inside the property lines and not between the sidewalk and the curb.

3. Prohibited Trees. No person shall hereinafter plant in any street, any fruit-bearing tree or any tree of the kinds commonly known as cottonwood, poplar, box elder, Chinese elm, evergreen, willow or black walnut.

6-7-3 DUTY TO TRIM TREES. The owner or agent of the abutting property shall keep the trees on, or overhanging the street trimmed so that all branches will be at least fifteen (15) feet above the surface of the street and eight (8) feet above the sidewalks.

6-7-4 ASSESSMENT. If the abutting property owner fails to trim the trees as required in this chapter, the City may serve notice on the abutting property owner requiring him to do so within five (5) days. If he fails to trim the trees within that time, the City may perform the required action and assess the costs against the abutting property for collection in the same manner as a property tax.

6-7-5 TRIMMING TREES TO BE SUPERVISED. Except as allowed in Section 6-7-5, it shall be unlawful for any person to trim or cut any tree in a street or public place unless the work is done under the supervision of the City.

6-7-6 DISEASE CONTROL. Any dead, diseased or damaged tree or shrub which may harbor serious insect or disease pests or disease injurious to other trees is hereby declared a nuisance.

6-7-7 REMOVAL OF TREES. The Mayor, City Council, or other duly authorized representative shall remove, on the order of the Council, any tree on the streets of the City which interferes with the making of improvements or with travel thereon. He shall additionally remove any trees on the street, not on private property, which have become diseased, or which constitute a danger to the public, or which may otherwise be declared a nuisance.

CHAPTER 8 DANGEROUS BUILDINGS

6-8-1	Enforcement Officer	6-8-5	Conduct of Hearing
6-8-2	General Definition of Unsafe	6-8-6	Posting of Signs
6-8-3	Unsafe Building	6-8-7	Right to Demolish
6-8-4	Notice to Owner	6-8-8	Costs

6-8-1 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. The Mayor shall be responsible for the enforcement of this chapter.

6-8-2 GENERAL DEFINITION OF UNSAFE. All buildings or structures which are structurally unsafe or not provided with adequate egress, or which constitute a fire hazard, or are otherwise dangerous to human life, or which in relation to existing use constitute a hazard to safety or health, or public welfare, by reason of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, obsolescence, or abandonment, as specified in this chapter or any ordinance, are, for the purpose of this chapter, unsafe buildings. All such unsafe buildings are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation, demolition, or removal in accordance with the procedure specified in this chapter.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.1 & 364.12[3a])

6-8-3 UNSAFE BUILDING. "Unsafe building" shall mean any structure or mobile home meeting any or all of the following criteria:

1. Collapse of Member. Whenever any portion or member or appurtenance thereof is likely to fail, or to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and thereby injure persons or damage property.

2. Wind Resistance. Whenever any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance or ornamentation on the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored, attached or fastened in place so as to be capable of resisting a wind pressure of twenty (20) pounds per square foot.

3. Material Deterioration . Whenever any portion thereof has wracked, warped , buckled, or settled to such an extent that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to winds or earthquakes than is required in the case of similar new construction.

4. Various Inadequacies. Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of (a) dilapidation, deterioration, or decay; (b) faulty construction; (c) the removal, movement or instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such building; (d) the deterioration, decay or inadequacy of its foundation; or (e) any other cause, is likely to partially or completely collapse.

5. Manifestly Unsafe. Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.

6. Exterior Walls. Whenever the exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fall inside the middle one-third of the base.

7. Deterioration. whenever the building or structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows thirtythree (33) percent or more damage or deterioration of its supporting member or members, or fifty (50) percent damage or deterioration of its non-supporting members, enclosing or outside walls or coverings.

8. Damaged Structurally. Whenever the building or structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake or flood, or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated as to become (a) an attractive nuisance to children; (b) a harbor for vagrants, criminals or immoral persons; or as to (c) enable persons to resort thereto for the purpose of committing unlawful or immoral acts.

9. Inadequate Maintenance. Whenever a building or structure, because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction or arrangement, inadequate light, air or sanitation facilities, or otherwise, is determined by any health officer to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation or in such condition that it is likely to cause sickness or disease.

10. Fire Hazard. Whenever any building or structure, because of obsolescence, dilapidated condition, deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction, faulty electric wiring, gas connections or heating apparatus, or other cause, is determined by the Fire Marshal or Fire Chief to be a fire hazard.

11. Public Nuisance. Whenever any building or structure is in such a condition as to constitute a public nuisance known to the common law or in equity jurisprudence.

12. Abandoned. Whenever any portion of a building or structure remains on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is abandoned for a period in excess of six (6) months so as to constitute such building or portion thereof an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public.

6-8-4 NOTICE TO OWNER. The enforcement officer shall examine or cause to be examined every building or structure or portion thereof reported as dangerous or damaged and, if such is found to be an unsafe building as defined in this chapter, the enforcement officer shall give to the owner of such building or structure written notice stating the defects thereof. This notice may require the owner or person in charge of the building or premises , within forty-eight (48) hours or such reasonable time as the circumstances require, to commence either the required repairs or improvements or demolition and removal of the building or structure or portions thereof, and all such work shall be completed within ninety (90) days from date of notice, unless otherwise stipulated by the enforcement officer. If necessary, such notice shall also require the building, structure, or portion thereof to be vacated forthwith and not re-occupied until the required repairs and improvements are completed, inspected and approved by the enforcement officer.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12 [3])

1. Notice Served. Such notice shall be served by sending by Certified Mail to owner of record, according to Section 364.12[h] of the Code of Iowa, if he shall be found within the City limits. If he is not found within the City limits such service may be made upon said owner by registered mail or certified mail. The designated period within which said owner or person in charge is required to comply with the order of the enforcement officer shall begin as of the date he receives such notice.

2. Hearing. Such notice shall also advise the owner that he may request a hearing before the Council on the notice by filing a written request for hearing within the time provided in the notice.

6-8-5 CONDUCT OF HEARING. If requested, the Council shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the following:

1. Nature. The owner shall be served with written notice specifying the date, time and place of hearing.

2. Owner's Rights. At the hearing, the owner may appear and show cause why the alleged nuisance shall not be abated.

3. Determination. The Council shall make and record findings of fact and may issue such order as it deems appropriate.

6-8-6 POSTING OF SIGNS. The enforcement officer shall cause to be posted at each entrance to such building a notice to read: "DO NOT ENTER. UNSAFE TO OCCUPY. CITY OF JOICE, IOWA." Such notice shall remain posted until the required repairs, demolition, or removal are completed. Such notice shall not be removed without written permission of the enforcement officer and no person shall enter the building except for the purpose of making the required repairs or of demolishing the building.

6-8-7 RIGHT TO DEMOLISH. In case the owner shall fail, neglect, or refuse to comply with the notice to repair, rehabilitate, or to demolish and remove said building or structure or portion thereof, the Council may order the owner of the building prosecuted as a violator of the provisions of this chapter and may order the enforcement officer to proceed with the work specified in such notice. A statement of the cost of such work shall be transmitted to the Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h3)

6-8-8 COSTS. Costs incurred under 6-8-7 shall be paid out of the City treasury. Such costs shall be charged to the owner of the premises involved and levied as a special assessment against the land on which the building or structure is located, and shall be certified to the County Auditor for collection in the manner provided for other taxes.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.l2[3h3)

CHAPTER 9 BUILDING AND LAND USE REGULATIONS

- 6-9-1 Purpose 6-9-13 Prohibited Use 6-9-2 Permit Required 6-9-14 Notice Requirements Application 6-9-3 6-9-15 Front Yard Requirements 6-9-4 6-9-16 Side Yard Requirements Fees 6-9-5 6-9-17 Rear Yard Requirements Amendments 6-9-6 Application Approved 6-9-18 Minimum Size of Dwelling Structure 6-9-7 Restrictions 6-9-19 Garages and Other Accessory Buildings 6-9-8 Condition of the Permit 6-9-20 Fences 6-9-9 Posting of Permit 6-9-21 Existing Lots 6-9-10 Revocation 6-9-22 Certifying Ordinances 6-9-23 Abatement of Violation 6-9-11 Permit Void
- 6-9-12 Restricted Residence District

6-9-1 PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to provide and establish reasonable rules and regulations for the erection, reconstruction and altering of buildings of all kinds, as well as the use and occupancy of such buildings to promote the health, morals, safety and general welfare in the City. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364. 1)

6-9-2 PERMIT REQUIRED. No building or other structure including decks, sheds, roof extensions, porches, fences, etc., shall be erected or reconstructed if such remodeling alters the outside dimensions of the structure without first receiving a permit therefor.

6-9-3 APPLICATION. Application shall be made in writing, filed with the City Council and contain the following information:

- 1. Name. The name and address of the applicant.
- 2. Location. The street address and full legal description of the property.
- 3. Proposed Work. The nature of work proposed to be done.
- 4. Use. The use for which the structure is or will be used.
- 5. Plans. Application for permits shall be accompanied by such drawings of the proposed work, drawn to scale, including such floor plans, sections, elevations, and structural details, as the City Council may require.
- 6. Completion. Estimated date of completion.
- 7. Plot Diagram. There shall also be filed a plot diagram in a form and size suitable for filing permanently with the permit record, drawn to scale, with all dimensions figured, showing accurately the size and exact location of all proposed new construction or, in the case of demolition, of such construction as is to be demolished and of all existing buildings.

6-9-4 FEES. A fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) shall accompany the application.

6-9-5 AMENDMENTS. Nothing shall prohibit the filing of amendments to an application or to a plan or other record accompanying same, at any time before the completion of the work for which the permit was sought. Such amendments, after approval, shall be filed with and be deemed a part of the original application.

6-9-6 APPLICATION APPROVED. It is the duty of the City Council to examine applications for permits within a reasonable time after filing. If, after examination, the Council finds no objection to the same and it appears that the proposed work will be in compliance with the laws and ordinances applicable thereto, the City Council shall issue a permit therefor.

6-9-7 RESTRICTIONS. No permit for the erection, alteration, use or occupancy of a building or similar structure shall be granted unless it definitely appears that such erection, alteration, use or occupancy shall not cause or be the source of the following:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)

- 1. Noise. Any undue noise.
- 2. Electrical Interference. Any undue radio or television interference.
- 3. Odors. Any offensive odors.
- 4. Refuse. Any offensive or unsightly refuse.
- 5. Smoke. Any offensive or undue smoke.
- 6. Fire Hazard. Any fire hazard.
- 7. Appearance. Any unsightliness due to the appearance of any building or structure on the premises.
- 8. Congestion. Any undue gathering, congregating, parking of cars, or undue congestion of people or traffic.
- 9. Other. Any effect which will be obnoxious, offensive, dangerous or injurious to the health, welfare and safety of citizens.

6-9-8 CONDITION OF THE PERMIT. All work performed under any permit shall conform to the approved application and plans, and approved amendments thereof. The location of all new construction as shown on the approved plot diagram, or an approved amendment thereof, shall be strictly adhered to. It is unlawful to reduce or diminish the area of a lot or plot of which a plot diagram has been filed and has been used as the basis for a permit, unless a revised plot diagram showing the proposed change in conditions shall have been filed and approved; provided that this shall not apply when the lot is reduced by reason of a street opening or widening or other public improvement.

6-9-9 POSTING OF PERMIT. A copy of the permit shall be kept on the premises open to public inspection during the prosecution of the work and until the completion of same. The City Council may require a certified copy of the approved plans to be kept on the premises at all times from the commencement of the work to the completion thereof. The City shall be given at least twenty-four (24) hours notice of the starting of work under a permit.

6-9-10 REVOCATION. The City may revoke a permit or approval issued under the provisions of this chapter in case there has been any false statement or misrepresentation as to a material fact in the application or plans on which the permit or approval was based.

6-9-11 PERMIT VOID. The permit becomes null and void if work or construction authorized is not commenced within sixty (60) days, if construction or work is suspended or abandoned for a period of one hundred twenty (120) days at any time after work is commenced, or if work is not completed by the date specified in the permit.

6-9-12 RESTRICTED RESIDENCE DISTRICT. The following area is hereby defined and established as a restricted residence district:

All of Blocks Two (2), Three (3), Four (4), Five (5) and Six (6); Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3), Four (4), Five (5) and Six (6), in Block Seven (7); Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3) and Four (4) in Block Eight (8), Lots Fifteen (15), Sixteen (16), Seventeen (17), Eighteen (18), Nineteen (19), Twenty (20), Twenty-one (21), Twenty-two and Twenty-three (23), in Block Nine (9); Lots Thirteen (13), Fourteen (14), Fifteen (15), Sixteen (16), Seventeen (17) and Eighteen (18), in Block Ten (10); all of Blocks Eleven (11) and Twelve (12); all other land within the corporation limits and outside of the above platted area lying west of a line located due north and south through the center of Main Street to the intersection of Main and Lindon Streets, thence due north through the center of Lindon Street to the north corporate limits.

6-9-13 PROHIBITED USE. No building or other structure, except residences, school houses, churches and other similar structures, shall be erected, altered, used or occupied within the restricted residence district as defined herein without first receiving from the Council a special use permit therefor. No such special use permit shall be issued without the affirmative vote of three-fourths (3/4) of the full Council. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)

6-9-14 NOTICE REQUIREMENTS. Whenever a restricted residence district is established or changed, a public hearing must be held, notice of which shall be given at least seven (7) days in advance in the manner prescribed in Title II, Chapter 6 of this Code of Ordinances. In no case shall the public hearing be held earlier than the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting following the published notice. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)

6-9-15 FRONT YARD REQUIREMENTS. Within the restricted residence district there shall be a front yard of not less than twenty-five (25) feet (measured from the front lot line), except as follows: (Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)

1. Between Existing Buildings. Where a building is to be erected on a parcel of land that is within one hundred (100) feet of existing buildings on both sides, the minimum front yard shall be a line drawn between the closest front corners of the adjacent buildings on the two (2) sides, or

2. Adjacent to Existing Building. Where a building is to be erected on a parcel of land that is within one hundred (100) feet of an existing building an one side only within the same block, such building may be erected as close to the street as a line drawn from the closest front corner of that building to a point twenty-five (25) feet back from the front lot line measured at the center of the lot on which the proposed building is to be erected.

3. Double Frontage. Where lots have a double frontage, the front yard as required herein shall be provided on both streets.

6-9-16 SIDE YARD REQUIREMENTS. Within the restricted residence district no building shall be erected closer than five (5) feet to either side lot line.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)

6-9-17 REAR YARD REQUIREMENTS. Within the restricted residence district there shall be a rear yard provided for each principal building of not less than ten (10) feet.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)

6-9-18 MINIMUM SIZE OF DWELLING STRUCTURE. Within a restricted residential district, no principal dwelling structure shall have a width or length less than twenty-two (22) feet, exclusive of any porches, decks, or entryways.

6-9-19 GARAGES AND OTHER ACCESSORY BUILDINGS. A detached garage or other similar accessory building may be built in a rear yard but such garage or accessory building shall not occupy more than thirty percent (30%) of a rear yard and shall not be nearer than ten (10) feet to any rear lot line, except that accessory structures which measure 10'x10' or less, are exempted from the ten (10) foot setback and may be located no closer than two (2) feet to any rear lot line. Also, a garage or accessory building may be built in a side yard if compliance is made with the same side yard requirements as for the main building.

6-9-20 FENCES. Fences may be erected to a height not exceeding six (6) feet within the boundaries of a lot, except that no such fence shall be erected within thirty (35) feet of the intersection of two (2) street lines. All lines are measured from the center of each appropriate street.

6-9-21 EXISTING LOTS. No yard or lot existing on the effective date of these regulations, shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirements established in this chapter.

6-9-22 CERTIFYING ORDINANCES. Within fifteen (15) days of the effective date of the adoption of any amendments to the provisions of this chapter the Clerk shall certify such amendment to the County Recorder.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380. 11)

6-9-23 ABATEMENT OF VIOLATION. Any building or structure erected, altered, used or occupied in violation of this chapter shall be determined a nuisance and the same may be abated by the City or by any property owner within said district in the manner provided for the abatement of nuisances.

CHAPTER 10 VACATION AND DISPOSAL

6-10-1 Power to Vacate

6-10-2 Notice of Vacation Hearing

6-10-4 Disposal of Streets or Alleys6-10-5 Disposal by Gift Limited

6-10-3 Findings Required

6-10-1 POWER TO VACATE. When, in the judgement of the Council, it would be in the best interest of the City to vacate a street or alley or portion thereof, they may do so in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

6-10-2 NOTICE OF VACATION HEARING. The Council shall cause to be published a notice of public hearing at which time the proposal to vacate shall be considered.

6-10-3 FINDINGS REQUIRED. No street or alley, or portion thereof, shall be vacated unless the Council finds that:

A. Public Use. The street or alley proposed to be vacated is not needed for the use of the public, and therefore, its maintenance at public expense is no longer justified.

B. Abutting Property. The proposed vacation will not deny owners or property abutting on the street or alley reasonable access to their property.

6-10-4 DISPOSAL OF STREETS OR ALLEYS. When in the judgement of the Council it would be in the best interest of the City to dispose of a vacated street or alley, or portion thereof, they may do so by resolution following notice and hearing.

6-10-5 DISPOSAL BY GIFT LIMITED. The City may not dispose of a vacated street or alley, or portion thereof, by gift except to a governmental body for a public purpose.

CHAPTER 11 NUMBERING OF BUILDINGS

- 6-11-1 Buildings to be Numbered
- 6-11-2 Numbering System

6-11-4 Type of Numbers, Size6-11-5 Enforcement

6-11-3 Mandatory Numbering

6-11-1 BUILDINGS TO BE NUMBERED. All buildings now or hereafter erected within the City limits shall be assigned numbers and the owners notified of the assigned number. The owners shall cause the numbers to be placed and maintained on their property.

6-11-2 NUMBERING SYSTEM. Numbers shall be assigned in accordance with the system developed by the City Council.

6-11-3 MANDATORY NUMBERING. The placing of numbers is mandatory.

6-11-4 TYPE OF NUMBERS, SIZE. The numbers shall be conspicuously displayed on the portion of the building or premise which faces the street. All numbers shall be of durable substance and clearly legible.

6-11-5 ENFORCEMENT. If numbers meeting the requirements of this ordinance have not been placed on each building, the City shall cause individual notice to be given to the owner of buildings not numbered, requiring compliance within a reasonable time set in the notice, and if not completed by such time, the City shall cause proper numbers to be installed and the reasonable cost of the installation billed to such owner.

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 1 STREET AND SIDEWALK GRADES

7-1-1 Established Grades

7-1-2 Record Maintained

7-1-1 ESTABLISHED GRADES. The grades of all streets, alleys and sidewalks, which have been heretofore established by ordinance are hereby confirmed, ratified and established as official grades.

7-1-2 RECORD MAINTAINED. The clerk shall maintain a record of all established grades and furnish information concerning such grades upon request.

TITLE VI SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 2 NATURAL GAS FRANCHISE

The Natural Gas Franchise in its entirety is on file in the office of the City Clerk and hereby included by reference.

TITLE VI SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 3 ELECTRIC FRANCHISE

The Electric Franchise in its entirety is on file in the office of the City Clerk and hereby included by reference.

TITLE VI SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 4 CABLE TELEVISION FRANCHISE

7-4-1 Grant of Franchise

7-4-1 GRANT OF FRANCHISE. A nonexclusive right is hereby granted to Winnebago Cooperative Telecom Association, its lessees, successors and assigns, a non-exclusive authority for a period of twenty-five (25) years to construct, operate and maintain a cable television system and all necessary poles, towers, conduits, manholes, wires, cables, fixtures and apparatus over, across and under the right-of-way of the streets and alleys of the City of Joice, Iowa, and over and across and under any private lands therein, for the construction, operation and maintenance of a cable television system in said City and prescribing the terms and conditions under which the said company is to operate, be approved.

Ordinance No. 06-03 adopting a cable television franchise for the City was passed and adopted on the 3rd day of June 2003.

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 5 URBAN RENEWAL

The Urban Renewal Ordinance for the Urban Renewal Area for the City of Joice is contained in its entirety in the Office of the City Clerk and hereby included by reference.